WIND TOTAL

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VOL. XXXIX, NO. 75.

HONOLULU, H. T., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1904-SEMI-WEEKLY,

WHOLE No. 2625,

POETIGAL

What is Doing in Fourth and Fifth.

Not for many years has Honolulu seen so much excitement prior to an important political convention as has been experienced this week. At every street corner, and at quarter spaces between the corners, politicians, statesmen and in little knots wire-pulling for their friends who have aiready proclaimed themselves as candidates and for those more timid who would like to be candi-

For the Senate there are three vacancies, to fill the expiring terms of Senators Brown, Crabbe and Kalauokalani. The Republicans hope to elect all three of their successors and, as the indications are that this will be a great Republican year, the Republicans have wisely determined to put good men in the field, thus strengthening their prospects of success. Crabbe has retired from the Legislative field content with the laurels he has gained, and is now droping to distinguish himself in some Federal or Territorial office. Cecil Brown, who has served the Territory under the monarchy, under the provisaonal government and under the United States flag, seems to have lost some of his popularity with the workers of the Republican party. His friends, however, have made a gallant fight for him and

torial candidate from the Fourth. On the other hand, the friends of E. Faxon Bishop and Dowsett are both posed by men like Alex. Robertson and Frank Thompson, with the support of Plumber Quinn thrown in. The only weal sign of discord evident last night was in the Ninth precinct of the Fifth district which has a candidate for senatorial honors, Ned Adams, in opposition to John Lane. it is conceded on all sides that Lane is by far the stronger party man and that he can secure and hold a good many more votes in the

the place of Jack Dowsett as the Sena-

Fifth than Adams will be able to do.

As it happens the Ninth of the Fifth is Governor Carter's home precinct, and of course there are some who attribute to him the opposition to Lane, notwithstanding the fact that the Governor personally selected Lane as a member of the Board of Health as one of the most likely young Hawaiians in the Territory and because of Lane's excellent conduct when he was defeated in convention nearly a year ago. The Governor has always looked favorably upon Lane and has great hopes for his future career, so that it is unjust to attribute to him any of the antagonism that has

HIGGINS FOR **GOVERNOR**



HON FRANK W. HIGGINS, RE- 👗 PUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 15 .-The Republicans in State, Convention here today nominated F. W. Higgins as their candidate for Governor. The nomination was pranimous. Lieut Gov. Woodruff withdrawing before the bal- $\frac{1}{1600}$

at least one Hawaiian on the senatorial ticket as a representative of the Republican party, and Lane, if elected would always be a valuable factor in harmonizing any difficulties that might possibly occur in conference committee

Jack Atkinson, who is also on Maui with the Governor, is another resident of the Ninth precinct of the Fifth district, but he has had no share in the present preliminaries. What has continued the Ninth precinct's antagonism to Lane more than anything else has been the aspirations of candidates for the House of Representatives in the Fourth district as well as the Robertson-Thomp-son campaign for Brown. In the Fourth precinct of the Fourth district, for instance, there was recently a new shuffle, Quinn being elected president of the club. Quinn at that time declared that he had no political ambition whatever but was merely responding to a call to duty from the custom house men who run the Fourth. But his first political victory seems to have inspired Quinn with higher ambitions, for he next felt that duty called him to a seat in the Central Committee and then a voice within him whispered Executive Committee. Failing in both of these laudable aspirations Quinn's army of work ers and his inner conscience have been the would-bes have been busily grouped pushing him toward the House, a rapid ascendency from his intention, avowed a few weeks ago, of wanting nothing more than the precinct presidency. But in order to reach the House, Quinn has found it necessary to trade his entire recinct strength, which he claims to hold in his waistcoat pocket, with supporters of Cecil Brown.

Whether Quint will throw down Bishop or Dowsett for Brown is not yet certain and it is said to be immaterial to him so long as he can work off his vest-pocket delegation in return for an equal or larger number of votes from other precincts, which he hopes will land him in the House. This scheme is attributed by some to Senator Crabbe, who always had the support of the custom house men and is said to have made a temporary loan of it to the new president of his precinct. Others aver that Alex. Robertson is responsible for the whole scheme. Be this as it may, Delegate Quinn may find something developing in the convention and see some of his vest-pocket delegates tumbling out upon the floor and standing upon their own feet. Another precinct sup-porting Cecil Brown is the Eighth of the Fourth and he also has friendly stragglers in other quarters. Samuel Chillingworth's friends do not take of the more independent of them.

Those who are figuring on any skulk ing among the delegates of the Ninth precinct of the Fifth district will be disappointed, and no seductive suggestions vorites even though they have been op-Lane should be chosen leader of the Fifth district then the Ninth precinct's delegates would not flirt with any of the friends from Cecil Brown's camp. The Hawaiian vote will be polled strong for Lane and he will add materialy to the support given to Bishop and Dowsett for, at a late hour last night, the opinion was strongly gaining ground that the Brown boom had collapsed. Those of his friends who realize this will naturally jump into the band wagon, so that tonight's convention is likely to be harmonious unless some of the more strict Republican leaders think that Quinn should be taught a lesson.

The story is going about that Mc-Cants Stewart aspires to succeed Gear in the Judgeship and hopes for the joint recommendation of Governor Carter and the Republican National Committee. Stewart expected, when he went away, to speak in Minnesota and the adjacent states, but a letter received yesterday from the National Committee headquarters states that he will be sent among the southern negroes.

Following are the results of the Non Partisan convention on Maul:

SENATORS.

Jaz. L. Coke (elected)......24 Wm. White (elected)......25 Kaive (retired in favor of Coke).....24 REPRESENTATIVES.

G. W. P. Kaulmakaole (elected).....20

W. F. Hardy16

A. Forsythe10

G. H. Kekapai 4

D. K. Kahaulelio15

D. H. Kahaulelio (elected)...........20 G. M. Mahinui 8

arisen in the Ninth of the Fifth, especially when the Governor is absent and ignorant of what is being done by his own precinct delegates. It is well known that he felt that there should be as least one Hairaillan on the same residual. VANCOUVER

Japanese Said to Have Lost 40,000 In One Day's Fighting---Halifax Has a Narrow Escape.

VICTORIA, Sept. 16.—His Majesty's shap Grafton, flagship of the station, has returned to port. She brings the news that the Russian auxiliary cruiser Korea is off the station coast of Vancouver sian auxiliary cruiser Korea is off the station of t island and is expected to arrive at Requimalt. The Grafton has "In appearance he is tall and stately, been docked for a hasty cleaning, the Flora is ready for sea and being of the blond type, having blue the Shearwater is ashore.

The British North Pacific squadron, which is now watching the movements of the Russian auxiliary critiser Korea is composed of the cruisers Grafton and Flora and the sloop-of-war Shearwater. The Grafton is the flagship. The Shearwater is known in this port He is a young lawyer of prepossessing having been here for a few days during December, 1902.

WANT TO CORRAL CREWS

SHANGHAI, Sept. 16.—The Japanese are determined to frustrate the departure of the crews of the Askold and Grozovoi.

LENA'S MEN MUST REEP OUT.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—It is unlikely that the officers and crew of the dismantled Russian cruiser Lena will be permitted to take further part in the war.

ARMIES TAKING A REST.

ST PETERSBURG, Sept. 16.—The resumption of hostilities in the vicinity of Mukden is improbable within a month,

immense losses of life.

MUKDEN, Sept. 16.—The panic has been allayed, business is resumed and the declaration is made that the Japanese lost 40,000 killed and wounded in one day's fighting. Twelve thousand Russian wounded are being the woulder our being bester in the considerate

WHEN THE WAR IS OVER

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The Japanese intend transferring the whole of the Liaotong peninsula to China, making Port Arthur an

ARTERNOON REPORT.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 15 - General Stoessel reports that the Japanese are constructing fortifications near Port Arthur and are continuing the bombardment. They have also issued a proclamation demanding the surrender of the forts,

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 15.—The request of the captain of the Russian cruiser Lena for permission to dismantle has been granted. President Roosevelt orders the vessel disarmed at Mare Island and held there until the end of the war. The officers and men are to be given liberty on parole until a decision has been reached regarding the disposition of them.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 14.- A report that the Chinese are preparing to occupy the territory conquered by the Japanese is causing uneasiness here.

CHINESE BUILDING ENTRENCHMENTS.

CHEFOO, Sept. 14.—Three hundred thousand Chinese are engaged upon Japanese entrenchments between Port Arthur and ered of a son. Dalny.

LENA MAY BE LAID UP.

SAN FRANCISCO, Stpt. 14.—It is believed that the Russian cruiser Lena will be interned

WANT INTERVENTION.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 14.—The Inter-Parliamentary Union in ses sion here has passed resolutions urging the powers to intervene in the present war and asking President Roosevelt to use his influence towards having the quarrel referred to The Hague tribunal.

NO ALARMIST NEWS.

ST PETERSBURG, Sept. 14.-The Government has received no official advices tending to confirm the alarmist stories now affoat. The only fact of interest is that rains are suspending the campaign. JAPANESE ARE NEARING MUKDEN.

MUKDEN, Sept. 14.—The Japanese are within twenty-one miles of this city.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 15.-Gen. Kuropatkin's official report attributes the loss of Liaoyang to Gen. Orloff's failure to hold a vital point. Kuropatkin estimates the Russian losses in the battle at 3000 killed and 12,000 wounded. The report restores Kuropat-

kin's prestige here. JAPAN'S VOLUNTEER FLEET.

TOKIO, Sept. 15.- Japan has decided to organize a fleet to protect the national shipping. The expense will be borne by public subscription.

degree, and who is the president and faculty of numerous colleges and universities, has been called upon by the Assistant Attorney General for the Postoffice Department to show cause why he should not be debarred from the use of the United States mails.

Farr's case has been under considera-WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.-Dr. Will- tion in the department for several weeks. liam Farr, who has scattered LL D, de- and three or four of the most expert on (elected).... grees broadcast throughout the length postal sharps have been working up and breadth of the land at so much a evidence which tends to show that Farr

has been operating in violation of the fraud provisions of the postal laws. The youthful college president—he is about 30 years of age—will be heard on the 31st inst., if he puts in an appearance, and at the same time it is expected that the complainants will also

Farr has been conducting the "Uni-versity of Washington" in this city for some time, and public attention was first directed toward it some weeks ago, when a protest against the use of the name by Farr was entered. Among the institutions which Farr is said to have conducted at various times are the Omaha University, the Oklohoma University, the Chattanooga College of aw, the Nashville College of Law, the Nashville College, the National College of Law, and later the American College of Law, the Washington University, the George Washington University and the University of Washington.

More than 20,000 men and women have received "degrees" from these socalled colleges and universities, if credence may be placed in the statements of former associates. From all that can lature, reported last evening at a meetbe learned, the enterprising Dr. Farr

eyes, light brown hair, fair complexion and fine, well cut features; is about 6 feet in height, weighs 180 bounds, is erect in stature, possessing a fine, manly physique and good address; is fond of music, reading, amusements and loves the beautiful, the true and the good. qualities, sterling worth, irreproachable character, profound judgment, a wise and efficient councillor, with excellent business ability; an able writer, a conscientious law instructor, a deep thinker and an entertaining platform lecturer; having a fascinating disposition, he has a tact for making friends; his ideals of honesty and integrity are high, and he does not hesitate in doing what he believes to be honorable and right, even at the cost of losing many friends."

THE LAST HOURS OF

A letter from Dresden, received here by friends of the late Mrs. Mackintosh, contains the following account of her death: Dresden, Ang. 25, 1904. Yesterday atternoon at 6 o'clock Mrs.

Mackintosh was taken from us. She died of apoplexy and had not a moment's pain or any consciousness of her illness. She had been out shopping with Bertha and Marie and at 12 o'clock I her at the dressmaker's looking regal in her new velvet dress. At one as she does, the most heavenly o'clock they came home and her head, sion of peace on her face. which had been aching for some days, was very bad. She undressed, lay down on the bed, was very sick and at once fell into a sort of sleep, from which she never regained consciousness. The doctor was sent for at once and she was sick at intervals. He said it was a week on the Manchurla, was accomslight stroke to keep her absolutely panied by her mother, Mrs. Tuck, who still and not raise her head. They sent is visiting her at Diamond Head.

CRAWFORD

Chinese Would Make Legislator Out of Him.

The committee appointed by the Chinese voters of the Territory to consult with the Republican district committee concerning the former's desire to have a representative in the next Legisidea of placing a candidate in the race during the coming campaign, claiming that the Chinese were not prepared to insure its nominee being elected.

After it was moved and seconded that a Chinese candidate be named. Ng Mon War jumped to his feet and announced himself as an aspirant for the honor. The house then called upon William Crawford, asking him whether he was willing to run for the legislature. Mr. Crawford gave his consent stating that he had already been assured of outside support. Thereupon ensued a friendly debate between the two aspirants, each modestly claiming the other to be the better qualified. Mon War finally put an end to the matter by withdrawing in favor of Crawford, who was thereupon unanimously endorsed as candidate for the lower House.

William Kwai Fong was also asked to run, but he declined. During the meeting the Republican platform and the nominee for Congress, Prince Kuhio, were heartly en-

for him again about four as she was breathing strangely. He came after 5 p. m. She passed away without a struggie at 6 o'clock. The evening before Bertha had a little supper for them and Aunt Lillie was the life of the party-full of fun and looking so well and

happy.

She in going to be taken to the beautiful church this afternoon and the service. will be some time on Friday. Aenes will be here on Friday morning. We telegraphed at once and had her answer last evening before eleven.

I never saw anyone look so beautiful

Mr. Mackintosh is quite stunned. He keeps saying: "I knew it was coming. I felt this dreadful darkness on my heart."

Mrs. H. Holmes, who returned last

BIRTH OF A CROWN PRINCE OF ITALY

RACCONIGI, Italy, Sept. 16 .- Queen Helene has been deliv-

The birth of a son to the young Queen Helene of Italy will be an occasion of great rejoicing there for the two former children of King Victor Emanuel and Queen Helene are girls. The Princess Yolande Margherita was born at Rome on June 1, 1901. On Nov. 19, 1902, the Princess Mafaloa was born.

THE ATLANTIC COAST HAS AUTUMNAL STORM

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—There is a great storm on the Atlantic coast. A number of lives and much property have been lost. Several ships have been wrecked.

DEMOCRATIC PARTY CHIEFS CONFERRING IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.-Judge Parker is here conferring with Hill, Davis and Lamont about his letter of acceptance and the Gubernatorial fight.

HALIFAX HAS A NARROW ESCAPE FROM BURNING

HALIFAX, Sept. 15 .-- A fire on the waterfront caused the loss of half a million dollars to shipping. The wind was high and dynamiting was resorted to to save the city.

JURY CUTS DOWN FEES

George Davis' Vision of Wealth Dwindles.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

Two hundred dollars were awarded to George Davis by a jury yesterday as the amount he may be entitled to for services rendered to Mrs. Nobrega in her action for divorce against S. Nobrega. The jury was out about twenty minutes. Davis sued for \$500/ the sum which was noted in a contract between Davis, as attorney and Mrs. Nobrega as client, he waiving all claim to any sum over \$500 although the terms of the contract were that he received one-half of all moneys she might receive over \$4,000. The contention of Mrs. Nobrega was that she did not understand the contract as drawn up.

The case was heard in Judge Robinson's court and with Davis as his own attorney with Lorrin Andrews and Frank Andrada arrayed against him as attorneys for Mrs. Nobrega the jury and spectators did not lack for high links.

During the cross-examination Davis by Andrews, the jury was treated to a diversion when Davis said:

I am suspicious of Andrews, and Andrews is suspicious of me, and neither of us has confidence in the

When the attorneys took their turns before the jury and presented their arguments, Davis took occasion to pay his respects again to Andrews.

"My professional standing in this community," said he, "will bear the searchlight of truth and justice, and it will show up as well as that of Lorrin Andrews. They (Andrews and Andrade) came in like eavesdroppers and sneaked into the case, not like honorable men. I never had trouble before with a client. Lorrin Andrews tried to exterminate me from the profession of which I am a member, but I tell you I have never been charged with overcharging anybody before."

The juny comprised A. L. Soule, Arthur Johnstone, H. P. Benson, Sam Kamakau, Lewis C. King, Harry C. Wilder, H. C. Carter, Wm. F. Erving, Samuel Nowlein, Norman Watkins, Percy Lishman, L Bray.

FREEDOM WAS SHORTLIVED.

Hayashida, the alleged Walaius murderer, enjoyed a brief bit of freedom yesterday morning. It was very brief, for after he had walked out of Judge Gear's courtroom on the order of a nolle prosequi entered by the court, the bewildered man wandered slowly down the stails and into the waiting arms of a police officer. Shortly afterward Chester Doyle of the Attorney General's Department, came over from the Capitol with a new warrant for nis arrest. When the court was convened yes-

terday morning, with the jury present, M. F. Prosser for the Territory moved that a nolle prosequi be entered against the prisoner as owing to a typographical error in the indictment the murder was alleged to have been committed at Waipahu, Oahu, instead of at Waialua, Oahu. The order was granted. Mr. Cathcart for the defense asked that the judge explain to the prisoner that he should not raise his hopes too high. The judge said that was not necessary.

The new indictment charges Hayashida with committing murder at Walalua. The case was continued until Thursday and the trial jurors were excused until that time.

SUPREME COURT DENIES.

Decision in the matter of the Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Company vs. Wailuku Sugar Company was rendered yesterday by the Supreme Court, wherein the motion for a rehearing, asked by the defendant company was denied. The text of the decision is signed by Chief Justice Frear and Circuit Judge Matthewman, sitting in place of Justice Hartwell, Circuit Judge Robinson for Justice Hatch concurring. In its syllabus the court says: "A motion for a rehearing based on the ground that the court erred in holding 'prescription rights' were intended in those decisions to include all appurtenant rights and that it otherwise failed to follow those decisions, is denied-the contentions not being sustained by the decisions."

Fourteen grounds were set forth in the motion for a rehearing. Judge Robinson in a concurring opin.

ion savs: As, in my judgment, this court, in its decision of the case at bar (15 Haw. 675) not only did not overlook any, but, without exception, fully considered all of the many points raised by counsel for respondent in its petition for rehearing, I concur in the order denying respondent's motion for rehearing. I also concur in what is contained in the opinion of the Chief Justice in reference to the meaning and scope of the term "prescriptive rights," as used and employed in both the Lonoses and "plea in bar" decisions.

DEFENDANTS ABSENT, ' Return of summons in the action of John A. Cummins vs. J. O. Carter, et al, bill for cancellation of trust deed, has been made by Deputy Sheriff Mo-Gurn, John T. Walker and Flora Hiram, two of the defendants could not be served as they are now restents respectively of the Mainland of the United States and Japan, but certified copes were left at their former residences in Honolulu, with relatives.

THE HIGHWAY CASE. In the case of the Territory vs. William McCandiess, bill to restrain obstruction of highway (extending from King street to the rice mili of Y. Ahin) Judge De Bolt yesterday overruled the demurrer of respondent that the allegations are insufficient, "inas-much as the manner whereby the alleged highway was established is not set forth," and gives respondent five days in which to answer.

MRS. WARREN DIVORCED.

Judge Gear yesterday granted the ibel for divorce brought by Laura Warren against H. R. Warren, the allegations begin proven. The custody of the minor child was awarded to the mother who is to bear the costs of the

COURT NOTES.

Defendant in the case of The Oriental Life Insurance Company, Ltd. vs. C. Winam, defendant, Bishop & Co. and the Bank of Hawail, Ltd., garnishees, is given ten days in which to answer the amended complaint.

Lono Keanini was yesterday granted a divorce from John Keanini. The latter is a member of the police force. The former wife alleging him to be brutal in his conduct toward her.

The case of the Territory vs. Haguchi on appeal from the District Court was moved on the calendar, and or motion of the Territory was nolle prosequied.

In the case of Nakamura vs. Naka mura, bill for maintenance, the case was continued until answer is filed.

Confirmation of sale in the case of the First American Savings Bank vs. Mary J. Montano was made, C. A. Long presenting the Commissioner's eport. The property was a tract in upper Manoa Valley beyond the Castle premises. Long moved for the entrance of a deficiency judgment which was opposed by Attorney Lightfoot acting for Mrs. Montano.

The case of the Territory vs. Emme May was continued until October 18. One Matsumoto has filed suit in the Circuit Court against the Kapiolani Estate for \$1109.30 allegedly due for work and services in carting dirt from the corner of King and Alakea streets where the Kapiolani building now stands.

Mrs. Ellen Dwight, widow of the late Charles B. Dwight, has petitioned to the Circuit Court for letters of administration on her deceased husband's estate. The statement of property shows there is a homestead in Desha lane valued at \$4500, land at Mokaula, \$500; personal property, \$1200; and a life insurance policy for \$7,500. Besides the widow there are seven heirs, namely, Bernice, Samuel, Allen, George, Joseph, James and Charles.

A divorce was granted yesterday by Judge De Bolt in favor of the libeliant in the case of Maile Keawe vs. Matilda Keawe, the husband getting the custody of the children. A long thirst attributed to Mrs. Keawe was the ground upon which the divorce was

UNNECESSARY EXPENSE .- Acute attacks of colic. cholers, morbus and dysentery come on without warning and prompt relief must be obtained. There is no necessity of incurring the expense of a physician's service in such cases if Chamberlain's Colic. Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is at hand. A dose of this remedy will relieve the patient before a doctor could arrive. It has never been known to fail, even in the most severe and dangerous cases. Sold by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for Hawaii.

Heavy Begistration.

Superintendent McVeigh of the Leper Settlement stated yesterday that the registration at the Settlement on the irst day was 308.

THE WORRIED WOMEN.

• They say men must work and women must weep; but alss, in this too busy world women often have to work and weep at the same time. Their holidays are too few and their work heavy and monotonous. It makes them nervous and irritable. The depressed and worried woman loses her appetite and grows thin and feeble. Once in a while she has spells of palpitation and has to lie up for a day or two. If some disease like influenza or malarial fever happens to prevail she is almost certain to have an attack of it, and that often paves the way for chronic troubles of the throat, lungs and other organs; and there is no saying what the end may be. Let the tired and overladen woman rest as much as possible; and, above all, place at her command a bottle of

WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION s true and sure remedy for the ills and maladies of women. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curstive properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. Search the world over and you will find nothing to equal it. Taken before meals it improves the nutritive value of ordinary foods by making them easier to assimilate, and has carried hope and good cheer into thousands of homes. It is absolutely reliable and effective in Nervous Dyspepsia, Impaired Nutrition, Low Vitality, Wasting Conditions, Melancholy, Chlorosis, Scrofula, and all troubles of the Throat and Lungs. Dr. E. J. Boyes says: "I have found it a preparation of great merit. In a recent case a patient gained nearly twenty pounds in two months' treatment, in which it was the principal remedial agent." It carries the guarantee

of reliability and cannot fail or

disappoint you. At chemists.

COOK WILL HELP OUT

to Bring People Here.

One of the most gratifying incidents of the work of Secretary Boyd of the Hawaii Promotion Committee, while in San Francisco, was to receive the assurance of the Thos. Cook & Sons agency in San Francisco, that the great tourist company would resume personally conducted tours of Hawaii. These tours were discontinued a few years ago, but for a year correspondence has been carried on with the company to induce it to take the matter up again, and up to a few weeks since it had refused.

Thos. Cook & Sons will now advertise a tour to Hawaii, and if it should be popular they will multiply tours accordingly.

During the secretary's stay in San Francisco, he found that most of the Knights Templar had arrived with tickets in personally conducted groups, and in most cases they were to return eastward via the St. Louis Exposition. In fact, to see the Exposition was only a part of the project of buying tickets at reduced rates to San Francisco and

Hawaiian literature was distributed on the trains while the Templars were coming westward, and at the various state and territory headquarters maintained in San Francisco during the conclave the literature was given a thorough distribution. It was also distri-

The San Francisco office of the Hawaii Promotion Committee ceases today. It was organized for the purpose of working in with the various railway and steamship companies, and has been quite successful in that there is a distinct change of feeling among the railway and steamship men toward Hawaii. The transcontinental lines, according to Mr. Boyd, now seem to be eager to be of service to Hawaii. Their faith in the travel this way is proven by the fact that at least two of the big railroad lines are considering establishing branch offices in Honolulu.

Mr. Jennifer, who was the committee's representative in San Francisco

will be transferred to Los Angeles. Mr. Boyd states that there does not seem to be any immediate or good prospect of a substantial reduction in steamship fares. There has been a concession, however, which promises to be of some one selling. their five offices -New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and San Francisco and in the Hawaii Promotion Committee's office in Los Angeles-to register parties of fifteen at the party rate of \$110 each person. Mr. Stokes, Pacific Coast Manager for the Cooks, is strongly of the opinion that no sailing, pernaps, will occur without their agency being able to fill up a party, although

not personally conducted. The Promotion Committee has received a letter from the Cook's agency in Bombay, India, requesting the forward-ing of information on Hawaii. The writer cited a circular letter sent out from Hawaii in 1892, saying that any inquiries on Hawaii would be answered. On this showing the Bombay agency

based its present inquiry. None of the railroad and steamship officials in San Francisco believed that there would be much travel westward during the next few months, owing to the presidential campaign.

HAWAIIAN PINES

Hawaiian pineapples from the famous Wahlawa Colony on this island have been shipped to New York, Washington and New England cities with perfect success, and orders are filed which have more than taken up the available crop, for the pineapple season is about over.

Byron O. Clark, who began the movement to ship island pines to Eastern cities, is gratified over the success of the first season and believes that during the coming winter Hawalian pineapples will have a great vogue all over the East. One lot of pineapples were shipped to the chief of the Pomological Bureau of the Department of Agriculture at Washington. The chief reparts the pineapples having been received in excellent condition and he pronounces the quality as being almost ungurpassed.

In fact every shipment of pines has meant a return order. The Hotel St. Francis in San Francisco, receives a shipment by every steamer,

Police Court News.

M. Souza was fined \$200 and costs in police court perferday for selling liquor without a license. S. Kapae, who pilfered coal got ten days. Louis P. De nuisance, was discharged.

Famous Tourist Agency Island Statutes In Washington Demand.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3-

Further immigration legislation, especially the restriction thereof, has been broached considerably within the last week in connection with the Presidential campaign. Chairman Babcock of the Republican Congressional committee, who came over from New York for a day recently, sounded a distress call about the control of the next House. It is not believed the Republican control of the House is at all in danger, for the party securing the Presidency has always had control of the House elected that year, with the exception of the exceptional year of 1876 when many claim the presidency. One of the reasons Mr. eral weeks. Babcock gave of the necessity for a Republican House for the first two years of the next administration was that the ters his plaint so as to scare moneyed men to giving fat campaign contributions. But in other quarters the demand for immigration legislation is voiced. Some of the influential weeklies, pub-It may be quite forgotten, save by a buted on the trains eastward-bound so few of those immediately interested, that it would be carried into the eastern after the election but because of the vital importance of such matters in Hawaii should not be overlooked.

IMMIGRATION.

A year and more ago when the immigration laws were revised, it was generally announced that that concluded immigration legislation for a considerable time. The large transportation interests will be averse to the opening of the question again and it would be pracchanges in the existing statutes at the coming, or short session of Congress, which adjourns by constitutional limitation March 4 next. Should the subject be opened in the Fifty-ninth Congress, which is the Congress to be elected this fall—as far as the House is con-cerned—the struggle to enact an educational qualification would undoubtedly be renewed. It is barely possible that some of the Republican agitation of the question just at present is purely political. The Chicago convention last June aid. There has been in existence for failed to reinsert the plank of its 1900 years a party rate of \$110 for round trip convention declaring for the restriction of fine and imprisonment by the federal tickets to be sold for fifteen persons on of immigration. This omission has been court in St. Louis, is in Washington at The steamship companies siezed upon by Democratic politicians present. He walked up Fifteenth Street Sons to accept registrations in each of are not heeding the interests of organized labor as strenuously as it might. The charge is even made that the omisfrom the big transportation companies. If that be the fact, it is all the more. improbable that further immigration

HAWAIIAN STATUTES.

ment, through which passes all business with the Hawaiian Territorial government, says it is surprising how many requests come to the department regarding the statutes enacted by the Territorial Legislature. These inquiries come from many different States. The lation. department requires the Territorial government to forward here copies of the statutes enacted at each session of the Legislature, one set for the use of the Interior Department, one set for the House of Representatives, and one set for the Senate. In fact the law requires that. But in addition Mr. Acker has requested that one additional set be forwarded, which he sends to the Con-HAVE CAUGHT ON gressional library, so that the laws of Hawaii can be accessible to anyone who chooses to go there for them. It would be an excellent idea, if the

Territorial authorities would send copies arge libraries and especially to the libraries in the several large cities," said Mr. Acker this afternoon, when I suggested that possibly a way could be found to do as much. "The Territory could be placed on the exchange list of many of the big libraries and receive certain publications in return. But the thief advantage would be in affording to nquirers ready access to this information. There is, of course, very general lack of knowledge about the laws of the Tetritory. When the Territory was seeking to sell its bonds a few months ago we had an account request from New Territory. When the Territory was ago we had an urgent request from New York one day for copies of certain Territorial laws regarding the legislation authorizing those bonds. Prospective purchasers in New York of those bonds wired their agent here in Washington to get for them the exact language of

"But that is only one of many instances. Requests for information about Hawaiian statutes are coming in here from time to time and, of course, it is to the advantage of the Territory to make such information easily accessible. It would help us greatly if it were possible to inform inquirers that copies of the statutes could be found in the libraries at Boston, New York, Chicago, Milwaukee. San Francisco, and other cities. What is true of Hawaii in that particular is also true of Porto Rico." progress had been made since Gov. Car- come.

ter's visit to Washington towards adjusting the claims of British subjects in

"We are trying," said he, "to arrange for a commission to adjust the several cross claims between this country and Great Britain. If that effort is successful, the commission will take up and give consideration to the claims in Hawaii in common with other claims between the two countries." INDEPENDENT OF CONGRESS

The bill introduced in the House at the last session of Congress by Representative Spalding, of North Dakota, providing for the elimination from Section 55 of the organic act of the words "without the approval of Congress" has been favorably recommended by Acting Gov. Atkinson. In a letter to Secretary Hitchcock, Mr. Atkinson apologizes for the delay in reporting on the bill, which in effect allows the Territorial Legislature to pass acts of incorporation without the approval of Congress. Mr. At-kinson expresses his belief that the interests of all concerned in acts of in-corporation can be as fully conserved ythe Legislature as elsewhere.

Mr. Spalding, when Congress con venes again, will probably press the bill before the House Committee on Territories, of which he is a member, and

also before the House itself.

No action has yet been taken by the State Department in the case of the overtaking a luckless Kanaka for the Hawaiian Chinaman Chunk K. Ai, who theft of an old Panama hat. The Kalaims that he is a native born American nake, in custody of Delaware's United citizen. This is the dullest season of the year in Washington, as has been told in previous letters. Practically no work of importance is being done in the departments and most of the cabinet members and assistant secretaries are away ceptional year of 1876 when many claim It is not likely that a decision in the that Tilden, not Hayes, was entitled to case of Chunk will be reached for sev-

BERIBERI.

Surgeon General Wyman of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Bureau cised over the nat save for the facu has published in the weekly bulletin of that it was abstracted from a govern-Republicans wanted to pass immigration that bureau an account of a case of beri-ment postoffice. legislation. The belief, in well informed beri on the bark Fooling Suey which quarters, is that Chairman Babcock ut- arrived with a cargo of sugar at Delaware Breakwater after a voyage of 146 days from Honolulu, via Kahului. The bark carried a crew of 14 all told. Pass-ed Assistant Surgeon Lavinder reported that, upon boarding the vessel, he learned a death had occurred among the crew some of the influential weeklies, publat sea July 10, "the cause of which the lished in New York, join in the cry, master thought to be beriberi. The history of the case confirmed, in my opinidisease, and several others complaining continent. of some of the early symptoms of the disease, but with no physical evidences thief what he had done, and he proof it. Glandular examination was made of the crew, and, nothing suspicious being found, the vessel was granted prati-The one well-developed case was admitted to the hospital at this station hat had vanished, and investigation for treatment. All others proceeded with the vessel the next day bound for has lost a letter in the mails and has Philadelphia.

tically impossible to enact any important hospital at this station displayed as his most marked symptoms and signs general oedema (anasarca), disturbed cardiac action, urgent dyspnoea, tenderness with an island inspector. Then the inof calf muscles, and muscular weakness. Since his admission he has progressed very favorably and is rapidly improving.

A patent has been granted to Henry G. Ginaca and H. O. C. Isenberg, of Honolulu, for an invention on a valve. BURTON OSTRACIZED.

Senator Burton, of Kansas, one of the special committee that visited Hawaii two years ago and now under sentence personal matters. He has secured a writ of error on which there will be ly out of politics now, although still holding his commission as United States legislation will be undertaken during the Senator, Mr. Burton finds himself os- of the American government became a next Congress.

The secret service tracized in Washington, as well as in factor in this story. The secret service Kansas. Should the verdict of the department is a terrible affair, as more court be set aside and he be ultimately than one offender against the federal Chief W. B. Acker, of the Miscella- acquitted, he would undoubtedly insist laws can testify, and it never stops neous division of the Interior Depart- on resuming his seat in the Senate. In until it has turned in a report of asany event, however, his usefulness as a much as possible accomplished. And Senator is at an end and, even if he re- the secret service department doesn't mains as a member of the Senate Com- particularly care whether the crime of mittee on Pacific Islands and Porto the offender be in the ethical nature of Rico, he will never again figure as an petty larceny or murder, so long as it is influence in matters of Hawaiian legis- set upon his heels. The article stolen

FRIENDS OF HAWAIL

Senator Foraker, chairman of the Pacific Islands Committee, who has so frequently befriended Hawaii in Congress and elsewhere, has been frequently in and out of town this summer. He is campaign and after the middle of September will be on the stump considerably. One of his first speeches will be at Parkersburg, W. Va., at the opening of the Republican state campaign.

Representative Hitt, of Illinois, one of the good friends of Hawaii in Congress and a member of the commission of the acts of the Legislature to the that visited the islands and helped frame the organic law, has been very ill at Bar Harbor. At times his life has been despaired of. He has been improving a little of late, but his health has broken probably permanently. Mr. Hitt is now nearly 71 years old. He was renominated for a twelfth successive term in Congress by the Thirteenth Illinois District Republicans some weeks ago. ERNEST G. WALKER.

JOS, CHAMBERLAIN

Mr. Kettlewell, a through 'passenger on the Sierra for the Colonies, had an opportunity while in London recently to obtain an interview with Joseph Chamberlain, leader of the Tariff Reform Party. He states that although Mr. Chamberlain is almost seventy years of age, he is still vigorous and full of fight as ever. The great statesman felt grave doubts as to the success of his tariff reform bill this season, but raid that in the next campaign he felt he would come out victorious. Mr. Kettlewell mays this answer of the leader Judge Penfield, solicitor of the State indicates that he has no idea of re-Mello, charged with being a common Department, said today that no definite signing political power for some time to

HE GET IT?

Rose's Case Attracted Attention on the Mainland.

All across the continent young Rose of Hilo who was arretsed in Delaware for purloising a Panama hat from the mails while he was in the Hilo postoffice, heard the sad, worn refrain, "Where did you get that hat?" Rose's case attracted much attention wherever the train stopped and the ubiquitous reporter could get his pencil works ing on the story. The Salt Lake Tribune says of him:

A chase across half the globe, now ended will soon result in retribution theft of an old Panama hat. The Ka-States Marshal, passed through Ogden yesterday on the Union Pacific westbound No. 1. The pair are on their way to the Hawaiian islands, whence the thief took his departure some months ago.

In its details the case affords another example of the foolishness of toying with Uncle Bam's mails, for Amerca's postoffice department and America's secret service weren't a bit exer-

FANCIED THE HAT.

It seems that the Kanaka, ignorant of the vigilance with which his new government watches the divers articles. consigned to its care under the protection of postage stamps, took a fancy to the hat. Such hats are common in Hilo, where this native lived, and this one was old at that. But the luckless native happened to want this particuon, the master's diagnosis. I then in lar article of headgear, and took it, spected the crew, finding I well-marked thereby taking his place as first starter case of beriberi (wet form), 3 cases in a sort of relay race, which endured with unmistakable evidences of the across the Pacific and the American

After the theft some one told the ceeded to put as much sait water as possible between himself and the scene of his crime. Meantime the postal department got wind of the fact that the was thereupon instituted. Any one who gone through the red tape of getting "The case which was admitted to the it back knows what this means, It took time, but it was thorough. The postmaster communicated with Washington and Washington communicated spector got busy and did a lot of investigating by himself... He wrote back for instructions and reported progress. This was done a time or two, and when it was all over the Kanaka had become a fixture in his newly adopted mother. land. He had incidentally come to re

gard the hat affair as a closed incident HAT TO THE JUNK PILE. But while that Panama hat, long

since reposing on some Hilo junk heap. on-time possessor was concerned, it have consented to permit Thos. Cook & as evidence that the Republican party past the Treasury Department this fore-was a very evident matter of present noon, being if town to look after some concern to some half score of federal. officials. These continued to write letters of instruction and reports on prosion was because of a forcible request a hearing of his case before the United grees to one another, until it finally de-States Supreme Court. As he is entire- veloped that the Panama had been stolen, and the thief had disappeared. Then the secret service department

> may be a postoffice in its entirety or an old Panama hat, and the result is generally the same.

WANDERED TO DELAWARE.

So it came to pass that the investigation took a new turn and the Kanaka became a wanted man. By this taking an active part in the Republican time he had wandered along in happy ignorance of his desirability until he reached the State of Delaware.

No necessity exists for going further, into details. Mail was watched and: photographs were sent out until the wanted man was located. Then Delaware's United States officials arrested: him. His trip back to the islands began soon after, a trip which took himthrough Utah a sadder and wiser manwhen it comes to the subject of annexing Panamas, at the time in care of Uncle Sam.

Renton Still Alive.

The steamer Maui, which left for Mahukona Monday with George Renton and his sisters, returned yesterday afternoon at about 4:30 o'clock. Mr. James Renton is reported still alive but with: little hope of recovery. The Maul arrived at the Hawaii port at 2:45 yesterday morning after a run of about fourteen hours. The return trip was minde with less haste. As the distance is 268 sea miles the speed was very good.

Eswalian Voters on Mainland,

Editor Advertiser: Please let meknow through the medium of your paper if a Hawaiian voter in this Territory can go to the States and cast a vote at the coming election,

Yours truly,

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

[He must have first gained a residence in the State and in the voting precinct. The time-limit is a year in the one case and thirty days in the other.]

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Marques returned on the Sicora pesterday from the coast.

INSURANCE CASES DROP

One Discontinued and Nonsuit in Another.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

One Chinatown fire insurance case was discontinued before Judge De Boit defendant says that their names were yesterday morning, and another one ended in a nonsuit after occupying the whole day before Judge Robinson. It was when the discontinuance was announced in court and no other fury case ready for trial, that Judge De Bolt let his jurors go until the first week in October as stated below.

THE CASE THAT FAILED.

Kwong Lee Yuen & Co.'s suit against Manchester Fire Assurance Company came on for trial before Judge Robinson. S. M. Ballou and Mr. Anderson appeared for plaintiff, and A. G. M. Robertson for defendant. The following jury was empaneled: Sam. M. Kamakau, Norman Watkins, H. C. Carter, Louis C. King, J. J. Sullivan, Percy Lishman, H. P. Benson, Arthur L. Soule, Arthur Johnstone, Wm. F. Erving, Patrick Ryan, Hiram Kasha, The suit was on an insurance policy probate about half o century ago. The for \$750, on two Chinese dwellings on the northerly side of Mannakea street. between Hotel and King streets, which were burned in the Chinatown fire of will of the late Mrs. Haalelea. Kala-

Mr. Robertson, in cross-examining a member of the plaintiff firm, asked him ing by writ of error to set aside a If he had put in a claim for the property before the Fire Claims Commission and received an award from that tribunal.

Mr. Ballou objected that such claim was immaterial, citing Judge Dole's decision in the Yee Wo Chan case where It held that an award of the Fire Claims Commission was not compensation but a gratuity from the Territory and the United States Congress.

It was argued in reply by Mr. Robertson that the two cases "did not trot in the same class," as in the Yee Wo Chan case the insurance was collected before the claim was entered with the Commission, whereas in the present case the plaintiffs received an award for their loss and were trying to get ington appeared for plaintiff; and A. the insurance besides. It would be a fraud on the insurance company, counsel argued, if it was made to pay a loss that had already been made good Minua Lucwelko vs. Territory of Hafrom another source.

Judge Robinson had the Federal court decision produced and finally ruled out are not well taken. the defendant's question.

tiff's case, Mr. Robertson moved for a suit started several years ago, when nonsult on the ground that there was plaintiff was manager of Ewa plants. no evidence of the value of the buildings at the time they were destroyed. reopen the case this morning on the on demorrer was set by Judge De Bolt ground of "surprise," as he did not for hearing on Saturday, October 8. anticipate a ruling that his evidence Judge De Bolt overruled the demurwas insufficient.

ruled uniformly on that point while the ental Life Insurance Co. Ltd., vs. C. evidence for the plaintiff was being Winam, defendant, and Bishop & Co. et taken. Therefore he denied leave to reopen the case and grapted the motion for a nonsuit.

court's ruling, "especially on the in law. ground of abuse of discretion." Judge Robinson then dismissed the

Jury and excused its members from further attendance in court until Friday

Geo. W. Smith, member of the Board of Health; Dr. J. S. B. Pratt, its executive officer, and Andrew Brown, member of the Board of Fire Commissioners, when the fire was started under orders of the Board of Health on that memorable day, were on waiting orders as witnesses in the case all day.

LESSON TO LAWYERS.

Judge De Bolt gave the attorneys in civil cases allotted to him what they seemed to need most-time in which to get ready for trial Yesterday was the second day on which cases were set for trial, but with none of the attorneys who had answered "ready" at the calling of the calendar prepared to go on with anything. Accordingly the court excused the jurors from further attendance until Tuesday, October 4, or fifteen court days later.

THE HUSBAND'S STORY.

Kojiro Nakamura answers the libel for divorce of his wife, Tsune Nakamura, in the first place saying he was sued erroneously by the name of Kojima Nakamura. He denies her accusations of ill-treatment and alleges her repeated desertion of him-once at Napoopoo, then at Honolulu and again at Lahaina. On the last-mentioned occasion, according to his story, they were on their way to Hawali when they agreed to stop over at Lahaina to see some friends. This was on August 10 last, and the respondent thus tells of what happened:

That on or about the 12th day of August said petitioner without cause or provocation and without the consent or knowledge of your respondent again left and deserted him, taking with her \$50 in cash and certain valuable papers, all property of your respondent; that your respondent immediately instituted search for petitioner and thereafter, to wit, on the 19th day of August, found Detitioner at Honolulu aforesaid."

Kojiro denies the sittuent circumlibel. He says he is growing coffee in stated yesterday that owing to con-Kona upon five scres of leased land, one-half of the area being under cultivation but without expectation of a upon him by his friends and business crop for at least two years. Conclud- men, he has finally consented to per-

"That your affiant is wholly without with the Senatorship. avallable money and your affant elleges. "It has been my fond hepe that I that he has spent more than \$550 pure :- might run for the lower House of the for said petitioner over the islands, \$155 Legislature," said he pertendant that impmia. That the entire assets of grow adoration?

respondent over his debts and obligations does not exceed one hundred doi-And your respondent further that he is now, and at all times herein mentioned has been ready and willing to support and maintain petitioner to the best of his ability provided she will return to: his bed and

KAPIOLANI TRACT TAXES.

W. C. Achi enters a demurrer to the bill to enforce a tax lien brought against him by James L. Holt, assessor. He says the complaint is bad in substance, also that there is a misjoinder of parties. "That is to say," the demarrer proceeds, "there are several persons who are necessary parties in this action, whose interests would be suffered in case the petition of the complainant shall be grafited: said persons are intended buyers of lots in the Kapiolani tract who had contracts from the defendant, W. C. Achi, to buy lots in said tract, and further this given to the petitioner, or his predecessor in office." In order that these persons may be made proper parties, the defendant states the names of between seventy and eighty of them, adding, "and several others of whom the petitioner knows their names." The prayer of demurrer reads: "Wherefore this defendant requests on account of said misjoinder of parties to dismiss the bill with costs."

AN ANCIENT CONTEST.

Ciarissa Amoy Monsarrat and Elizaeth Renjes, executrizes of the will of Annederia Amoy Haalelea, enter a joinder in error to the petition and assignment of errors of Junius Kase, in the matter of the estate of Kelliahonul, deceased. This is the latest of many attempts to break the will of Kelijahonui, which was admitted to case involves valuable property in Honolulu, inc'uding the premises at Richards and Hotel streets devised by the kaua, before he was king, was a party to the litigation. Junius Kase is tryrecent decision adverse to his claim rendered by Judge Gear.

COURT NOTES.

This morning Judge De Bolt will call the odd-numbered cases in which jury has been waived to set them for hearing or other disposition.

Taguchi, Nishamura and Shimada indicted at the June term for "being present in a place where gambling is carried on," were discharged on noile prosequie granted by Judge Gear.

Judge Robinson overruled the demurrer, giving defendant ten days to answer, in the suit of R. C. A. Peterson against R. N. Halstead. D. L. With-

A. Wilder for defendant A joinder in demurrer is filed in the covenant suit of Frank Lucwelko and wall, the plaintiffs saying they can establish that the grounds of demurrer

W. J. Lowrie vs. Kalau Kalkaina-Mr. Ballou having rested the plain- haole (w) is discontinued. It was a tion, for trespass upon land.

In the liber case of W. A. Kinney At this Mr. Ballou moved for leave to against Samuel Parker, the argument

rer, giving the defendant ten days in Judge Robinson stated that he had which to answer, in the suit of the Ori-

> al. garnishees Joinder in demurrer is filed in the case of Chung See ys. Kahanuu Meek,

Ahl et al. vs. New Zealand Insurance Co. is discontinued.

FISHERY HEARINGS

Lorrin Andrews, Attorney General, yesterday began the hearing of the fish. lately been presiding Elder of Yokohaery cases to pass upon the question of vested rights in the titles.

The first one heard was that of Anna Perry and others. Witnesses called were J. F. Brown, surveyor, Sol. Kanai and Manuia. Another witness was offered, but the Attorney General did not think it necessary to take other oral testimony.

Victoria Ward's case followed, the witnesses being C. Kawainoa and M. D. Monsarrat, surveyor.

Sol. Kauai's case was third and last of the day. The claimant himself testified and offered to produce other witnesses, but Mr. Andrews did not deem it necessary.

H. E. Cooper and S. H. Derby appeared for all of the claimants. In each case grants, deeds, etc., were put in evidence. The oral evidence of the native witnesses related to the custom of dividing the catches in the proprietary sea fisheries, and that of the surveyors to the boundary marks and the persons who showed them the marks.

Miss Warner, stenographer of the Attorney General's department, took down the testimony.

John C. Lane, the stalwart young stances attributed to him in his wife's Republican leader in the Fifth District, stant pressure being brought, to bear mit the use of his name in connection

BUILDING

Plans Under Final Review.

C. S. Holloway, Superintendent of Public Works, is passing finally on the plans and specifications of the Normal school building. The plans were drawn by Dickey & Newcomb, architects, and ful held in years. For the yacht races promise an imposing edifice that will the following rules have been prepared be an ornament upon the south slopes of Punchbowl. Its site is the old quarry lot at Hackfeld and Quarry streets.

With ground dimensions of about 100 feet by 70 feet, the building will have a middle section of three stories and two-story wings on either side. At the corners of the building where the third story begins, deck roofs will cover the outer parts of the second story. A peaked gable surmounts the facade, the summit of which is sixty-four feet from the ground.

There will be sixteen schoolrooms in the building. The third flat is divided into three rooms separated with shutters, which can be thrown into one assembly room. Opening out from this assembly room is a spacious gallery from which a splendid view of the city and harbor will be obtained.

The structure of the walls will be concrete, or Flemish bond brick with cement finish, and stock brick mixed with bond brick.

A manual training school building of one story will be erected on the premises, which among other features will contain a model kitchen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.-The annual meeting of the Pacific Japanese Mission of which Hawaii formerly formed a district has just closed. In conformity with the action of our general conference held last May, Hawali was made an independent mission, and will be known as Hawaii Mission of the Methodist Episcopal church. The following are the "appointments" for the year beginning with this date:

Superintendent, John W. Wadman: Alea and Pearl City, T. Takahashi; to be supplied; Honolulu First Jananese, G. Motokawa; Honolulu, South King street, to be supplied; Kaanapali, to be supplied; Kapaa and Kealia, to Mr. Ballon noted an exception to the plaintiff saying her complaint is good be supplied; Korean Mission, to be supplied Lahaina, S. Fujii; Walpahu, E.

For the places marked to be supplied the superintendent has a number of workers who will labor under his immediate direction.

The pastor for the English church has not yet been selected. The pulpit will be filled by Mr. Wadman until one is found. Mr. Wadman is well fitted for his position. He has been a prominent and very successful missionary in Japan for a number of years: has ms district! He will be accompanied by his daughter. I bespeak for him the fellowship of the good people of

Respectfully yours, G. L. PEARSON.

P.S.-Mr. Wadman will probably sail from this port for Hawaii the eighth G. L, P.

IN FINE CONDITION

The Haleiwa Golf Club held a place contest on the 11th, there being twelve entries. The first five, with their net

scores, are as follows:

heretofore have not made much of a nei; Luck 7, by Lima. showing in tournaments there will probably be a number of challenges for

place. The Haleiwa links are now in far better condition than ever before, the putting greens have been run over with a lawn mower and are now full twenty yards, while all the brush and weeds have been removed from the fair green, At a meeting of the club Saturday night the "boundary of the course" was decided upon as follows; "The Anshulu river, the mauka fence of the main road running from Haleiwa to Walalua. the fence to the westward of the fifth hole and the ocean." The boundary now being definitely fixed many argu- have been due April 9, 1903, and \$22,750 ments of the past will be impossible of alleged to have been due October 9, repetition. The club at the above mentioned meeting also decided to keep r man at work on the links continue! which will mean a vast improvement on the condition of the greens by Sent of which he was forced to borrow from my friends desire me to run for a Son- 25th, the date set for the next fournament for the challenge cup.

Many and Prizes Good.

Regatta Day is close at hand and every effort is being made to put ginger into the preparations so that the celebration will be one of the most successby the committee:

Second Division-Course: Start from imaginary line between the lighthouse and Healani Boat Club: thence out the channel keeping between the buoys and piles; thence to Waikiki stake boat, tacking around same; thence to Pearl Harbor bar fairway buoy, tacking around same; thence back to the bell buoy, tacking around same; thence to spar buoy passing up channel finish opposite judge's stand. Going and coming from Walkiki keep on seaward side of bell buoy. A warning gun will be fired five minutes before the start. Time to be taking from the starting gun. Races under Hawaii Yacht Club

First Division-Course: Same as second division, but will finish at Spar buoy, and will start ten minutes after the second division.

The crews of the Healanis have been made up as follows:

Seniors-Dan Renear, stroke; Jean Allen, 5; Paul Jarrett, 4; Bert Heilbron, 3; Walter Rycroft, 2; Bob Mc-Corriston, 1. Juniors-John Clark, stroke; Black-

man, 5; Sullivan, 4; Geo. Desha, 8; Simpson, 2; Bennie Clark, 1. Freshmen-Wm. Dixon, stroke; Wm. Wilson, 5; Frank Armstrong, 4; Ed.

Desha, 3; Frank Hatch, 2; Vincent Fernandez, 1. The boat crews of the Myrtles are at present as follows:

Senior-G. Crozier, stroke; Simpson 5; Kopke, 4; Crabbe, 3; Wright, 2;

*Junior-Becket, stroke; Hughes, 5 toe, 4; Johnson, 3; Ewart, 2; Wil-Freshmen-Brown, stroke; Honan, 5;

Jenkins, 4; Underwood, 2; Becket, 2; Schmidt, 1. The Healani pair-oared crews will probably be as follows:

Seniors-Dan Renear, Bert Hellbron. Juniors-Jean Allen, Bob McCorriston. The prizes for all races will be as fol-

Six-oared gig race, \$25; six-oared barge race, Seniors, \$25 trophy; fourth class yacht race, first prize \$25, second prize \$10, trophies; third class yachts, first prize \$25, second prize \$10, trophies; first class yachts, first prize \$25, second prize \$15; trophies; tug-of-war between Japanese sampans, \$15; Freshmen six-Hana; S. Imai, Honolulu; Fist English, oared barge, \$25 trophy; six-oared barge first prize \$15, second prize \$10; five she has had a part, and crowds of visioared whaleboat race, \$25; six-paddle tors have had an opportunity to see piccance race, first prize \$15, second prize tures of Honolulu, Maui and Hawaii, \$10; pair-pared race, \$20 trophy; steam- and to learn something of the delightful er-boat race, first prize \$20, second prize \$10; sailing cance race, first prize \$15, ful volcances, charming climate and second prize \$10; tow-cared shoreboats,

first prize \$10, second prize \$5. Entries so far include the following:

George Harris; Kanoelani, by Prince Cupid... 2. Six-oared Barge-Myrtles, by T.

V. King for M. B. C. 8. Launch Race-Waterwitch, by W.

E. Young: P. D. Q., by J. A. Young: building, and has given several lectures Billy, by P. Fitzgibbons; Pearl, by J. R. Parker. 4. Second Class Yachts-Hopsey, by

W. Erickson; Debbil, by W. Lyle; Princess, by Prince Cunid. 5. First Class Yachts-Spray, by H. E. Picker; Gladys, by T. W. Hobron.

Tug of War, Sampans-No entries Six-oared Barge, Freshmen-Myr

tles, by T. V. King for M. B. C. 8. Six-oared Barge, Juniors-Myrtles by T. V. King for M. B. C. 9. Japanese Sampan Race-No en-

10. Five-oared Whaleboat Race-Lawe-nihi, by Chas. Olo; Hoomai by George Sanford; Kaplolani, by George

Harris; Kancelani, by Prince Cupid. II. Six-oared Paddle Canoe Race-11. Six-oared Paddle Cance Race-No entries. 12. Pair-oured Boat Race, Sentors-

Myrtles, by T. V. King for M. B. C. 13. Pair-oared Boats, Juniors-Myrtles, by T. V. King for M. B. C. 14. Steamer Boat Race-No entries.

15. Sailing Canoe Race-Milo, by 16. Two-oared Shoreboat Race-Ev-

As the first three are players who by Andrew; Diamond Head, or D. Ka-

THE KONA-KAU LITIGATION

The Call says: An effort to float the new construction of a Hawsilan railroad is going up in the smoke of litigation. A suit was begun yesterday in the Superior Court by C. Bolte, as assignee of Jacob L Coerper, against H. Wilson, Wilson, Lyon & Co. and the Wilson-Lyon Construction Company for the recovery of \$2508 alleged to

The unpaid sums are included in the cisuses of a contract made on Feb- third dose completely cured me. I am rusty 8 of last year whereby Coerper transferred to Wilcon \$2,729,000 worth is for sale by all Dealers and Drugof the corporate stock of the Kona and gists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Kan Rauren Company, Limited, of Agents for Hawaii,

Island of Hawaii, and all of his interest in the Kona Sugar Company. The transfer of these interests was for the purpose of financially rehabilitating the companies named. It is said that a new line was about to be laid for the railroad, but the company was embarrassed.

It is set forth in the complaint that Wilson agreed to put the company in proper shape and as soon as he was able to float the prospective bonds he Normal School Edifice Yacht Courses---Entries would pay Coerper \$320,000 and the additional sums mentioned in the suit. If he did not succeed in four years in negotiating the bonds the promised payments were still to be made. Wilson defaulted in the first payments, hence the suit.

OPPOSE ABBITRARY TAX

There is a growing discontent among small farmers over the arbitrary tax placed on banana areas, especially on this island. The government has imposed a tax of \$500 valuation on every acre devoted to the growing of bananas making a tax to be paid over of \$5 for every such acre. A small farmer, speaking of this phase of taxation, said yesterday:

"That is a mighty poor encourage ment for anybody to go into the business of banana-growing. It is a most discouraging thing for the small farmer to face a tax on growing crops. He is not sure that he will ever get a crop off the land. It is speculative to a large extent, except the taxation. That is a stern reality.

"But the man next to him, who is not getting down to small farming so minutely, and who only raises cattle, pays but a total tax of \$2.40 on 300 acres.

"The tax on growing pineapple crops has been exempted for five years. It is certainly a good thing that pineappleraisers are not taxed arbitrarily for the industry would probably not attain to any great proportions in the islands if

"Another discouraging feature of colony life and small farming development is the lack of interest which men of capital manifest toward the pinearple and other centers of small farming industry. It is reported of a number of wealthy men that they have expressed themselves as not caring to invest capital in enterprises already begun, yet many have been known to be ready to step in on their own book and compete, when they know the small farmers have finally, by grit and determina-tion, made a success of their plans."

HAWAII AT THE **WORLD'S FAIR**

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 27, 1904-Al-Juniors, \$25 trophy; sampan race, hibit at the great International Fair, scenery, beautiful water falls, wondervaluable resources of this Paradise of

the Pacific. Rev. E. W. Thwing of Honolulu, has been visiting the Fair for the past two 1. Six-oared Gig Race-Kapiolani, by or three weeks. He had with him a very fine collection of about 100 Hawaiian lantern slides. Through the courtesy of Mr. Boykin, of the U. S. Interior Department, he has had the use of the lantern-picture room, in the Government on Hawaii, to the large crowds who

have gathered there.

After telling something of the posinewest Territories of the United States, Mr. Thwing began by showing a beautiful view of Diamond Head and Waikiki beach. Then followed views of Honolulu, showing her schools and colleges, her progress and beautiful homes. Mr. Damon's school Mills Institute, for Chinese boys, appeared on the screen, showing the boys marching in uniform. Views of beautiful Iao valley, Maui, and the large sugar plantations were also shown. The lectures concluded with a trip to the world's largest active volcano, showing the rich Olaa forests, fern trees, beautiful Volcano road, Volcano house, lava formations, and the burning lake of Kilauea.

Many questions were asked at the close and all seemed much interested in this delightful land of sunshine and rainbows, these Islands where there are no snakes, and where one can enjoy the surf and sea bathing, with cool summer breezes all the year. Many left the lecture room with a purpose to see this Island Paradise for themselves some

Dr. and Mrs. Whitney, have also enjoyed a pleasant week at the Fair. Mr. Thwing leaves St. Louis to return to Honolulu the last of August.

It is reported that Prof. Stockton. leader of the New York cruiser band, is to be conductor of the Honolulu Symphony orchestra. The bandmaster asks for a guarantee of salary for six months. The matter is yet in abey-

BOUTH AFRICAN CARPENTER CURED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S CO-LIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY .- Mr. Geo. Taylor, a carpenter at Port Elizabeth, Cape Colony, who had a very had attack of cramp colic and dysentery, says: "I was so bad I had to go to bed, when a friend of mine gave me two doese of Chamberiain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and I got better at once. The never without it now." This remedy

HAVE COME

Capt. Campbell Found **National Politics** Very Quiet.

Captain C. J. Campbell and wife returned home in the Sierra from a prolonged visit to California, primarily taken for the benefit of the captain's health but proving beneficial and enjoyable to both. After a sojourn at Bartlett Springs they went to the northern part of the State. Captain Campbell indulged in trout-fishing to his heart's content. He joined a hunting party once which killed a bear, the bullet that found its billet being credited to the captain's rifle.

Captain Campbell found a remarkable calm in politics for a Presidential year. He attributes this condition to the fact that the business interests have nothing to view with alarm. Business men do not seem to be afraid of either Roosevelt or Parker for the Presidency.

The Democratic party, Captain Campbell says, will concentrate their campaign upon the doubtful States. Regarding Territorial politics, Captain Campbell says though he is a Democrat he would like to see the best men elected to the Legislature.

Captain Campbell took part in the Knights Templar parade in San Francisco. Other Honolulu knights marching with different Coast commanderies were E. R. Bath, K. R. G. Wallace and John F. Bowler, while Charles Hall and H. H. Williams were mounted as aides to the Grand Captain-General of California. Dr. G. W. Burgess and T. J. King did not appear in the parade but viewed it from a grand-

HOLIDAY IN UTAH

SALT LAKE, Aug. 31.—The local Havailans who attended the birthday of the colony in Skull valley have returned to Salt Lake with a report of the proceedings of the celebration.

The Hawaiians of Iosepa, Skull valley, celebrated their pioneer day on ST. LOUIS, Aug. 27, 1904—Al-Saturday last. The fifteenth anniver-though Hawaii has had no regular ex-sary of the establishment of the colony me on August 28, but that being Sunday, the celebration was held on Saturday and consisted of a feast in native style with plenty of pol, puas (roast pig a la Hawali) and other native luxuries. All the inhabitants of the colony, men, women and children, were present, with the exception of two women who were too sick to attend. In addition to the natives there were present H. P. Richards, L. John Nuttall and John T. Caine, of Sait Lake City; L. W. Woolley, of Grantsville, all of whom are directors of the Iosepa Agricultural & Stock Company; also Will Waddoups, of Bountiful, a recently returned missionary from the Hawalian Islands. The manager of the ranch, T. A. Waddoups, and his assistant, Wilford Cole, and several visitors from

the adjoining ranches in the valley. All tion and importance, of this one of the Joined with zest in the feast of good things provided and all, natives and whites, appeared to thoroughly enjoy themselves. After the feast a brief program was rendered consisting of songs and speeches reminiscent of the early settlement of the colony. The celebration wound up with a very pleasant and orderly dance in the evening in which natives and whites freely participated, mingling together without distinction of race or color. On Sunday the quarterly conference

of the Iosepa branch of the church was held, presided over by President T. A. Waddoups. The morning was occupied by the Sunday school, many of the native pupils showed marked efficiency in reading and singing in English.

In the afternoon the business proper of the conference was transacted, when all the church officers, both general and local, were sustained with great unanimity, there being not one dissenting vote. Addresses were made both in English and Hawaiian by the visiting elders, all of which seemed to be well received by the congregation and endorsed by hearty "amena,"

The colony is progressing nicely, the people are enjoying good health; the crops this season have been generally good; about a thousand tons of lucern hay have been cut and stocked, affording plenty of feed for the livestock for winter. The native laborers although comparatively few in number have worked exceedingly well. So pleased were the directors present with the sults of their labors, that they did the manager that when the crops we gathered and the grain thrashed, he should give a "harvest home" feast and dance at the expense of the company to which all should be invited, men,

women and children. The visitors having enjoyed a pleasant reunion with the Insepa colonista returned to their homes last evening much pleased with their trip.

SPAIN'S VINTAGE.

In 1893 Spain produced 5,829,417,877 pounds of grapes on \$558,277 acres. Almost all of it was made into wines. NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

JURY CUTS

George Davis' Vision of Wealth Dwindles.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

Two hundred dollars were awarded to George Davis by a jury yesterday as the amount he may be entitled to for services rendered to Mrs. Nobrega in her action for divorce against 8. Nobrega. The jury was out about twenty minutes. Davis sued for \$500/ the sum which was noted in a contract between Davis, as attorney and Mrs. Nobrega as client, he walving all claim to any sum over \$500 although the terms of the contract were that he received one-half of all moneys she might receive over \$4,000. The contention of Mrs. Nobrega was that she did not understand the contract as drawn up.

The case was heard in Judge Robinson's court and with Davis as his own attorney with Lorrin Andrews and Frank Andrade arrayed against him as attorneys for Mrs. Nobrega the Jury and spectators did not lack for high links.

During the cross-examination Davis by Andrews, the jury was treated to a diversion when Davis said:

"I am suspicious of Andrews, and Andrews is suspicious of me, and neither of us has confidence in the

When the attorneys took their turns before the jury and presented their arguments, Davis took occasion to pay his respects again to Andrews.

"My professional standing in this community," said he, "will bear the searchlight of truth and justice, and it will show up as well as that of Lorrin Andrews. They (Andrews and Andrade) came in like eavesdroppers and sneaked into the case, not like honorable men. I never had trouble before with a client. Lorrin Andrews tried to exterminate me from the profession of which I am a member, but I tell you I have never been charged with overcharging anybody before."

The juny comprised A. L. Soule, Arthur Johnstone, H. P. Benson, Sam Kamakau, Lewis C. King, Harry C. Wilder, H. C. Carter, Wm. F. Erving, Samuel Nowlein, Norman Watkins, Percy Lishman, L Bray.

FREEDOM WAS SHORTLIVED. Hayashida, the alleged Waialua murderer, enjoyed a brief bit of freedom yesterday morning. It was very brief, for after he had walked out of Judge Gear's courtroom on the order of a nolle prosequi entered by the court, the bewlidered man wandered slowly flown the stails and into the waiting arms of a police officer. Shortly afterward Chester Doyle of the Attorney General's Department, came over from the Capitol with a new warrant for

When the court was convened yesterday morning, with the jury present, M. F. Prosser for the Territory moved that a nolle prosequi be entered against the prisoner as owing to a typographical error in the indictment the murder was alleged to have been committed at Waipahu, Oahu, instead of at Waialus, Oahu. The order was granted. Mr. Cathcart for the defense asked that the judge explain to the prisoner that he should not raise his hopes too high. The judge said that Was not necessary.

The new indictment charges Hayashida with committing murder at Waialua. The case was continued until Thursday and the trial jurors were excused until that time.

SUPREME COURT DENIES.

Decision in the matter of the Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Company vs. Wailuku Sugar Company was rendered yesterday by the Supreme Court, wherein the motion for a rehearing, asked by the defendant company was denied. The text of the decision is signed by Chief Justice Frear and Circuit Judge Matthewman, sitting in place of Justice Hartwell, Circuit Judge Robinson for Justice Hatch, concurring. In its syllabus the court says: "A motion for a rehearing based on the ground that the court erred in holding 'prescription rights' were intended in those decisions to include all appurtenant rights and that it otherwise failed to follow those decisions, is denied-the contentions not being sustained by the decisions."

Fourteen grounds were set forth in the motion for a rehearing. Judge Robinson in a concurring opin-

ion says: As, in my judgment, this court, in its decision of the case at bar (15 Haw. 675) not only did not overlook any, but, without exception, fully concidered all of the many points raised by counsel for respondent in its petition for rebearing, I concur in the order denying respondent's motion for rehearing. I also concur in what is contained in the opinion of the Chief Justice in reference to the meaning and scope of the term "prescriptive rights," as used and employed in both the Lonosea and "ples in bar" decisions.

DEFENDANTS ABSENT, >

Return of summons in the action of John A. Cummins vs. J. O. Carter, et al, bill for cancellation of trust deed, has been made by Deputy Sheriff Mc-Gurn. John T. Walker and Flora Hiram, two of the defendants could not be served as they are now resients respectively of the Mainland of the United States and Japan, but certified copes were left at their former residences in Honolulu, with relatives.

THE HIGHWAY CASE. In the case of the Territory vs. Wil-

liam McCandless, bill to restrain obstruction of highway (extending from King street to the rice mill of T. Ahin) Judge De Bolt yesterday overruled the demurrer of respondent that the allegations are insufficient, "inas-much as the manner whereby the alleged fighway was established is not set forth," and gives respondent five days in which to answer.

MRS, WARREN DIVORCED. Judge Gear yesterday granted the

bel for divorce brought by Laura Warren against H. R. Warren, the allegations begin proven. The custody of the minor child was awarded to the mother who is to bear the costs of the

COURT NOTES.

Defendant in the case of The Oriental Life Insurance Company, Ltd., vs. C. Winam, defendant, Bishop & Co. and the Bank of Hawali, Ltd., garnishees, is given ten days in which to answer the amended complaint.

Lono Keanini was yesterday granted a divorce from John Keanini. The latter is a member of the police force. The former wife alleging him to be brutal in his conduct toward her.

The case of the Territory vs. Haguchi on appeal from the District Court was moved on the calendar, and on motion of the Territory was nolle pro-

In the case of Nakamura vs. Naka mura, bill for maintenance, the case was continued until answer is filed.

Confirmation of sale in the case of the First American Savings Bank vs. Mary J. Montano was made, C. A. Long presenting the Commissioner's report. The property was a tract in upper Manoa Valley beyond the Castle premises. Long moved for the entrance of a deficiency judgment which was opposed by Attorney Lightfoot acting for Mrs. Montano.

The case of the Territory vs. Emmet May was continued until October 18. One Matsumoto has filed suit in the Circuit Court against the Kapiolani Estate for \$1109.30 allegedly due for work and services in carting dirt from the corner of King and Alakea streets, where the Kapiolani building now stands.

Mrs. Ellen Dwight, widow of the late Charles B. Dwight, has petitioned to the Circuit Court for letters of administration on her deceased husband's estate. The statement of property shows there is a homestead in Desha lane valued at \$4500, land at Mokaula, \$500; personal property, \$1200; and a life insurance policy for \$7,500. Besides the widow there are seven heirs, namely, Bernice, Samuel, Allen, George, Joseph, James and Charles.

A divorce was granted yesterday by Judge De Bolt in favor of the libeliant in the case of Maile Keawe vs. Matiida Keawe, the husband getting the custody of the children. A long thirst attributed to Mrs. Keawe was the ground upon which the divorce was granted.

UNNECESSARY EXPENSE -- Acute attacks of colic, cholers, morbus and dysentery come on without warning and prompt relief must be obtained. There is no necessity of incurring the expense of a physician's service in such cases if Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is at hand. A dose of this remedy will relieve the patient-before a doctor could arrive. It has never been known to fail, even in the most severe and dangerous cases. Sold by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

Heavy Registration.

Superintendent McVeigh of the Leper Settlement stated yesterday that the registration at the Settlement on the first day was 308.

THE WORRIED WOMEN.

They say men must work and women must weep; but alas, in this too busy world women often have to work and weep at the same time. Their holidays are too few and their work heavy and monotonous. It makes them nervous and irritable. The depressed and worried woman loses her appetite and grows thin and feeble. Once in a while she has spells of palpitation and has to lie up for a day or two. If some disease like influenza or malarial fever happens to prevail she is almost certain to have an attack of it, and that often paves the way for chronic troubles of the throat, lungs and other organs: and there is no saying what the end may be. Let the tired and overladen woman rest as much as possible; and, above all, place at her command a bottle of WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION

a true and sure remedy for the ills and maladies of women. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. Search the world over and you will find nothing to equal it. Taken before meals it improves the nutritive value of ordinary foods by making them essier to assimilate, and has carried hope and good cheer into thousands of homes. It is absolutely reliable and effective in Nervous Dyspepsis, Impaired Nutrition, Low Vitality, Wasting Conditions, Melancholy, Chiorosis. Scrofuls, and all troubles of the Throat and Lungs. Dr. E. J. Boyes mays: "I have found it a preparation of great merit. In a recent case a patient gained nearly twenty pounds in two months' treatment, in which it was the principal remedial agent." It carries the guarantee of reliability and cannot fail or

disappoint you. At chemists.

COOK WILL OF INTEREST HELP OUT

to Bring People Here.

One of the most gratifying incidents of the work of Secretary Boyd of the Hawaii Promotion Committee, while in San Francisco, was to receive the assurance of the Thos. Cook & Sons agency in San Francisco, that the great tourist ally the restriction thereof, has been ducted tours of Hawaii. These tours were discontinued a few years ago, but for a year correspondence has been carried on with the company to induce it a few weeks since it had refused.

Thos. Cook & Sons will now advertise a tour to Hawaii, and if it should of the House is at all in danger, for the the year in Washington, as has been told

During the secretary's stay in San Francisco, he found that most of the ceptional year of 1876 when many claim It is not likely that a decision in the Knights Templar had arrived with that Tilden, not Hayes, was entitled to case of Chunk will be reached for sevtickets in personally conducted groups, and in most cases they were to return Babcock gave of the necessity for a Reeastward via the St. Louis Exposition. In fact, to see the Exposition was only of the next administration was that the a part of the project of buying tickets Republicans wanted to pass immigration that bureau an account of a case of beriat reduced rates to San Francisco and legislation. The belief, in well informed beri on the bark Fooling Suev which return a construction of sugar at Delagrant Babcock ut. return.

Hawaiian literature was distributed on the trains while the Templars were men to giving fat campaign contribucoming westward, and at the various tions. But in other quarters the demand state and territory headquarters maintained in San Francisco during the conclave, the literature was given a thorough distribution. If was also distri- It may be quite forgotten, save by a buted on the trains eastward-bound so few of those immediately interested, that it would be carried into the eastern after the election but because of the

The San Francisco office of the Hawaii Promotion Committee ceases today It was organized for the purpose of working in with the various railway and steamship companies, and has been quite successful in that there is a distinct change of feeling among the railway and steamship men toward Hawaii. The transcontinental lines, according to Mr. Boyd, now seem to be eager to be of service to Hawaii. Their faith in the travel this way is proven by the fact that at least two of the big railroad lines are considering establishing branch offices in Honolulu.

Mr. Jennifer, who was the committee's representative in San Francisco

will be transferred to Los Angeles. Mr. Boyd states that there does not seem to be any immediate or good prospect of a substantial reduction in steamship fares. There has been a concession, however, which promises to be of some aid. There has been in existence for years a party rate of \$110 for round trip their five offices -New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and San Francisco and in the Hawaii Promotion Committee's office in Los Angeles-to register parties of fifteen at the party rate of \$110 each person. Mr. Stokes, Pacific Coast Manager for the Cooks, is strongly of the opinion that no sailing, perhaps, will occur without their agency being able to fill up a party, although not personally conducted.

The Promotion Committee has received a letter from the Cook's agency in Bombay, India, requesting the forwarding of information on Hawaii. The writer cited a circular letter sent out from Hawaii in 1892, saying that any inquiries on Hawaii would be answered. On this showing the Bombay agency

based its present inquiry. None of the railroad and steamship officials in San Francisco believed that there would be much travel westward during the next few months, owing to the presidential campaign.

HAWAIIAN PINES HAVE CAUGHT ON

Hawaiian pineapples from the famous Waliawa Colony on this island have been shipped to New York, Washington and New England cities with perfect success, and orders are filed which have more than taken up the available crop, for the pineapple season is about over.

Byron O. Clark, who began the movement to ship island pines to Eastern cities, is gratified over the success of tion. There is, of course, very general the first season and believes that dur- lack of knowledge about the laws of the ing the coming winter Hawalian pineapples will have a great vogue all over the East. One lot of pineapples were shipped to the chief of the Pomological Bureau of the Department of Agriculture at Washington. The chief reparts the pineapples having been received in excellent condition and be pronounces the quality as being aimost uneur passed.

In fact every shipment of pines has meant a return order. The Botel St. Francis in San Francisco, receives & shipment by every steamer.

Polite Court News,

M. Soura was fined \$200 and costs in police court yesterday for selling liquor without a license. S. Kapae, who pilfered coal got ten days. Louis F, De Mello, charged with being a common nulsance, was discharged.

Famous Tourist Agency Island Statutes In Washington Demand.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.-

Further immigration legislation, especicompany would resume personally con- broached considerably within the last week in connection with the Presidential campaign. Chairman Babcock of the Republican Congressional committee, who came over from New York for a to take the matter up again, and up to day recently, sounded a distress call about the control of the next House. It is not believed the Republican control that year, with the exception of the ex- partments and most of the cabinet memthe presidency. One of the reasons Mr. eral weeks. publican House for the first two years quarters, is that Chairman Babcock utters his plaint so as to scare moneyed for immigration legislation is voiced. Some of the influential weeklies, published in New York, join in the cry. vital importance of such matters in Hawaii should not be overlooked.

IMMIGRATION.

A year and more ago when the immigration laws were revised, it was generally announced that that concluded immigration legislation for a considerable time. The large transportation interests will be averse to the opening of the question again and it would be practically impossible to enact any important hospital at this station displayed as his changes in the existing statutes at the most marked symptoms and signs gencoming, or short session of Congress, which adjourns by constitutional limitation March 4 next. Should the subject be opened in the Fifty-ninth Congress, which is the Congress to be elected this fall-as far as the House is concerned—the struggle to enact an educational qualification would undoubtedly be renewed. It is barely possible that some of the Republican agitation of the question just at present is purely political. The Chicago convention last June failed to reinsert the plank of its 1900 convention declaring for the restriction one selling. The steamship companies siezed upon by Democratic politicians present. He walked up Fifteenth Street on-time possessor was concerned it have consented to permit Thos, Cook & as evidence that the Republican party Sons to accept registrations in each of are not heeding the interests of organized labor as strenuously as it might. The charge is even made that the omission was because of a forcible request from the big transportation companies. If that be the fact, it is all the more ly out of politics now, although still stolen, and the thier had disappeared improbable that further immigration holding his commission as United States of the secret service department legislation will be undertaken during the Senator, Mr. Burton finds himself os of the American government became a next Congress.

HAWAIIAN STATUTES.

Chief W. B. Acker, of the Miscellaneous division of the Interior Department, through which passes all business with the Hawaiian Territorial government, says it is surprising how many requests come to the department regarding the statutes enacted by the Territorial Legislature. These inquiries come from many different States. The department requires the Territorial government to forward here copies of the statutes enacted at each session of the Legislature, one set for the use of the Interior Department, one set for the House of Representatives, and one set for the Senate. In fact the law requires that. But in addition Mr. Acker has requested that one additional set be forwarded, which he sends to the Congressional library, so that the laws of at Parkersburg, W. Va., at the opening Hawaii can be accessible to anyone who chooses to go there for them.

It would be an excellent idea, if the Territorial authorities would send copies of the acts of the Legislature to the large libraries and especially to the libraries in the several large cities," said Mr. Acker this afternoon, when I suggested that possibly a wav could be found to do as much. "The Territory could be placed on the exchange list of many of the big libraries and receive certain publications in return. But the chief advantage would be in affording to inquirers ready access to this informa-Territory. When the Territory was seeking to sell its bonds a few months ago we had an urgent request from New York one day for copies of certain Territorial laws regarding the legislation authorizing those bonds. Prospective purchasers in New York of those bonds wired their agent here in Washingtor to get for them the exact language of the law.

"But that is only one of many instances. Requests for information about Hawaiian statutes are coming in here from time to time and, of course, it is to the advantage of the Territory to sible to inform inquirers that copies of particular is also true of Porto Rico." progress had been made since Gov. Car- come.

ter's visit to Washington towards adjusting the claims of British subjects in

"We are trying," said he, "to arrange for a commission to adjust the several cross claims between this country and Great Britain. If that effort is successful, the commission will take up and give consideration to the claims in Hawaii in common with other claims between the two countries."

INDEPENDENT OF CONGRESS The bill introduced in the House at the last session of Congress by Representative Spalding, of North Dakota providing for the elimination from Section 55 of the organic act of the words without the approval of Congress" has been favorably recommended by Acting Gov. Atkinson. In a letter to Secretary Hitchcock, Mr. Atkinson apologizes for the delay in reporting on the bill, which in effect allows the Territorial Legislature to pass acts of incorporation with out the approval of Congress. Mr. Atkinson expresses his belief that the interests of all concerned in acts of incorporation can be as fully conserved

b ythe Legislature as elsewhere. Mr. Spalding, when Congress convenes again, will probably press the bill before the House Committee on Territories, of which he is a member, and

also before the House itself. No action has yet been taken by the State Department in the case of the Hawaiian Chinaman Chunk K. Ai, who laims that he is a native born American bers and assistant secretaries are away

Surgeon General Wyman of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Bureau has published in the weekly bulletin of ware Breakwater after a voyage of 146 days from Honolulu, via Kahului. The bark carried a crew of 14 all told. Passed Assistant Surgeon Lavinder reported that, upon boarding the vessel, he learned a death had occurred among the crew at sea July 10. "the cause of which the master thought to be beriberi. The history of the case confirmed, in my opinion, the master's diagnosis. I then inspected the crew, finding I well-marked case of beriberi (wet form), 3 cases with unmistakable evidences of the disease, and several others complaining of some of the early symptoms of the disease, but with no physical evidences of it. Glandular examination was made of the crew, and, nothing suspicious being found, the vessel was granted prati-The one well-developed case was admitted to the hospital at this station for treatment. All others proceeded with the vessel the next day bound for Philadelphia.

"The case which was admitted to the eral oedema (anasarca), disturbed cardiac action, urgent dyspnoea, tenderness of calf muscles, and muscular weak-ness. Since his admission he has progressed very favorably and is rapidly improving."

A patent has been granted to Henry Ginaca and H. O. C. Isenberg, of Honolulu, for an invention on a valve.

BURTON OSTRACIZED. Senator Burton, of Kansas, one of the special committee that visited Hawaii two years ago and now under sentence of fine and imprisonment by the federal past the Treasury Department this forenoon, being in town to look after some
personal matters. He has secured a
writ of error on which there will be
a hearing of his creek before the United Speeds of the Control of the creek before the United Speeds of the Control of the creek before the United Speeds of the Control of t States Supreme Court. As he is entire veloped that the Panama had been lation.

FRIENDS OF HAWAII.

Senator Foraker, chairman of the Pacific Islands Committee, who has so frequently befriended. Hawaii in Congress and elsewhere, has been frequently in and out of town this summer. He is taking an active part in the Republican campaign and after the middle of Septume and a desirability until he tember will be on the stump consider appropriate of his desirability until he ably. One of his first speeches will be of the Republican state campaign,

Representative Hitt, of Illinois, one of the good friends of Hawaii in Congress and a member of the commission that visited the islands and helped frame the organic law, has been very ill at Bar Harbor. At times his life has been despaired of. He has been improving a little of late, but his health has broken probably permanently. Mr. Hitt is now nearly 71 years old. He was renominated for a twelfth successive term in Congress by the Thirteenth Illinois District Republicans some weeks ago. ERNEST G. WALKER.

PASSENGER TELLS OF

Mr. Kettlewell, a through passenger

on the Sierra for the Colonies, had an opportunity while in London recently to obtain an interview with Joseph Chamberiain, leader of the Tariff Reform Party. He states that although make such information easily accessible. Wears of age, he is still vigorous and full vears of age, he is still vigorous and full Mr. Chamberlain is almost seventy of fight as ever. The great statesman the statutes could be found in the libra- felt grave doubts as to the success of ries at Boston, New York, Chicago, Milwaukee, San Francisco, and other cities. What is true of Hawaii in that tlewell mays this answer of the leader Judge Penfield, solicitor of the State Indicates that he has no idea of re-Department, said today that no definite signing political power for some time to

WHERE DID HE GET IT?

Rose's Case Attracted Attention on the Mainland.

All across the continent young Rose of Hilo who was arretsed in Delaware for purloining a Panama hat from the mails while he was in the Hilo postoffice, heard the sad, worn refrain. "Where did you get that hat?" Rose's case attracted much attention where ever the train stopped and the ublquitous reporter could get his pencil working on the story. The Sait Lake Tribune says of him:

A chase across half the globe, now ended will soon result in retribution overtaking a luckless Kanaka for the theft of an old Panama hat. The Kanaka, in custody of Delaware's United citizen. This is the dullest season of States Marshal, passed through Ogden yesterday on the Union Pacific westbe popular they will multiply tours acparty securing the Presidency has alcordingly.

party securing the Presidency has alin previous letters. Practically no work
bound No. 1. The pair are on their
way to the Hawalian islands, whence the thief took his departure some

months ago. In its details the case affords another example of the foolishness of toying with Uncle Sam's mails, for America's postoffice department and America's secret service weren't a bit exercised over the hat save for the fact that it was abstracted from a government postoffice.

FANCIED THE HAT.

It seems that the Kanaka, ignorant of the vigilance with which his new government watches the divers articles consigned to its care under the protection of postage stamps, took a fancy to the hat. Such hats are common in Hilo, where this native lived, and this one was old at that. But the luckless native happened to want this particular article, of headgear, arti took it, thereby taking his place as first starter in a sort of relay race, which endured across the Pacific and the American continent.

After the theft some one told the thief what he had done, and he proceeded to put as much salt water as possible between himself and the scene of his crime. Meantime the postal department got wind of the fact that the hat had vanished and investigation was thereupon instituted. Any one who has lost a letter in the mails and has sone through the red tape of getting it back knows what this means. It took time, but it was thorough. The postmaster communicated with Washington and Washington communicated with an island inspector. Then the inspector got busy and did a lot of investigating by himself. He wrote back: for instructions and reported progress. This was done a time or two, and when It was all over the Kanaka had become a fixture in his newly adopted mother land. He had incidentally come to regard the hat affair as a closed incident.

HAT TO THE JUNK PILE. But while that Panama hat, long since reposing on some Hilo junk heap. hearing of his case before the United gress to one another, until it finally de-

tracized in Washington, as well as in factor in this story. The secret service-Kansas. Should the verdict of the department is a terrible affair, as more court be set aside and he be ultimately than one offender against the federal acquitted, he would undoubtedly insist laws can testify, and it never stops on resuming his seat in the Senate. In until it has turned in a report of asany event, however, his usefulness as a much as possible accomplished. And Senator is at an end and, even if he re- the secret service department, doesn't mains as a member of the Senate Comparticularly care whether the crime of mittee on Pacific Islands and Porto the offender be in the ethical nature of Rico, he will never again figure as an petty larceny or murder, so long as it is influence in matters of Hawaiian legis- set upon his heels. The article stolen may be a postoffice in its entirety or an old Panama hat, and the result is generally the same.

WANDERED TO DELAWARE. So it came to pass that the investigation took a new turn and the Kanake became a wanted man. By this time he had wandered along in happy reached the State of Delaware.

No necessity exists for going further into details. Mail was watched and photographs were sent out until the wanted man was located. Then Delaware's United States officials arrested: him. His trip back to the islands began soon after, a trip which took him through Utah a sadder and wiser manwhen it comes to the subject of annexing Penamas, at the time in care of Uncle Sam.

Renton Still Allve,

The steamer Maui, which left for Mahukona Monday with George Renton and his sisters, returned yesterday afternoon at about 4:30 o'clock. Mr. James Renton is reported still alive but with. little hope of recovery. The Maul arrived at the Hawaii port at 2:45 yesterday morning after a run of about fourteen hours. The return trip was made with less haste. As the distance is 268 sea miles the speed was very good. 🌯

Hawailan Voters on Mainland,

Editor Advertiser: Please let me know through the medium of yourpaper if a Hawaiian voter in this Territory can go to the States and cast a vote at the coming election,

Yours truly, J. E. R.

Newspaper ARCHIVE®

[He must have first gained a restdence in the State and in the voting precinct. The time-limit is a year in the one case and thirty days in the-

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Marques returned on the Sierra pesterday from the coast-

 ${\sf Newspaper}$ ${\sf HRCHIVE}^{\otimes}$.

INSURANCE CASES DROP

One Discontinued and Nonsuit in Another.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.) One Chinatown fire insurance case was discontinued before Judge De Bolt yesterday morning, and another one ended in a nonsuit after occupying the whole day before Judge Robinson. It persons may be made proper parties, was when the discontinuance was announced in court, and no other jury case ready for trial, that Judge De Bolt let his jurors go until the first week in petitioner knows their names." The October as stated below.

THE CASE THAT FAILED.

Kwong Lee Yuen & Co.'s suit against Manchester Fire Assurance Company came on for trial before Judge Robinson. S. M. Ballou and Mr. Anderson appeared for plaintiff, and A. G. M. Robertson for defendant. The following jury was empaneled: Sam. M. Kamakau, Norman Watkins, H. C. Carter, Louis C. King, J. J. Sullivan, Percy Lishman, H. P. Benson, Arthur L. Soule, Arthur Johnstone, Wm. F. Erving, Patrick Ryan, Hiram Kasha. The suit was on an insurance policy for \$750, on two Chinese dwellings on the northerly side of Maunakea street, between Hotel and King streets, which were burned in the Chinatown fire of January 20, 1900. Mr. Robertson, in cross-examining a

member of the plaintiff firm, asked him ing by writ of error to set aside a if he had put in a claim for the property before the Fire Claims Commission and received an award from that tribunal:

Mr. Ballou objected that such claim was immaterial, citing Judge Dole's decision in the Yee Wo Chan case where it held that an award of the Fire Claims Commission was not compensation but a gratuity from the Territory and the United States Congress.

It was argued in reply by Mr. Robertson that the two cases "did not trot in the same class," as in the Yee Wo Chan case the insurance was collected before the claim was entered with the Commission, whereas in the present case the plaintiffs received an award for their loss and were trying to get the insurance besides. It would be a fraud on the insurance company, counsel argued, if it was made to pay a loss that had already been made good from another source.

decision produced and finally ruled out the defendant's question.

Mr. Ballou having rested the plaintiff's case, Mr. Robertson moved for a monsuit on the ground that there was no evidence of the value of the build-ings at the time they were destroyed. At this Mr. Ballou moved for leave to reopen the case this morning on the ground of "surprise," as he did not for hearing on Saturday, October 8, anticipate a ruling that his evidence. Judge De Bolt overruled the demurwas insufficient.

ruled uniformly on that point while the ental Life Insurance Co. Ltd., vs. C. evidence for the plaintiff was being Winam, defendant, and Bishop & Co. et taken. Therefore he denied leave to re- al., garnishees. open the case and granted the motion for a nonsuit.

court's ruling, "especially on the in law." ground of abuse of discretion."

Judge Robinson then dismissed the Jury and excused its members from further attendance in court until Friday morning.

Geo. W. Smith, member of the Board of Health; Dr. J. S. B. Pratt, its executive officer, and Andrew Brown, member of the Board of Fire Commissioners, when the fire was started under orders of the Board of Health on that memorable day, were on waiting orders as witnesses in the case all day.

LESSON TO LAWYERS.

Judge De Bolt gave the attorneys in civil cases allotted to him what they seemed to need most-time in which to get ready for trial. Yesterday was the second day on which cases were set for trial, but with none of the attorneys who had answered "ready" at the calling of the calendar prepared to go on with anything. Accordingly the court excused the jurors from further attendance until Tuesday, October 4, or flifteen court days later.

THE HUSBAND'S STORY.

Kojiro Nakamura answers the libel for divorce of his wife, Tsune Nakamura, in the first place saying he was nesses, but Mr. Andrews did not deem sued erroneously by the name of Kojima Nakamura. He denies her accusations of ill-treatment and alleges her repeated desertion of him-once at Napoopoo, then at Honolulu and again at Lahaina. On the last-mentioned occasion, according to his story, they were agreed to stop over at Lahaina to see to the boundary marks and the persons some friends. This was on August 10 last, and the respondent thus tells of what happened:

"That on or about the 12th day of August said petitioner without cause or provocation and without the consent or knowledge of your respondent again left knowledge of your respondent again left and deserted him, taking with her \$50 in cash and certain valuable papers, all property of your respondent; that your respondent immediately instituted search for petitioner and thereafter, to wit, on the 19th day of August, found petitioner at Honolulu aforesaid."

Kojiro denies the affluent circumstances attributed to him in his wife's libel. He says be is growing coffee in Kona upon five acres of leased land, one-half of the area being under cultivation but without expectation of a crop for at least two years. Conclud- men, he has finally consented to pering, he gave:

"That your affiant is wholly without with the Senatorship. available money and your affant alleges. "It has been my fond hepe that I that he has spent more than \$250 pursus might run for the lower House of the ing said petitioner over the leinnes, \$125 Legislature," said he presertar. That of which he was forced to borrow-from my friends desire me to run for a Sen- 17th, the date set for the next tournsidends. That the entire assets of your storship."

respondent over his debts and obligations does not exceed one hundred dollars. And your respondent furthershows that he is now, and at all times herein mentioned has been ready and willing to support and maintain petitioner to the best of his ability provided she will return to his bed and

KAPIOLANI TRACT TAXES.

W. C. Achi enters a demurrer to the bill to enforce a tax lien brought against him by James L. Holt, assesfor. He says the complaint is bad in substance, also that there is a misjoinder of parties. "That is to say," the demurrer proceeds, "there are several persons who are necessary parties in this action, whose interests would be suffered in case the petition of the complainant shall be grafited: said persons are intended buyers of lots in the Kapiolani tract who had contracts from the defendant, W. C. Achi, to buy lots in said tract, and further this defendant says that their names were given to the petitioner, or his predecessor in office." In order that these the defendant states the names of between seventy and eighty of them, adding, "and several others of whom the prayer of demurrer reads: "Wherefore this defendant requests on account of said misjoinder of parties to dismiss the bill with coats."

AN ANCIENT CONTEST

Clarissa Amoy Monsarrat and Elizabeth Renjes, executrixes of the will of Annederia Amoy Haaleles, enter a joinder in error to the petition and assignment of errors of Junius Kaae. in the matter of the estate of Kelliahonul, deceased. This is the latest of many attempts to break the will of Kelijahonui, which was admitted to probate about half o century ago. The case involves valuable property in Honolulu, including the premises at Richards and Hotel streets devised by the will of the late Mrs. Hazleles. Kalakaua, before he was king, was a party to the litigation. Junius Kase is tryrecent decision adverse to his claim rendered by Judge Gear.

COURT NOTES.

This morning Judge De Bolt will call the odd-numbered cases in which jury has been waived to set them for hearing or other disposition.

Taguchi, Nishamura and Shimada, indicted at the June term for "being present in a place where gambling is carried on," were discharged on nolle prosequie granted by Judge Gear.

Judge Robinson overruled the demurrer, giving defendant ten days to answer, in the suit of R. C. A. Peterson against R. N. Halstead, D. L. Withington appeared for plaintiff; and A A. Wilder for defendant.

A joinder in demurrer is filed in the covenant suit of Frank Lucwelko and Minna Lucweiko vs. Territory of Hawall, the plaintiffs saying they can Judge Robinson had the Federal court establish that the grounds of demurrer are not well taken.

W. J. Lowrie vs. Kaiau Kalkainahaole (w) is discontinued. It was a suit started several years ago, when plaintiff was manager of Ewa plantation, for trespass upon land.

In the libel case of W. A. Kinney against Samuel Parker, the argument on demurrer was set by Judge De Bolt

rer, giving the defendant ten days in wer, in the suit of the Ori-

Joinder in demurrer is filed in the case of Chung See ys. Kahanun Meek, Mr. Ballou noted an exception to the plaintiff saying her complaint is good

Ahi et al. vs. New Zealand Insurance Co. is discontinued.

FISHERY HEARINGS

Lorrin Andrews, Attorney General, yesterday began the hearing of the fish- lately been presiding Elder of Yokohaery cases to pass upon the question of vested rights in the titles.

The first one heard was that of Anna Perry and others. Witnesses called were J. F. Brown, surveyor, Sol. Kauai and Manuia. Another witness was offered, but the Attorney General did not think it necessary to take other oral

Victoria Ward's case followed, the witnesses being C. Kawainoa and M. D. Monsarrat, surveyor.

Sol. Kauai's case was third and last of the day. The claimant himself testified and offered to produce other witit necessary.

H. E. Cooper and S. H. Derby appeared for all of the claimants. In each case grants, deeds, etc., were put in evidence. The oral evidence of the native witnesses related to the custom of dividing the catches in the proprietary who showed them the marks.

Miss Warner, stenographer of the Attorney General's department, took down the testimony.

John C. Lane, the stalwart young Republican leader in the Fifth District, hulu river, the mauka fence of the main stated yesterday that owing to constant pressure being brought, to bear upon him by his friends and business mit the use of his name in connection

BUILDING

Normal School Edifice Yacht Courses---Entries Plans Under Final Review.

C. S. Holloway, Superintendent of Public Works, is passing finally on the plans and specifications of the Normal into the preparations so that the celeschool building. The plans were drawn by Dickey & Newcomb, architects, and ful held in years. For the yacht races be an ornament upon the south slopes of Punchbowl. Its site is the old quar-

With ground dimensions of about 100 feet by 70 feet, the building will have piles; thence to Waikiki stake boat. a middle section of three stories and tacking around same; thence to Pearl making a tax to be paid over of \$5 for two-story wings on either side. At the corners of the building where the third buoy, tacking around same; thence to story begins, deck roofs will cover the outer parts of the second story. A peaked gable surmounts the facade, the summit of which is sixty-four feet from the ground.

the building. The third flat is divided into three rooms separated with shutters, which can be thrown into one assembly room. Opening out from this assembly room is a spacious gallery from which a splendid view of the city and harbor will be obtained.

The structure of the walls will be concrete, or Flemish bond brick with cement finish, and stock brick mixed with bond brick.

A manual training school building of one story will be erected on the premises, which among other features will contain a model kitchen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.-The annual meeting of the Pacific Japanese Mission of which Hawaii formerly formed a district has just closed. In conformity with the action of our general conference held last May, Hawali was made an independent mission, and will be known as Hawaii Mission of the Methodist Episcopal church. The following are the "appointments" for the year beginning with this date:

to be supplied; Honolulu First Japanese, G. Motokawa; Honolulu, South King street, to be supplied; Kaanapali, be supplied; Korean Mission, to be supplied Lahaina, S. Fujii; Waipahu, E. Tokimasa.

For the places marked to be supplied the superintendent has a number of workers who will labor under his immediate direction.

The paster for the English church has not yet been selected. The pulpit will be filled by Mr. Wadman until one is found. Mr. Wadman is well fitted for his position. He has been a prominent and very successful missionary in Japan for a number, of years; has ma district. He will be accompanied by his daughter. I bespeak for him the fellowship of the good people of

Respectfully yours, G. L. PEARSON.

P.S.-Mr. Wadman will probably sail from this port for Hawaii the eighth of this month. G. L. P.

IN FINE CONDITION

The Haleiwa Golf Club held a place contest on the 11th, there being twelve entries. The first five, with their net scores, are as follows:

As the first three are players who by Andrew; Diamond Head, or D. Kaheretofore have not made much of a nei; Luck 7, by Lima. showing in tournaments there will probably be a number of challenges for place.

The Haleiwa links are now in far better condition than ever before, the putting greens have been run over with a lawn mower and are now full twenty yards, while all the brush and weeds have been removed from the fair green. At a meeting of the club Saturday road is going up in the smoke of litinight the "boundary of the course" was decided upon as follows: "The Ann. in the Superior Court by C. Bolte, as road running from Halelwa to Walalua, the fence to the westward of the fifth hole and the ocean." The boundary now being definitely fixed many arguments of the past will be impossible of alleged to have been due October 9, repetition. The club at the above men- 1802. tioned meeting also decided to keep a man at work on the links continuous which will mean a vast improvement on the condition of the greens by Sent. what, ment for the challenge cup.

Many and Prizes Good.

Regatta Day is close at hand and every effort is being made to put ginger bration will be one of the most successpromise an imposing edifice that will the following rules have been prepared by the committee:

Second Division—Course: Start from imaginary line between the lighthouse ry lot at Hackfeld and Quarry streets. and Healani Boat Club: thence out the channel keeping between the buoys and Harbor bar fairway buoy, tacking around same; thence back to the bell spar buoy passing up channel finish opposite judge's stand. Going and coming from Waikiki keep on seaward side of bell buoy. A warning gun will be fired five minutes before the start. Time to be taking from the starting There will be sixteen schoolrooms in gun. Races under Hawaii Yacht Club roles

First Division-Course: Same as second division, but will finish at Spar buoy, and will start ten minutes after the second division.

The crews of the Healanis have been made up as follows:

Seniors-Dan Renear, stroke; Jean Allen, 5; Paul Jarrett, 4; Bert Heilbron, 3; Walter Rycroft, 2; Bob Mc-Corriston, 1.

Juniors-John Clark, stroke; Blackman, 5; Sullivan, 4; Geo. Desha, 3; Simpson, 2; Bennie Clark, 1. Freshmen-Wm. Dixon, stroke; Wm. Wilson, 5; Frank Armstrong, 4; Ed.

Desha, 3; Frank Hatch, 2; Vincent Fernandez, 1. The boat crews of the Myrtles are at present as follows: Benior G. Crozier, stroke; Simpson

5; Kopke, 4; Crabbe, 3; Wright, 2; King, 1. Junior-Becket, stroke; Hughes, 5; Roe, 4; Johnson, 3; Ewart, 2; Wil-

Freshmen-Brown, stroke; Honan, 5 Jenkins, 4; Underwood, 3; Becket, 2 Schmidt, 1.

The Healani pair-oared crews will probably be as follows: Seniors-Dan Renear, Bert Hellbron.

Juniors—Jean Allen, Bob McCorriston. The prizes for all races will be as fol-

Six-oared gig race, \$25; six-cared barge race, Seniors, \$25 trophy; fourth class yacht race, first prize \$25, second prize \$10, trophies; third class yachts, first prize \$25, second prize \$10, trophies; first class yachts, first prize \$25, second Superintendent, John W. Wadman; prize \$15; trophies; tug-of-war between Alea and Pearl City, T. Takahashi; Japanese sampans, \$15; Freshmen six-Hana; S. Imai, Honolulu; Fist English, bared barge; \$25 trophy; six-bared barge though Hawaii has had no regular ex- sary of the establishment of the colony race, Juniors, \$25 trophy; sampan race, hibit at the great International Fair, first prize \$15, second prize \$10; five- she has had a part, and crowds of visioared whaleboat race, \$25; six-paddle tors have had an opportunity to see piccanoe race, first prize \$15, second prize tures of Honolulu, Maui and Hawaii to be supplied; Kapaa and Kealia, to \$10; pair-oared race, \$20 trophy; steambe supplied; Kahuku and Walmea, to er-boat race, first prize \$20, second prize \$10; salling canoe race, first prize \$15, second prize \$10; tow-cared shoreboats.

first prize \$10, second prize \$5. Entries so far include the following: L Six-oared Glg Race-Kapiolani, by

George Harris; Kanoelani, by Prince Cupid. 2. Six-cared Barge Myrtles, by T.

V. King for M. B. C. 3. Launch Race-Waterwitch, by W. E. Young; P. D. Q., by J. A. Young; Billy, by P. Fitzgibbons; Pearl, by J.

R. Parker. 4. Second Class Yachts-Hopsey, by W. Erickson; Debbil, by W. Lyle; Princess. by Prince Cupid.

5. First Class Yachts-Spray, by H. E. Picker; Gladys, by T. W. Hobron. 6. Tug of War, Sampans-No entries.

7. Six-oared Barge, Freshmen-Myrties, by T. V. King for M. B. C. 8. Six-oared Barge, Juniors-Myrtles,

by T. V. King for M. B. C. 9. Japanese Sampan Race-No en-

10. Five-oared Whaleboat Race-Lawe-nihi, by Chas. Oio; Hoomai, by George Sanford; Kapiolani, by George Harris; Kancelani, by Prince Cupid. II. Six-oared Paddle Cance Race-

Il. Six-cared Paddle Cance Race-No entries. 12. Pair-oared Boat Race, Sentors-Myrtles, by T. V. King for M. B. C. 13. Pair-cared Boats, Juniors-Myr

ties, by T. V. King for M. B. C. 14. Steamer Boat Race-No entries. 15. Sailing Canoe Race-Milo, by

16. Two-oared Shoreboat Race-Everytime, by M. Kalama; Mayilower, by

THE KONA-KAU LITIGATION

The Call says: An effort to float the

new construction of a Hawaiian rail gation. A suit was begun yesterday assignee of Jacob L. Coerper, against H. Wilson, Wilson, Lyon & Co. and the Wilson-Lyon Construction Compamy for the recovery of \$2500 alleged to have been due April 9, 1903, and \$21,750

The unpaid sums are included in the lauses of a contract made on Feb-THATY 9 of last year whereby Coerper Kan Rahman Company, Limited, of Agents for Hawait.

Island of Hawaii, and all of his interest in the Kona Sugar Company. The transfer of these interests was for the purpose of financially rehabilitating the companies named. It is said that a new line was about to be laid for the railroad, but the company was embarrassed.

It is set forth in the complaint that Wilson agreed to put the company in proper shape and as soon as he was able to float the prospective bonds he would pay Coerper \$320,000 and the additional sums mentioned in the suit. If he did not succeed in four years in negotiating the bonds the promised payments were still to be made. Wilson defaulted in the first payments, hence the suit.

OPPOSE ARBITRARY TAX

There is a growing discontent among small farmers over the arbitrary tax placed on banana areas, especially on this island. The government has imposed a tax of \$500 valuation on every acre devoted to the growing of bananas, every such acre. A small farmer, speaking of this phase of taxation, said yesterday:

"That is a mighty poor encourage ment for anybody to go into the business of banana-growing. It is a most discouraging thing for the small farmer to face a tax on growing crops. He is not sure that he will ever get a crop off the land. It is speculative to a large extent, except the taxation. That is a stern reality.

"But the man next to him, who is not getting down to small farming so minutely, and who only raises cattle, pays but a total tax of \$2.49 on 300 acres.

"The tax on growing pineapple crops has been exempted for five years. It is certainly a good thing that pineappleraisers are not taxed arbitrarily for the industry would probably not attain to any great proportions in the islands if

"Another discouraging feature of colony life and small farming development is the lack of interest which men of capital manifest toward the pineapple and other centers of small farming industry. It is reported of a number of wealthy men that they have expressed themselves as not caring to invest capital in enterprises already begun, yet many have been known to be ready to step in on their own book and compete, when they know the small farmers have finally, by grit and determina-tion, made a success of their plans."

HAWAII AT THE **WORLD'S FAIR**

and to learn something of the delightful scenery, beautiful water falls, wonderful volcanoes, charming climate and valuable resources of this Paradise of

the Pacific. Rev. E. W. Thwing of Honolulu, has been visiting the Fair for the past two or three weeks. He had with him a very fine collection of about 100 Hawaiian lantern slides. Through the courtesy of Mr. Boykin, of the U. S. Interior Department, he has had the use of the lantern-picture room, in the Government building, and has given several lectures on Hawaii, to the large crowds who A. Waddoups, and his assistant, Wilhave gathered there.

After telling something, of the posi-

newest Territories of the United States, Mr. Thwing began by showing a beautiful view of Diamond Head and Waikiki beach. Then followed views of Honolulu, showing her schools and coleges, her progress and beautiful homes. Mr. Damon's school Mills Institute, for Chinese boys, appeared on the screen, showing the boys marching in uniform. the large sugar plantations were also shown. The lectures concluded with a trip to the world's largest active vol-cano, showing the rich Olaa forests, fern trees, beautiful Volcano road, Volcano house, lava formations, and the burning lake of Kilauea.

Many questions were asked at the lose and all seemed much interested in this delightful land of sunshine and rainbows, these Islands where there are no snakes, and where one can enjoy the surf and sea bathing, with cool summer breezes all the year. Many left the lecture room with a purpose to see this Island Paradise for themselves some

Dr. and Mrs. Whitney, have also enjoyed a pleasant week at the Fair. Mr Thwing leaves St. Louis to return to Honolulu the last of August.

It is reported that Prof. Stockton, leader of the New York cruiser band, is to be conductor of the Honolulu Symphony orchestra. The bandmaster asks for a guarantee of salary for six months. The matter is yet in aboy-

SOUTH AFRICAN CARPENTER CURED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S CO-LIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY .-- Mr. Geo Taylor, a carpenter at Port Elizabeth, Cape Colony, who had a very bad attack of cramp colic and dysentery, says: "I was so bad I had to go to bed, when a friend of mine gave me two doses of Chamberiain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and I got better at once. The third dose completely cured me. I am never without it now." This remedy transferred to Wilcon \$2,720,000 worth is for sale by all Dealers and Drugof the corporate stock of the Kona and gieta, Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd.,

HAVE COME

Capt. Campbell Found National Politics Very Quiet.

Captain C. J. Campbell and wife returned home in the Sierra from a prolonged visit to California, primarily taken for the benefit of the captain's nealth but proving beneficial and enjoyable to both. After a sojourn at Bartlett Springs they went to the northern part of the State. Captain Campbell indulged in trout-fishing to his heart's content. He joined a hunting party once which killed a bear, the bullet that found its billet being cred-

ited to the captain's rifle. Captain Campbell found a remarkable calm in politics for a Presidential year. He attributes this condition to the fact that the business interests have nothing to view with alarm. Business men do not seem to be afraid. of either Roosevelt or Parker for the Presidency.

The Democratic party, Captain Campbell says, will concentrate their campaign upon the doubtful States. Regarding Territorial politics, Captain Campbell says though he is a Democrat he would like to see the best men elected to the Legislature.

Captain Campbell took part in the Knights Templar parade in San Francisco. Other Honolulu knights marching with different Coast commanderies were E. R. Bath, K. R. G. Wallace and John F. Bowler, while Charles Hall and H. H. Williams were mounted as aides to the Grand Captain-General of California. Dr. G. W. Burgess and T. J. King did not appear in the parade but viewed it from a grand-

HAWAIIANS OBSERVE

SALT LAKE, Aug. 31.—The local Hawalians who attended the birthday of the colony in Skull valley have returned to Salt Lake with a report of the proceedings of the celebration.

The Hawaiians of Iosepa, Skull valley, celebrated their pioneer day on ST. LOUIS, Aug. 27, 1904.—Al- Saturday last. The fifteenth annivercame on August 28, but that being Sunday, the celebration was held on Saturday and consisted of a feast in mative style with plenty of poi, puas (roast pig a la Hawali) and other native luxuries. All the inhabitants of the colony, men, women and children, were present, with the exception of two women who were too sick to attend. In addition to the natives there were present H. P. Richards, L. John Nuttall and John T. Caine, of Sait Lake City: L. W. Woolley, of Grantsville, all of whom are directors of the Iosepa Agricultural & Stock Company; also Will Waddoups, of Bountiful, a recently returned missionary from the Hawalian Islands. The manager of the ranch, T. ford Cole, and several visitors from the adjoining ranches in the valley. All tion and importance, of this one of the joined with zest in the feast of good things provided and all, natives and whites, appeared to thoroughly enjoy themselves. After the feast a brief program was rendered consisting of songs and speeches reminiscent of the early settlement of the colony. The celebration wound up with a very pleasant and orderly dance in the evening in which natives and whites freely Views of beautiful Iao valley, Maui, and participated, mingling together without

distinction of race or color. On Sunday the quarterly conference of the Iosepa branch of the church was held, presided over by President T. A. Waddoups. The morning was occupied by the Sunday school, many of the native pupils showed marked emciency in reading and singing in English.

In the afternoon the business proper of the conference was transacted, when all the church officers, both general and local, were sustained with great unanimity, there being not one dissenting vote. Addresses were made both in English and Hawalian by the visiting elders, all of which seemed to be well received by the congregation and endorsed by hearty "amena."

The colony is progressing nicely, the people are enjoying good health; the crops this season have been generally good; about a thousand tons of lucern hay have been out and stocked, affording plenty of feed for the livestock for winter. The native laborers although comparatively few in number have worked exceedingly well. So pleased were the directors present with the reguits of their labors, that they directed the manager that when the crops were gathered and the grain thrashed, he should give a "harvest home" feast and dance at the expense of the company to which all should be invited, men,

Women and children. The visitors having enjoyed a pleasant reunion with the Incepa colonists returned to their homes last evening much pleased with their trip.

SPAIN'S VINTAGE.

In 1903 Spain produced 5,829,417,877 pounds of grapes on 2,558,277 acres. Almost all of it was made into wines.

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FRIDAY : : : SEPTEMBER 16

EXPORTS OF MANUFACTURES.

The fact that the exports of manufactures from the United States in the fiscal year just ended were the largest in the history of our commerce, and that during the last three months they have actually exceeded the value of agricultural products exported, lends interest to some figures just compiled by the Department of Commerce and Labor through its Bureau of Statistics, showing the growth in the exports of principal manufactured articles from 1870 to 1904, and the increase in importations of materials for use in manufacturing during the same period.

The statement divides the manufactures into ten great groups, which form, it says, about 80 per cent of the total value of the manufactures exported. These ten groups are iron and steel, mineral oils, copper, agricultural implements, wood manufactures; chemicals, drugs and dyes, leather and manufactures thereof, cotton manufactures, paraffin, and paper and manufactures thereof. Iron and steel shows the largest total, being in round terms 112 million dollars; mineral oils, 72 millions; copper, 57 mil-Hons; leather, 34 millions; agricultural implements, 23 millions; chemicals, 13 millions; wood manufactures, nearly 13 millions; paraffin over 8 millions, and paper, over 7 million dollars.

Iron and steel and copper show the most remarkable growth during the period of thirty-four years, the growth in iron and steel having been from 13 million dollars in 1870 to \$111,-948,586 in 1904; and copper, from half million dollars in 1870 to 57: millions in 1904. Mineral oils increased from 30 millions to 72 millions during the same period; leather, from less than 1 million to over 33 millions; cotton manufactures, from less than 4 millions to 22 millions; agricultural implements, from 1 million to over 22 mil-

These 10 articles or groups of articles form about 80 per cent of the total manufactures exported. In 1870 their total amounted to less than 60 million dollars, and in 1904 amounted to about 363 millions. Copper shows a remarksble growth, especially during the last decade. From 1870 to 1893 the exportations of copper were small, seldom exceeding 5 million dollars. In 1894, however, there was an increase to practically 20 million dollars; by 1898 the total exceeded 30 millions; by 1900 it year 1904 was over 57 million dollars, pelled to spend, and the same rule ap-Leather manufactures also show a In 1870, and \$33,980,615 in 1904.

in exportation of manufactures is the \$7.10 but no money was wasted and he growth in importation of foreign mate- was better housed, better fed, better in territorial days when there were but party to visit Honolulu. rial required for use in manufactur- clothed, better educated, and had a ing. Curiously, manufacturers' mate- large surplus in bank, then, in the latrials imported in 1904 are almost identical in value with finished manufactures exported. The raw materials imported for use in manufacturing in 1904 amounted to 321 million dollars, and the partially manufactured materials for use in manufacturing amounted to 136 million dollars, making a total of 457 millions of manufacturers' materials imported, as against \$52 million dollars' worth of finished manufactures exported. These manufacturers' materials include raw silk, fibers, india rubber, hides and skins, furs and fur skins; chemicals, drugs and dyes, wool, cotton, wood, tin, and iron and steel, and sundry other articles in a partially manufactured state.

A table showing the ten groups of manufacturers' materials, which form about 90 per cent of the raw material imported for use in manufacturing, is published by the Bureau of Statistics. It shows that the importations of fibers have increased from 6 million dollars in 1870 to 38 millions in 1904; silk, from 3 millions to 46 millions; india rubber. from 314 millions to 42 millions; hides, from 14 millions to 52 millions; chemicals, from 20% millions to 65 millions; wool, from 614 millions to 241/2 millions; cotton, from less than a half million dollars in value to over 9 millions; wood, from a little over a haif million dollars to over 20 million dollars, and tin, from less than 2 millions to over 21 millions of dollars in the period from 1870 to 1904,

Willie Crawford for the Legislature in to be polled. When that happens the Of course if such a day does come, they recognition, no doubt, of his services in trundling a papier-mache dragon about last New Year's day. Willies' dragón, which has a huge maw and a knack at picking up coin, would thrive in legislative pastures. Let it be hoped that the nominating convention will name them both.

As Honolulu is a strategic point it may be that it will yet get a visit from one of the Russian commercedestroyers. What is to prevent a Russian steamer from lying outside the three mile limit and waiting for versels to search? Evidently Russia means to keep tab on the contraband commerce of the Pacific and for that purpose this point is as good as any.

When a white taxpayer sees his children sent home from a school which the children of non-taxpayers and turn comes to twist the English lan- in carrying out her promise to leave lifes of the scheme grow with every and governmental co-operation, to ax- McDonald, Canada; Nells T, Nellsen, grange into strange shapes.

THE PERCENTAGE PALSEHOOD.

The most habitual liars in literature are figures, and the most extreme form of this kind of mandacity is percentages. It is worth noticing that the worst example of the proposition in recent years has been furnished by the Democratic candidate for the Vice-Presidency in his recept speech of acceptance. To disprove the acknowledged prosperity of the United States under the administration of President McKinley and President Roosevelt, he said:

Our Republican friends are prone to refer to the great commercial growth of the country under their rule and yet the census reports show that, from 1850 to 1860, under Democratic rule and the Walker tariff, the percentage increase was greater in population, wealth, manufactures and railroad mileage, the factors which affect most largely prosperity, than in any

decade since. The absurdity of this passage could be illustrated in a hundred ways by merely assuming a few figures. A village, with a population of 500 in 1850, may have had 1000 in 1860. Therefore, as Mr. Davis argues, the rate of increase was 100 per cent. In 1890 if the same village had become a city with 100,000 inhabitants and, in 1900, it contained 150,000, the rate of increase in the latter decade would be only fifty per cent. What an irrefragable contrast in favor of the Democratic party! The Republicans had better "hunt their holes."

Again: In 1850, a western farmer may be conjectured to have raised 100 bushels of wheat. In 1860 his crop was 200 bushels. Another 100 per cent increase is thus demonstrated. In 1890, on the same land, the same farmer may have harvested 10,000 bushels, and, ten years later, in 1900, most likely only had 12,500, and, therefore, in that decade, he had enlarged his production of this staple article but 25 per cent. Here is another contrast, which demolishes the Republican

Once more: In 1850, let it be assumed there were only 5000 miles of railroad in the United States, which, under Democratic administration, in 1860, had grown threefold, and, therefore, the development was equal to 200 per cent. Between 1888 and 1887,-and these are actual figures,-the miles of railroad in the country were extended from 154,222 to 179,718, and increased less than twenty per cent. This showing, on Mr. Davis's interpretation. would prove that the Republican party had absolutely arrested transportation facilities on the mainland!

It is useless further to pursue this farcical appeal to American voters with a common school education. But Mr. Davis reaches his climax and dons the dunce's cap permanently, when he undertakes to show an increase of per capita government expenses from \$2.11 per head, under Buchanan in 1860 to \$7.10 per head, in 1904, under Roosevelt, and thus to disprove the Republican assertion of successful administration. The gist of this argument is that, if a clerk, with \$500.00 per year salary, spends \$400.00 in 1860, the same clerk in 1904, with a salary of \$10,000 per year, if he expends \$7,500.00, has been reduced to poverty. What a er 50 millions, and in the fiscal what he is authorized and even comas compared with \$504,741 in 1870, plies alike to individuals and to nations. If, in 1860, an average citizen marked gain, having been but \$673,331 was mulcted \$2.11 for the national account, and found it hard to make both Equally interesting with the growth ends meet, and in 1904, he contributed ter year, he was immeasurably better off. And this is the record of the United States, with eighty millions of population and as many billions of property.

The Democratic nominees must be hard driven, if they are compelled to rely upon groundless statements and schoolboy can answer.

If the Russians have not invaded Korea one wonders why. It is the obvious thing to do so as to create a diversion and get in shape to cut the supply lines of Kuroki, At present a Russian army from the north could be taken out on the Vladivostok railroad to a point where a short cut could be made into northeastern Korea. It would not have to go far from the border to seriously disarrange the plans of the enemy.

Mr. Parker, as a man who believes in gold and votes for silver seems to have been counted on as an ideal harmonizer. But as yet he has only produced indifference. So far there has not been enough enthusiasm in the Parker campaign to disturb a morgue.

Kansas populists have indorsed Parname in the Kansas returns.

Democracy gets measured for creps.

Judge Parker is not to be blamed for keeping out of a stumping canvass the possibilities of which were exhausted by Bryan.

Kuropatkin may not get 192,000 men but he is sure of being reenforced by several carloads of ikons.

Russian naval captains may be trusted, nowadays, to find a convenient port

The New England returns are giving Bryan his first chance to smile since the convention.

Going to the front is popular in Rusria now when the frontage has a northern exposure.

Manchuria.

THE JAPANESE REGIMEN.

The health of the Japanese is the subject of an article in the Medical Record which, after stating that the Japanese, are the strongest people physically and mentally on earth, goes on to tell why in the following terms:

The diet which enables them to develop such hardy frames and such well-balanced and keen brains consists simost wholly of rice, steamed or bolled, while the better-to-do add to this Spartan fare fish, eggs, vegetables and fruit. For beverages they use weak tea, without sugar or milk, and pure water, alcoholic stimulants being but rarely indulged in. Water is imbibed in what we should consider prodigious quantities—to an Englishman, indeed the drinking of so much water would be regarded as madness. The average Japanese individual swallows about a gallon daily in divided doses.

The Japanese recognize the beneficial effect of flushing the system through the medium of the klaneys, and they to an extent undreamed of in Europe or in America.

Another—and perhaps this is the usage on which the Japanese lay the greatest stress-is that deep, habitual, forcible inhalation of fresh air is an essential for the acquisition of strength, and this method is sedulously. practiced until it becomes a part of their nature.

There are two crucial errors in the Medical Record's summary of causes. Alcoholic stimulants are not rarely indulged in, sake being in as common use as cider is in New England. As to drinking "prodigious quantities, of waten" the Japanese drinks so little, be let in. We cannot save the situsexcept as it enters into the beverage of tea, that his ration is about onefifth that of an American. Water is so polluted in Japan that the people have learned to use it sparingly or not will stick to the soil and hold it. Then at all

The secret of Japanese physical strength is the use of easily digested food, and not too much of that; an open-air life, well-ventilated houses and abundant exercise. Both body and brain are benefited by this regimen, which might be studied to advantage by races that call themselves advanced.

UTAH POLITICS.

The cablegram in yesterday's Adver tiser to the effect that an American party had been organized in Sait Lake to oppose church politics is the result of the nomination by the recent Republican State Convention of John C. Cutler, a prominent Mormon merchant, for

Cutler was nominated on the second ballot, defeating Heber M. Wells, the present incumbent, and John M. Hammond, the present Secretary of State. It was openly stated by Wells men after their defeat that Mormon church influence had secured Cutler's nomination, and party bolters soon became numerous. The Salt Lake Tribune, the leading Republican daily, showed its disapproval of Mr. Cutler, and attacked the Mormon church for its inter-

has been reduced to provide a criterion of joined several Mormon church officials, ties and under special arrangements, publican, is to be selected as secretary the Tribune stating that it was to the convention against Wells.

With the organization of the Amertwo parties in the field-Mormons and non-Mormons, or People's Party and Liberals as they were known politically. Up to 1893 these two parties were arrayed against each other. In the city election held in Salt Lake in Februry, 1890, the Liberals (for the first time defeated the People's Party by a the city of San Francisco, but the enthe entire Gentile ticket went into office. When Utah became a State in 1893, it was agreed to drop the old religious party feeling and the Republican and Democratic parties were organized. The Mormon church, however, has dominated both parties, using the whip whenever its interests seem-

ed to demand it. Former Congressman King of Utah, this political method of showing its disapproval of the proceedings against the United States Senate.

POLITICS AND POPULATION.

The Japanese voter will soon be add-The Chinese voters have indorsed that the full Republican vote is going Chinese members of the legislature? gramme was a failure. will be Japanese and Chinese born and California, which comprises alike the Kamaiopili, E. W. Quinn, Ed. Towse, raised here, Americanized as far as is hearts and the brains of the people. J. A. Hughes, Wm. Aylett, F. Andrapossible and educated in English- Almost coincidently with the prolonged speaking schools. Still it will be a re- festival, in which business ends were markable spectacle to see Asiatics on the floor of an American legislature beauties of the occasion, improvements anxiety as well as interest. Certainly of more than seventeen millions, and the future legislatures of Hawali profor cosmopolitan population that will by the Supreme Court of the Golden ernmental freak worth seeing.

goes without saying. But what are we assists new and desirable material. going to do about it? In the last elecyear as Amatics reach withe age. In pedite its inevitable destiny,

the words of the great American phrase-maker, we are confronted by a "condition, not a theory."—Star.

The Star does not believe in diversified farming in spite of what is being done with bananas and pineapples and what may be from with tobacco, sisal and vanilia. Yet in diversified farming and a coincident opening up of public lands to American settlers, lie the only hope of Americanising these islands. It is a fiction of law that Hawall is now Americanised, one at which at least 120,000 out of our 150,000 people snap their fingers. We have nearly 100,000 Asiatics who do not change their principles with their environment and at least 20,000 others to whom Americanism is either a barren name or a fertile annoyance. These people are rearing future voters by the thousand and in course of time, unless also cleanse the exterior of their bodies, a white middle-class population is secured, Hawail will be foreign soil to every American political sentiment. The small farm movement, such as

peopled the vacant places of the mainland West and made them sympathetic parts of the American Union, is ours to command. American farmers are ready to come here and occupy the land and the land is walting. All that is needed is a sign of welcome from the Territorial government. Unless Hawaii is to be surrendered to the alien the American farmer must tion with tourists or convalescents, nor yet with speculators. We must have an American population which and not till then will this country "begin to progress along traditional American lines.

PROMOTION IN CALIFORNIA.

The Thennial Conclave of Knights Templar at San Francisco in 1883 exceeded in brilliancy all the conclaves by which it had been preceded. The Kingdom of Hawaii was then represented, not only, in one sense by the Hawalian Knights Templar, but by the Hawaiian band, which was one of the most attractive features of the celebration_

From all accounts, the Triennial mony. Conclave of 1904, held in the same metropolis, was among the grandest pageants ever witnessed in the United States. It would be impossible even to enumerate its most distinctive features. The daylight scene on Market street, when 10,000 Knights formed a procession, or at night when the combination of electric lights was ablaze, must have been and is pronounced to have been magnificent.

But this time and formally, Hawaii was not represented. The Territory was as unrecognizable there as in the International Exposition at St Louis. Cutler is said to have left the come The Knights and the growds by which Kuhio. The alleged "knifing" is said vention hall after his nomination, and they were accompanied from every to be the result of a deal whereby D. Kalauokalani, Jr., now a staunch Relast marks of thank them for their aid in throwing did illumination had expired, they returned to their homes. Although Mr. dispirited but as vociferous as usua Edward M. Boyd, the Secretary of the was seen near the Government building Hawaiian Promotion Committee, was yesterday. How he got there is know ican party in Salt Lake the political on the ground, it was impossible for only to himself-and the musical floc situation there harks back to the time him to organize even one excursion he left behind him at Kailua. It is

The entire affair, without violating clai delegate sent down to protes any of the proprieties, through the perfect organization that has been effeeted within three years, became an unique and gorgeous advertisement for California. The greetings of the Governor of the State and of the Mayor of San Francisco were impressed with the stamp of Pacific hospitality. Not only comparisons which any American large majority after a bitter fight and tire commonwealth, were turned over to the visitors. In every direction local productions and invitations to settlement were prominent. The Mechanics' Pavilion, on its main floor, became s grove of redwood trees, in which Santa Ross Commandery presided. California and Golden Gate Commanderies furnished unlimited supplies of California wines and delicacies. San Jose Commandery reproduced a Santa Clara pit for the present. flower-garden. Napa soda flowed in quantities to suit the thirst of the tens of thousands of guests. The substanwho is now in New York, stated re- tial products of the state from wheat wright's office. cently that Roosevelt would be defeat- to gold were profusely exhibited. Shops ed in Utah, the Mormon church taking contained signs that told where accurate and reliable information could be procured. Promotion literature of the best quality, reduced to the small-Apostle Smoot, when he was elected to est volume and crammed with systematized facts, was accessible in every quarter. Order and precision were without a flaw. The best citizens were divided into committees each of which did its work and all of which were co-This is a sad event for Candidate Wat- ed to the Chinese. There are hundreds ordinated. There was no unbending son who at least had a right to see his of Japanese growing up to become formalism in banquets, in receptions or voters. Citizenship is their birthright, in the vast diversity of amusements, as it is of many Chinese. Will the day but each available moment was occucome when we shall have Japanese and pled, and no part of the long pro-

This is the result of organization in consulted without marring the social and the result will be watched with in San Francisco alone to the amount including hospitals, public schools, the day, mise to be highly interesting bodies, public library, parks, play grounds. and the islands will gain a reputation and other utilities, had been sanctioned extend all over the world. A legisla- State. And, when such a concentrature composed of whites, Hawailans, tion of attractions draws the best Chinese and Japanese will be a gov- class of immigrants, as it is doing month by month, it is found that pub-That the average voter of today does lie land is available and that every not want to see such a state of affairs [department of industry welcomes and

This is another object lesson to Hation the Home Rulers, recognizing the | wall, which, located in the stream of

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.) Major McLelian left for Hilo yesterday in the Kinau.

The funeral of William Green, Jr.,

took place yesterday. H. P. Baldwin departed in the Claud-

ine last evening for Maul. Ernest Parker is now bookkeeper for

the Humuula Sheep Ranch.

The Irwins and Mrs. livers departed yesterday on the Sonoma for the coast. The annual report of Governor Carter was forwarded to Washington, yesterday on the Sonoma.

Two short articles on Maul subjects in yesterday's maper should have been credited to the Maul News.

Secretary Atkinson sent a wireless from Maul Yesterday asking that his mail be addressed to Paia, Maui.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Robertson and Rev. O. J. Guilck were outgoing passengers yesterday on the Mauna Loa The coroner's jury in the case of Hullmoku, who was drowned Sunday,

returned a verdict of accidental drown-

The opening of tenders for the construction of an armory at Hilo, Hawaii has been postponed till noon of Sept.

Providing that right of way is obtained, the Kohala Ditch people hope to make contracts for construction in a short time.

Treasury Warrants registered numbers 5678 to 6156, inclusive, are now payable at the office of the Treesurer of the Territory.

The High School is so crowded this vear that several children are reported to have been unable to obtain permis-

sion to enter. Dr. McGrew registered as a voter yes terday and asked to have attached to

his registration the statement that he was a Democrat. Farm Cornn, a young Chinese well known in the city, was sworn in yes-

terday morning as Chinese interpreter for Judge Gear's court. Most of the warrants outstanding against the \$30,000 which Treasurer Campbell recently announced he was

ready to cash, have been presented a the Treasury Department for payment. H. Hugo of Hackfeld & Co., who recently returned from a tour of the world, was present in Tokio at the opening of the Imperial Diet and had an opportunity of witnessing the cere

Owing to indisposition Senator Crabbe was unable to attend the usual weekly meeting last night of the County Act Commission, and there being no quorum, a postponement was taken until next week.

Mr. Eckhart, director of the Hawai ian Planters' Association experimen station in Makiki, was operated on for appendicitis last Saturday at th Queen's Hospital. His condition las evening was favorable.

An evening paper states that Kalauokalani is knifing Notley, although both are in the party which is campaigning in Maul. It is said that Kalauokalan tells the natives on the q. t. to yote for

A Kalluan nightingale, alone an supposed, however, that he is a spe against the new policy of settlemen proposed by the Land Department, on the ground that it would restrict the range and feeding places to which he and his associates have been accustomed.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.) The season for pheasant, plover and

luck shooting opens today. Mrs. W. J. Moody left on the S. S. Claudine for Lahaina for a six months'

stay. Judge Dole will render several decisions today, besides hearing several

Rev. J W. Wadman came on the Slerra. He will fill the Methodist pul-

Mr. Price, who arrived on the Sierra, will occupy a position in the insurance department of Bruce Cart-

The Hondiulu Trades and Labor Council has opened new rooms in the second-entory of the Portland Block, corner of Union and Hotel streets.

At a meeting of the trustees of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday, action was taken looking to a quicker distribution of mails on their arrival and J. G. Spencer, secretary, conducted the proceedings. S. E. Damon and George M. Rolph were admitted to membership.

Candidates for the House considered at a caucus of the Republican club of the second precinct, Fourth district, were Geo. K. Low, W. W. Harris, S. de, S. F. Chillingworth and E. K. Lilikalani. Harris, Hughes and Aylett had unanimous support.

The Attorney General did not investigate any of the fishery cases yester-

Judge Dole yesterday granted the petition in voluntary bankruptcy of F.

The Fourth and Pifth District Resublicans will hold their separate and joint conventions for nominating candidntes for the House and Senate respectively at Progress hall this even-

Judge Dole made citizens yesterday inf the following named: Antonio de vote-getting possibilities of the scheme, commerce, beautiful beyond comparis | Songa, Portugal; Gustav Anderson and put up a Chinese candidate. - an utterly son and filled with diversified resources, John Wagner, Germany: John F. S. unfit one, by the way. The possible needs only organization, public unity Stokes, New South Wates; Angus P.

Humors of the Blood

Cause many troubles, -- pimples, boils and other eruptions, besides loss of appetite, that tired feeling, nts of biliousness, indigestion and headache.

The sooner one gets rid of them the better, and the way to get rid of them. and to build up the system that has suffered from them is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pilts

Forming in combination the most effective alterative and tonic medicine, as shown by unequaled, radical and permanent cures of

Scrofula -Sait Rhours Psoriasis. Bolls, Pimples, All kinds of Humor Rhoumatism Blood Poisoning Dyspepsia Debility, Etc. Catarrh

Accept no substitute, but be sure to get Hood's, and get it today.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.-General Commission Agents, Queen St., Hone-lulu, H. L

F. A. SCHAMFRIR & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honolu-lu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE.—(Robert Lewers J. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Import-ers and dealers in lumber and bulls-ing materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Ma-ehinery of every descrition made to order.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolphia Sept. 15, 1904

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First quarter of the moon Sept. 16. Times of the tide are taken from the United States Coast and Geodetic Sur-

vey tables. The tides at Kahului and Hilo occurabout one hour earlier than at Hono-

luiu. Hawailan standard time is 10 hours 50 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees thirty minutes. The time whisin Honolalu. E. D. Tenney, president, the blows at 1:30 p. m., which is the same as Greenwich, 0 hours 0 minutes. Sun and moon are for local time for the whole group.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Issued by the U.S. Weather Bureau

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gent egy, - - nourt this morning.

A STANSON AND A STANSON AND ASSESSMENT NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FOUR LADS FROM JAIL

Give Evidence of Stolen Goods Depot.

Four Portuguese lads, from 16 to 20 years of age, were taken out of jail yesterday to testify against Ho Sol, indicted for receiving stolen goods. Three of them gave evidence in right smart English, showing the great benefit of the Hawatian free school system, but the fourth-a Caliban in appearance-when asked if he understood the oath about to be put to him requested an interpreter's assistance. It was then but a few minutes till noon, so that this witness was set aside and A. McDuffle, police officer, substituted.

Alfred Figers, Antone Lewis and Joaquin Silva were the three prison cadets examined. Their stories agreed in a general sort of way to prove the coolest and most businesslike negotiations with Ho Soi before committing a robbery, ending in his agreement to receive goods and pay the robbers a proportion of the value of the booty.

Ho Sol's answer, as related by the boys, when they told him on February 27 that they were going to rob Manuel Pacheco's store in the Magoon block, Kakasko, the same night indicated that there were well-established business relations between the gang of thieves and the defendant.

"All right," was the laconic answer they received from Ho Sol.

They told of the robbery and the booty they carried to Ho Soi's "fence" at 8 a. m. on February 28. A case of salmon, several parcels of tobacco, half a box of cigars, cigarettes, etc., made up the invoice. Ho Soi, according to the evidence of the robbers, paid the chieftain of the band \$7 or \$8 and they went away. Next thing they were in the hands of McDuffle and Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth, with whom they went to Ho Sol's store.

In the afternoon Chillingworth and the victim of the robbery. Pacheco, were called by the prosecution, which rested at 3.25 without deeming the fourth robber's evidence worth the expense of hiring an interpreter

Officer McDuffle could not remember the date of his arrest of the robbers, but thought it was about the 12th of February. This was such a wide distance from the date the boys gave that Mr. Cathcart, counsel for defendant, moved to throw the evidence out. The motion was overruled for the time being. Later a portion of McDuffie's evidence was struck out, the jury being directed to disregard it.

The following jury was empaneled to try Ho Soi: Edwin Benner, J. H. Craig, James Brown, H. A. Parmelee, Harry Carl, J. W. Bergstrom, C. J. Fishel, John C. Lane, J. J. Dias, G. D. Mahone, Geo. Dillingham, J. A. Lawelawe. The trial will be resumed this morning.

M. F. Prosser, Deputy Attorney General, is prosecuting.

JUDGMENT RENDERED. Judge De Bolt heard without a jury

the case of Washington Mercantile Co. vs. Wm. A. H. II. Thayer & Hemenway appeared for plaintiff, and C. W. Ashford for defendant. Judgment was given for plaintiff for \$80 and costs An exception was noted and notice of motion for a new trial given by de-

CALLING OF CALLENDAR.

In the calling of jury-waived cases before Judge De Boit yesterday half a dozen were passed for the time and the following disposition made of

Lilliuokalani vs. the Inter-Island Telegraph Company and Mele Kahano vs. M. Manuahi were struck from the calendar.

Houghton Miffin & Company vs. Dr. T. Mitamura, Tong See vs. A. M. Brown, Honolulu Investment Company vs. Helen Rowland et al and Thomas F. McTighe vs. Edward Walsh were continued for the term,

In C. W. Booth vs. Wa Chu et al the spreal was dismissed and Oahu R. & L. Co. vs. Lionel R. A. Hart and Haleakala Hart was set for hearing this afternoon.

KEATING ESTATE DIVISION.

M. D. Monsarrat, commissioner to divide property in the case of Keating vs. Keating, has made his report. The land and house at Kaukahoku, Nuuanu road, are divided by value three quarters to Mrs. Francis Keating and one quarter to James Keating. Valuing the land at \$2400 and the house at \$400, or \$2800 in all, Mrs. Keating's share is \$2100 worth and James Keating's \$700 worth. Of the total area of land, 191 acres, Mrs. Kealing gets 1.40 acres and the house and James Keating 0.58 acre.; Mrs. Keating has the mauka portion with a frontake of 154 feet on Numbu road, and James Keating the makai portion with a frontage of 96 feet on the same road. Mr. Monsarrat says that in dividing the property the value of the house and the lay of the divisions have been taken into consideration. Besides being familiar with the property he had made an examination of it since his appoint-

TORRENS LAND TITLE.

Judge Philip L. Weaver has rendered a desision in the Court of Land Regisfration, confirming and guaranteeing to Rev. Dominic Studdet. D. D., the

title to the premises in Prospect street formerly owned by the late John F.

FENCE INJUNCTION.

William McCandless has filed an answer to the complaint of Territory of Hawaii, for injunction restraining him from obstructing a highway at Palama. He neither admits nor denies that there is a highway from King street to the rice mill of Y. Ahin. He denies that on or about March 11, 1904, he unlawfully obstructed the highway referred to by erecting a fence of posts and rails within the limits of such highway, for a distance of more than 100 feet, and denies that he has erected any fence which constitutes a permanent obstruction to the use of said highway.

"And respondent further answering says," the declaration concludes, "that on or about the 11th day of March, 1904, respondent constructed a fence more than one hundred feet in length, and that said fence was so constructed on land owned in fee by respondent; that there is no highway over said land, and that said fence so constructed as aforesaid is no obstruction to any high-

COURT NOTES.

The First American Savings & Trust Co. of Hawall, Ltd., by its attorneys, C. A. and E. A. C. Long, have filed a motion for deficiency judgment against Mary J. Montano and A. A. Montano

George A. Davis yesterday filed satisfaction of judgment in his suit for attorney's fee against Mrs. Libana de Nobrega, according to verdict of jury for \$200 and costs. The release is for

A general denial is filed by defendant in the assumpsit suit of K. Matsumoto

vs. Kapiolani Estate, Ltd. Judge De Bolt appointed W. O. Smith administrator of the estate of Ane Paakaula without bonds.

Lai Sun, indicted for maintaining a lottery scheme, by his counsel, C. C. Bitting, withdrew his plea of guilty and filed a demurrer.

FEDERAL JURY LISTS HAVE BEEN DRAWN

Grand and trial jurors for the coming term of the United States District Court, to open on Monday, October 10, were drawn yesterday as follows:

Grand Jurors Chas. T. Day, C. Widemann, Chas. Rose, E. Lyman, D. W. Anderson, Wm. Dower, J. O. Carter, Jr., E. B. Freil, W. L. Howard, C. B. Gray, Geo. W. Farr, J. C. Cohen, J. Kaelemakule, W. F. Jocher, J. H. Hare, J. Kennedy, H. Bush, T. B. Lyons, L. R. A. Hart, W. H. Hughes, Dan K. Kamakanahoa, J. Kai, John Mark-

Trial Jurors-James E. Jaeger, Dan K. Kaea, J. B. Battersby, Geo. Hoffman, Chas. Jones, Géo. Copp (Hilo), P. C. Jones, J. P. Kaaikaula, Chas. W. Spitz (Lihue), T. W. Hobron, Arthur Johnstone, John Crowder, E. E. Hartman, J. D. Kennedy (Hilo), L. C. Hooker, T. R. Mossman, L. D. Keliiplo (Hilo), M. A. Gonsalves, A. A. Benson (Hilo), Benj. D. Baldwin (Maui), C. F. Murray A. W. Van Valkenburg, Ernest Hutchinson, F. Wundenberg, Edward Blaisdell (Lahaina), E. S. Holt, Richard Ivers, G. E. Smithies, C. J.

natorial Candidat

J M. Dowsett and E. Faxon Bishop are endorsed as candidates for the Senate by the Republican Club of the Second Precinct, Fourth district. John C. Lane has come out, under solicitation of friends, as a candidate for the Senate instead of for the House, to represent the Fifth district. E. R. Adams is still in the field to be the Fifth district nominee for the Senate.

Tenders for Boad.

Bids were opened at the Public Works office yesterday for construction of a portion of the road between Puaaluu and Muolea, Maul, as follows:

L. M. Whitehouse, 120 days.....\$ 9,745

Have you been ill? Are you still weak and discouraged? Do not get strength as fast as you think you should? Then take a good tonic, something that will aid your digestion and build you up quickly.



Jr., Mt. Torrens, his photograph.

his photograph.

"After a very severe attack of rhsumatic fever I was left in a very weak condition. It was feared that I could not possibly pull through. I could get no help from any medicine. I feel sure that unless there had been a change just at that time I could not have recovered. But a friend of mine had taken Ayer's Barasparille and knew what a splendid tonic it was. So he urged me to try it. I can now truthfully say that I feet better even after the first dose. It seemed to build me right up from the very start, and in a few weeks my recovery was complete."

many imitation Saraparillas sure you get "Ayer's." Promptly correct any bendency to consti-pation or billiousness. Aper's Pills are sugar-coated, easy to take, mild in setton. Proposed by Br. J. C. Ayer Co., Lorenti, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

BANKRUPTCY MRS. ALMY

Motion to Dismiss Petition.

The contested bankruptcy case of L. Hee was decided by U. S. Judge S. B. Dole yesterday by the overruling of a motion to dismiss the petition of five business houses of Honolulu which asked that L. Hee be adjudicated a bank-

It was represented by the petitioning creditors that L. Hee was indebted to them in the aggregate sum of \$1220.60 in excess of any securities held by

Other creditors answered the petition to show that the indebtedness mentioned was not that of L. Hee but of a partnership to which he belonged. They said the partnership had been in existence since January 18, 1897, and had not been dissolved but that its place of business was destroyed in the Chinatown fire. Since that time, they said further, L. Hee had been doing business as an individual in North Kohala; that on August 17, 1903, being indebted to various persons on account of his individual business, he made an assignment of his property in North Kohala for the benefit of all such persons to Hoffschlaeger Co., Ltd. It was also alleged that he had left the Terriotry and had no agent within the jurisdic-

Judge Dole finds that the petitioning ereditors have made out a prima facie case as to their holding provable claims against respondent to the extent of over \$500. Their original accounts against him were burned in the Chinatown fire, but evidence was admitted to show that such accounts had existed. They all denied having done business with a partnership, but testified it was with L. Hee as an individual. They supposed Wing Chong Tai, which contestants gave as the name of L. Hee's partner, to be his own business name. However, the decision says:

"It is not necessary for the court to decide this point because it makes no difference as to their right of petitioning for the adjudication of L. Hee as a bankrupt, whether they were creditors of a partnership of which he was a member or whether they were creditors of L. Hee in his individual capacity, a partner of the partnership being liable for all the partnership debts."

Finally, the court rules that the question of the bankruptcy of L. Hee as an individual is the sole object of these proceedings, and the creditors of the alleged partnership, as well as the creditors of L. Hee as an individual, may petition for adjudication.

In accordance with these views, and an act of bankruptcy by L. Hee being admitted by the answer, the motion to dismiss is overruled.

W. Austin Whiting for petitioners; Thayer & Hemenway for contesting creditors.

HAIN FELL LASI

Shortly after eleven o'clock last night there was a heavy downpour of rain utes the streets in the business section the Said Pasha audience had got out and scores of people had their clothes ruined. There was a general rush for shelter. It was the first heavy downpour of the season and it brought the recent drouth to a sudden end.

CUTS, BRUISES AND BURNS QUICKLY HEALED. 'Chamberlain's Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment and when applied to cuts, bruises and burns, causes them to heal without maturation and much more quickly than by the usual treatment. It allays the pain of a burn or scald almost instantly. Unless the injury is very severe it does not leave a soar. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Ha-

OF L. HEE WINS PART

Judge Dole Overrules a Awarded \$1800 Against Cotton Bros. & Co. For House-Boat.

Eighteen hundred and fifty dollars with costs was awarded by Judge Sanford B. Dole to Mary K. Almy in her admiralty suit against E. J. Cotton, J. B. Agassiz and C. E. Cotton, co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of Cotton Brothers & Co. The claim was for \$2500 damages on account of the loss of a house-boat, which was wrecked on the open sea while the libeliees were attempting to tow it from Pearl harbor to the port of Honolulu on August 4. 1903:

Carelessness and negligence were al leged against the libellees for the man-ner of towing the house-boat, it having been placed in a tandem tow between the tugboat and two laden scows, and for careless and negligent selection of the time in which the tow was attempted relative to conditions of wind and sea then prevailing.

In their answer the libellees said they leased the house-boat from the libellant from January 1, 1903, to July 29, 1903, by a written lease; that during all the time mentioned in the libel H. N. Almy, husband of the libellant, was in charge and control of the house-boat and acting as her agent; that the value of the househoat was, up to August 4, 1903, \$1500; that pursuant to their lease it became their duty on July 29, 1903, to deliver the house-boat to libellant at Pearl harbor, and that she was notified of the termina tion of the lease so that she might take possession; that at such termination she requested the libelices to remove the house-boat to Honolulu for her convenience; that they agreed to do so but under the express stipulation that they should not be responsible for any loss or damage to the house-boat which might occur during such removal, and that they preceded to remove the house-boat from Pearl harbor to the port of Honolulu on August 4, 1903. They admit the position of the house-boat in the tow as complained, but allege due care and good seamanship together with weather not unfavorable, and they account thus for

That when the tow was near to Kalihi Channel the house-boat suddenly went over on one side and thereupon the libeliees towed the same into shallow water and anchored her, and then proceeded to Honolulu with the scows and the persons who had been on the house-boat; that after reaching Honolulu the towing steamer returned to the house-boat and towed her to the port of Honofulu: that the turning over of the house-boat was not due to carelessness or negligence on the part of the libellees but, as they were informed and believe was due to the fact that the house-boat was not properly built into the scow but was simply tacked thereto with ten penny nails which became gradually loosened from the rocking of the scow."

Judge Dole quotes the terms of the

the damage:

lease, including a condition "that in case of total loss of the house-boat they" (the lessees) "will pay to the lessor two thousand five hundred dollars." He discusses conflicting testimony as to whether or not there was an oral agreement between the lessees and Mr. Almy that the former would not be responsible for accident in towing the craft to Honolulu. Expert testimony also conflicting is reviewed on the questions of seamanship, negligence and condition of the house-boat when taken in tow. The court is of the opinion, after citing auresembling a cloudburst. In five min-thorities on liabilities of towing, "that the accident was not unavoidable and that the libeliees failed in exercising the were affoat. The storm came just after care and caution which the circumstances reasonably required and that the damage to the house-boat was due to such failure." From the evidence of witnesses for the libellees there is no doubt in the court's mind "that there was a swell that made it obviously dan-gerous for the house-boat to go to sea." On the question of condition of the

house-boat the court says: 'That the inherent weakness of the house-boat was not such as to make it unsafe to take her to sea under any conditions is shown by the fact that she was towed from Honoiulu to Pearl harbor in the open sea by the libellees with-

in a year before the accident." A decision in point is quoted where it was held that "the maritime skill and care thus called for is such as is reasonable in that service and under the conditions such as may reasonably be demanded under the peculiar circumstances

HAWAIIAN DAILY WEATHER REPORTS ON MAINLAND

cities of the mainland, and according to reports, are proving an important factor in attracting attention to the islands.

E. M. Boyd, secretary of the Hawaii Promotion Committee, who returned yesterday from the Coast, states that the daily reports of the weather in Hawaij will have an excellent effect upon travel. He says that in some hotels such as the St. Francis in San Francirco, the chief clerks are following a plan of which Mr. McMurray of that hotel was one of the ploneers, of keeping on his desk for the information of guests the record of the daily temperature of the leading cities of the world, Honolulu has now been included in

One Honolulan offered to bet a bottle higher than before.

Hawalian weather reports are now of wine that the Honolulu weather then being received daily in all the big was at least 15 degrees cooler. That night when the daily Honolulu report came to the St. Francis it was 78. Mr. Boyd made an effort in San Francisco, and extended the same by

letter to Los Angeles and elsewhere, to have the Honolulu daily weather report set out plainly and conspicuously. A daily comparison of temperatures in the botels causes much favorable comment about Honolulu. Louis Meyer, formerly of the Adver-

tiser staff, and now on the staff of the Des Moines (Iowa) Daily News, writes: "It has been a little shivery lately and sometimes I wouldn't mind being in Honolulu, for we get your daily weather reports now."

Director Ashley of the U. S. local weather bureau stated resterday that the daily reports of weather taken on the roof of the Toung Building, are & On Wednesday of last week when the shade less than those formerly taken temperature in San Francisco had at Honolulu, thus disproving the statereached 100.2, Hawaiians there were ment made when the Young Building accosted on the street and in hotels was selected as the weather bureau with the remark, "Well, you've station, that the heat about the place brought your hot weather with you." would tend to make the daily record

and emergencies of the case."

The claim of total loss and the full damage stated in the lease was pressed by counsel for the libellant under the rules of practice in maritime insurance. "But," the decision says, "it is doubt-ful if such rules can be applied to a case of this kind, and if they could there has been no abandonment of what remained of the boat-house-a scow in good condition-an indispensable condition of recovery for total loss in insur-ance cases. The United States Reports have some cases of collision in which a tendency is shown to approximate to the rule in marine insurance." In conclusion udge Dole says:

The measure of damages in this case

is the injury to the house-boat at the time of the accident. Mr. Hughes, who built her, says the scow cost seven hundred dollars and that he would not undertake to put the house-boat back in her old condition as originally constructed less the deterioration of the hull for less than two thousand dollars. Mr. Almy says the original cost was about twenty two hundred and fifty dollars, and fit ting her up for libellees' use cost nearly three hundred dollars more making a total of twenty-five hundred and fifty dollars. Why the superstructure should now cost two thousand dollars when it originally cost but fifteen hundred and fifty, or eighteen hundred and fifty with the additions made, the scow having cost seven hundred dollars, was not explained. No evidence has been introduced as to deterioration of the house-boat and yet there must have been some. estimate of the damages suffered by the libellant, is eighteen hundred and fifty dollars and a decree will be entered for that amount with costs.

A. S. Humphreys and J. J. Dunne, proctors for libellant: R. W. Breckons and Atkinson. Judd & Mott-Smith, proctors for libellees.

MBS, CARTER'S WILL FILED FOR PROBATE

George R. Carter by J. R. Galt, attorney in fact, yesterday filed a petition for probate of the will of Sybil Augusta Carter, deceased, widow of the late Minister H. A. P. Carter. The estate is valued at \$40,000, consisting of stocks, bonds and mortgages.

The will was executed Dec. 3, 1895 in presence of Samuel G. Wilder and Alfred W. Carter. Its first four bequests dispose of all the property of whatever description held in trust for the testatrix by Edward M. Brewer of Boston, Mass., viz.:

To her daughter, Frances I. Carter (now Mrs. Crehore of Boston), one-To her son George R. Carter, one-

To her daughter, Agnes Carter Galt, one-fifth. To her daughter, Cordelia J. Carter,

two-fifths.

She bequeaths to her daughter, Franes her koa bedstead, also a purple amethyst breastpin presented to her by her said daughter. Cordelia J. Carter receives her round

koa dining table and koa writing desk. George R. Carter is bequeathed the silver punchbowl presented to his father, Minister Carter, by the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce.

To Agnes Carter Galt is given an oval gilt-framed mirror. Henry A. P. Carter, grandson of the

testatrix, receives the painting of Minister Carter in uniform. By two clauses, respectively, all of her jewelry not otherwise specifically bequeathed, and all of her silverware, crockery, furniture, pictures and books, are bequeathed to such of her children as survive the testatrix, to be divided equally among them, each selecting one piece of the jewelry and one article of the other list, commencing with the

tinuing in such rotation until all of such property is divided." All of the residue of her property the testatrix leaves to such of her children as survive her, share and share alike. The concluding directions of the will here follow:

youngest and so on to the oldest, con-

"It is my desire that all of the property now situated at Sweet Home in said Honolulu be kept in use by those of my children who occupy said Sweet Home as long as all consent thereto. "It is my last desire and request that

my children keep that portion of said Sweet Home where the family are buried in good order and condition and when advisable to convey the same to the Cemetery Association.

I nominate my son, George Robert Carter, to be the executor of this, my last will and testament, and desire that no bond be required of him as such executor.

WHY MOTHERS WORRY

Did you ever hear a mother worry over a plump child? There is no better bank of health for a child to draw from than a good supply of healthy flesh.

Scott's Emulsion not only gives a child weight and plumpness, but it feeds the brain, bones and nerves with strength and active power.

Fewer mothers would worry if they knew more about Scott's Emulsion.

Scott's Emulsion is substituted by cheap emulsions and so-called wines, cordials and extracts of cod-liver oil. They can do you no good Emulsion has been the one are entitled to, etc." reliable preparation of codliver oil for nearly thirty years.

We'll send you a sample from upon req SCOTT BOWNE, 405 Pearl Street, New York.

SUIT FAILS

The Court Finds Inter-Island Company Not Liable.

Federal Judge Dole finds that George Lesslie is not entitled to any damages, where he claimed \$50,000, against the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Co. for breach of contract of employment and promotion. The decision is on exceptions to amended libel in admiralty exceptions to the original libel having been sustained on the ground "that the libel showed the agreement to be an ordinary contract for hiring and contained no stipulation fixing any definite period for the termination of the engagement, the rule being that in such cases the contract may be terminated at any time at the election of either party."

Stating the case the court says:

"The amended libel alleges that previous to the engagement, libeliant, in addition to the allegations as to his occupation as a mariner and skilful master of steam vessels, was in the city of San Francisco where the wages of officers of coastwise steam vessels were seventy-five dollars a month with board and lodging for the position of second mate, and that he had, previous to the said engagement, secured an appointment as second mate upon one of the said coastwise steam vessels at said wages and board and lodging, but had not, at the time of said engagement. entered upon the discharge of his duties under such appointment," etc.

In the original bill the libellant alleged that he was a mariner and nicensed as a skilful master of ocean steam vessels and relied upon his wages as a mariner for his support; that he entered into an agreement with the libellee to work on its steam vessels in the capacity of second mate at fifty dollars a month wages, and his board and lodging, which were worth thirty dollars a month; and the libeliee agreed es part of the contract that his employment should be steady with chance of promotion; that he began work under such agreement August 8, 1901, or the steam vessel known as the Keauhou, as second mate thereon; that on September 6, 1901, he was promoted by the libeliee to the grade of first mate on the said steam vessel with the pay of ninety dollars a month and his board and lodging.

Exceptions to the amended libel coming on for hearing, counsel for the libeliee renewed the contention that the general rule as to contracts of hiring applied, there being no stipulation as to the length of service agreed upon and that the contract was not one in which damages could be given on a suit for breach of contract on account

of the discharge of the employe. Judge Dole discusses several authorities, from which he is led to say that the libellant upon his arrival at Honolulu before he had entered upon the duties of his new position the case would have been different. On this view he concludes

"If that had taken place, I should

the decision thus:

feel that in some way he would be entitled to damages, for to induce a sailor holding an engagement in San Francisco worth seventy-five dollars a month with board and lodging, to cancel such engagement and come two thousand miles to Honolulu, on the promise of steady employment with chance of promotion with wages at fifty dollars a month at the start and board and lodging, and then to discharge him on his arrival at Honojuly, would unquestionably be treatment savoring of rank injustice. But as the contract with the libellant was carried out in good faith for a period of over two years and a half, and the stipulation in such agreement that he should have steady employment with chance of promotion being faithfully carried out by promotion to the position of first mate with a raise of wages from fifty to ninety dollars a month and board and lodging as before, before he had been in the service of the libellee for one month, I feel, on the theory that he was entitled to employment under his engagement with the libelies for a reasonable length of time in view of the sacrifice that he made at the inception of the contract by cancelling his engagement in San Francisco and coming to Honolulu, which may be said to support a presumption of an engagement on the part of the employer for an engagement for such reasonable time as would be a substantial return for such sacrifice, that he had nothing to complain of and has suffered no damages that the libellee is liable for on account of his discharge.

"In accordance, therefore, with these conclusions, the exceptions are allow-

J. J. Dunne, proctor for libeliant; Smith & Lewis, proctors for libelies.

Object of Association.

Besides the usual organic features of a self-governing body, the Walalae Improvement Association's draft of bylaws contains the following statement of objects:

"The objects of the club shall be the beautifying and improving of the surroundings in the Kaimuki, Palois and Walaise districts, such as the planting and are dear at any price, of trees, the macadamizing and open-Why buy them? Scott's ing of roads, and the obtaining of such Government assistance as taxpayers

> Frank Harvey has organized Democratic clubs in the seventh and the eleventh precincts of the Fifth dis-

WHAT A BOTANIST MAY SEE IN HONOLULU

कुर सामान्यको केन्द्रान के हैं। इस अपने अपने के बाद के किया है के किया है है एक के किया है के किया है कि की कि

By Albert B. Lyons, M.D., In Thrum's Annual.

light, eager to see once more the green sturdy self assertion which seems to of living plants. It is well that their excuse their grotesque ugliness. eagerness does not hasten the imperturable course of nature, for the volcanic cones of the lee coast they are passing, apple, Eugenia Malaccensis, occasionally though striking in outline are nearly bare of vegetation.

palms, along the Waikiki beach, distinguishable even to the naked eye although two miles distant, tells us that the verdure delights the starved eye as tive of tropical luxuriance. Indeed, uncountry will strike one as rather parch-

the coral reef.

Arrived at the dock he will look in for the coins that passengers throw into the water.

At last he is safely stowed in what is called a hack with the agreeable prospect of a breakfast on shore occupying

The results of his observations in the next few days he may summarize somewhat as follows: The streets of Hono-Iulu for the most part are unshaded, although the city seems like one great park-the houses, in their spacious grounds embowered in trees and shrubbery. Palm trees abound of numerous species. Most stately of all is the royal palm, always rigidly erect, its head of comparatively few pinnate fronds surmounting the pale colored, smooth, gracefully tapering column of its stem. ess striking but more beautiful is the date palm, whose slender, numerous fronds curve gracefully outward and whose erect, shaggy, massive trunk is symbolic of strength in repose. There than three inches in diameter and twenty feet high, stocky palms with immense fronds twice as large and three palm, the stem two feet or more in diameter and only ten or fifteen feet high. smooth, strictly cylindrical bamboos, fan palms, feathery palms, palms with berry-like drupes, palms with cone-like fruit, palms bearing nuts small and large, snaked and covered with a husk. Queen of them all with its slender, crooked trunks 50 to 100 feet high, its plume of magnificent,

gracefully waving, yellor-green fronds

enough for its finest development. One will find in Honolulu very few plants, belonging to the original flora of the islands. Even the grasses and weeds are nearly all exotic. The few "indigenous" trees occasionally planted are after all not aboriginal, having been brought from the Polynesian islands further south by the original settlers. Very few species peculiar to the Hawaiian Islands are to be found anywhere except in the forests of the interior, where such species mostly originated. There are however many species of littoral plants which are widely distributed, the seeds, tubers or stems being transported long distances without injury by banana in shape, although only three or the salt sea water. These, with some four inches long. But the part of the cosmopolitan ferns, whose spores are fruit which in the banana is the edible readily carried long distances by wind, pulp is tough and horny, and your curior accidentally adhering to the feathers osity to know what is inside subsides or feet of migratory birds, are about the after you have tried your jackknife on it only truly native plants one will see in a while. You will make a mistake, an indicenous plant like the banana than organients in a botanist's collection,

The tree ferns which abound in the growth, its folloge is dense, consisting Another passion flower produces a dull Those who have seen only the little many of them are perennial bloomers, forest, and which are peculiar Hawaii of linearlance late, rather rigid leaves, purple fruit of the size of a goose egg. plants which in temperate climes must be plants which in the plants which in temperate climes must be plants which in the pl ian species, you will rarely see in colti- six to nine inches long, dark green vation in Honolulu. They do not thrive when majure, but while young in the case in flavor, but prized by many; it is in so dry a climate. This is unfortunate, spring, of a rich purple-red color; the known as the water melen. Still anfor nothing could be more ornamental, new leaves contrasting with those of the other species, distinguished as the sweet The finest of them is the pulu fern, last year's prowth, which in a tropical water melon, has a fruit comewhat larger Cibetium Chamissor, whose uncoiling tree are of course persistent. Following and of a rich yellow color when ripe, young fronds are clothed with a glisten- the flowers, which are not more showy ing, silly, capillary chaff of an old gold than those of our native sumacs, comes so not highly esteemed. color, fine and soft as the finest wool; a fruitage which bends fow the sturdy formerly collected under the vernacular boughs of the tree. Nature outdid bername pulu for filling pillows and mat- celf in forming and painting the mange. tresses—the same thing that in Suma. The curves of its ordine are faultlessly the pomegranate, planted as an orma-common, and in the borders of the for-to pink and red rather than to yellow, tra is known as pengawar tambs, or graceful—the fruit evoid, but flattened a mental shirth rather than for the sake less where moisture is abundant, it below. In the St. Thomas tree, the petals of pake kidane, used by surgeons as a little and with the two sides unequally of its fruit; the pineapple, in numerous comes almost a tree. I have a piece of the supplemental of its fruit; the pineapple, in numerous comes almost a tree. I have a piece of the supplemental of its fruit; the pineapple, in numerous comes almost a tree. I have a piece of the supplemental of a varieties; the logical (Rosaceous); the fone of the trunks that measures fully one paler ground, having been sprinkled of

ally seen in Honolulu is the breadiruit varieties of mango as of apple. their symmetrical, pyramidal form. The tance you would mistake the separate But few coniferous trees, appear in so scatters far and wide its seeds.

seventh day, they distinguish close at growth which is carried out consistently the Chinaman can consider this the most mentous branchlets simulating the foli-hand outlines of mountains losing them-by the great green globes of its fruit. Juscious of all fruits, selves above in clouds.

There is nothing beautiful about a gu-With impatience they wait for day- try is lost, but there remains an air of ava tree, except its white rose-like blos- that of the juniper, it might with great

Another tree doubtless imported by the aborigines is the ohia, or mountain seen in Honolulu, but not happy where there is so uttle rain. A noble tree it is At last as we pass Diamond Head, under favorable conditions, with its with the entrance of the harbor only large, oval, deep green, shining leaves, three miles ahead, the growing light en-and the scarlet tassels of its numerous anes us to discriminate the deep green blossoms, but it is when the fruit is ripe blassoms, but it is when the fruit is ripe of the tree-embowered city, the paler that the tree is in its glory great clus-shades of grass lands and the ruddy ters of the deep red luscious looking ters of the deep red luscious looking brown of the great tufa cone in the "apples" clinging about its branches and fore-ground. The fringe of cocoanut larger limbs everywhere. Juicy and refreshing the fruit is, although rather insipid.

Conspicuous by the paleness of its we are in the tropics. Otherwise, while silvery foliage among the shade trees near the city, as well as in the valleys verdure, there is nothing in its sugges- of the interior, is the kukui, or candlenut tree, Aleurites Moluccana. The less there have been copious rains, the fruit looks something like the black walnut, but is larger and frequently contains two nuts. These are as large as A botanist, new to the tropics, will be an English walnut, with a shell nearly eager to make closer acquaintance with as hard as that of a hickory nut, from the vegetation seen thus in mass in the which are carved effective ornaments, distance. He tries with his field glass black as jet, and capable of receiving to make out details as the steamer con- a high polith. The oily kernels were tinues its course, parallel with the shore, formerly strung on bamboo splints by but at a tantalizing distance, owing to the natives for torches, whence, to this day, a lamp is an ipu kukui.

Another native plant, abundant in the vain for any green thing. Even the mountains, you will often see planted water will be destitute of the weeds for hadres at Daragera (more properthat would seem to him prizes. He for hedges—a Daracaena (more properly Cordyline)-but with green, not red must content himself with watching the or variagated, foliage. The natives call kanaka boys, clad save for a breech it ti, and find many uses for it. The the summit a cluster of large palmately girth, and cover with its shade a circle cloth in their bare, brown skins, diving roots which are three to six inches lobed or divided leaves, fifteen to twenthick and several feet long are roasted ty inches in diameter on petioles two obviously, like the banyan, also occasion-or steamed in underground ovens, sugar feet long, in the axil of each, in the febeing produced abundantly in the process. In this condition it is eaten, or rather chewed and the juice sucked from a large part of his thoughts, and as he it, but the principal use made of it by and yellow, the rest green. The fruit is is whirled on through town he cannot the natives is to produce on the states of unfamiliar trees and shrubs kind of moonshiner's whiskey. The and four to five inches in diameter, but ern States, the algaroba is to the samathat make him impatient to form their leaves take the place of wrapping paper the peppery seeds are surrounded with aina in Honolulu. Its lank, lawless, covering. A plant will ripen often contorted, branches are too conthe natives is to produce okolehao, a melon-like in size and structure, obovoid What the elm is to those in the Northin the fish market. Haoles (white peo- a fleshy covering. A plant will ripen often contorted, branches are too con-ple) make a bungle of putting up pack- several of these fruits each week for spicuous, but they have a picturesqueis very dextrous in its use, and the imi-

Banana trees vou see everywhere; but not generally planted for ornament. The them to keep a whole leaf more than a day or two, unless under shelter of a alligator pear, Persea gratissima. The house. The stranger is surprised at their variety, as different one from another as the varieties of pear or apple. Some grow on small "trees," not more six or eight inches long. The fruit is than six feet high, others run up fifteen, twenty and even twenty-five feet. The rapidity of growth is something amazing. Cut off the trunk of a half grown plant-you find that it is made up sim- ned, green until quite mature, then in are palms with slender stems not more ply of the sheaths of leaf stalks, the centre occupied by the coming leaf, which immediately begins to push forward so times as numerous as those of the royal ably, and in half a day it will have grown out several inches.

The fruit of the different varieties ointed trunks, looking like gigantic flavor; the fruit cluster in some varieties single very large seed, the shape and raries greatly in size, snape, color and of the thousands of blossoms produced with a pulp of delicate texture which alfrom each "bud," only a few, fifty or most melts in one's mouth—not sweet less to two hundred of the first, are fol- nor acid, but having a characteristic lowed by fruit; a seed is never develop- nutty flavor that commends it highly to

One variety has the fruit cluster erect instead of pendant. Some are good to and its generous burden of fruit is the eat uncooked, and spoiled by cooking, cocoanut palm, which however, finds the others are unpalatable unless cooked climate of Honolulu scarcely warm when they are delicious.

You would not distinguish a plant of Manila hemp from a banana "tree." but the fruit of the former is insipid, and

filled with perfectly developed seeds. Your guide will point out to you as the traveler's palm a plant which your botanist's eye will recognize as a banana rather than a paim. Unlike the banana it is a branching perennial plant, and unlike banana, its great banners of leaves are so tough in texture that they are but little split to pieces by the wind. The flower clusters are lateral, not terminal, and the bracts are persistent, so that the fruit is concealed from view. You find, however, that it resembles a the vicinity of Honolulu. Only a few though, if you throw the refractory claim it a passion flower. Among the of the 135 or more native ferns are com- thing away. Take it home and let it lie leaves here and there is the large, melonmonly planted in gardens. The one that a day in the sun and you will find that like fruit six to eight inches long, oval, will particularly attract attention is the your curiosity was justified. The tough pale green, with a smooth skin. This is birdsnest fern, Neottopteris nidus, which fruit yields to the persuasion of the the grenadilla, one of the most delicious is frequently placed in the crotch of a sun, and splits into three valves, which of tropical fruits. The edible part is branching tree trunk, its favorite loca- separate and recurve, revealing one of precisely that which is rejected in the tion in its habitat. One would not recog- Nature's marvels. Each valve is found melon or the papaya. Each seed is ennize it at first glance as a fern at all, to hold two seeds, each enveloped in a veloped in a pulp which is agreeably Its fronds are entire, 3 to 5 feet long, fantastic jacket of deep, clear blue, acid, and of a flavor like that of the by 5 to 7 inches wide, forming a regular What for 7 That is more than I can tell. Catawha grape. Only those with anti-The foliage is rather that of but the hony bananas make very pretty quated ideas about the cause of appen-

an indicenous plant like the banana some of the most stately trees seen in being a fern, but the spores growing on its. One of the most stately trees seen in be profanation, under surface betray it.

Homefully is the mange, Compact in its be profanation.

Another pass have trunks six to fifteen or even twen-comma shape. The fruit when ripe is a Java plum and so-called Spanish cherry four inches in diameter; the plant, sup-ty feet high and six to ten inches or rich vellow, with the side exposed to the (both Myriaceous) and the familiar ported as it was by neighboring forest more in diameter.

Suppose the fruits of the trees, was not less than twenty feet. Very conspicuous throughout the sumsimight crimsoned, as in red-cheeked peach. Very few of the fruits of the trees, was not less than twenty feet

tree, which is planted as a shade tree. A beomisful sight, but as yet a rare with an eye to utility. The young trees one in Hemolola, is a litchi tree (nepheare very beautiful as long as they retain from litche) in full fruit. At a little dis-

like that of a malaga grape, the whole growth in soite of the trade wind, covered with a rough skin, thin, but al- One tree which is more freque

soms, and its profusion of golden-yellow show of plausibility claim relationship fruit. The habit of the tree or bush is with pine, cypress or cedar. The heavy, straggling, the foliage coarse, and often black, hard wood of the tree has been disfigured by a black fungus growth. It used by the South Sea islanders for is rarely planted, but it grows spontans- making war clubs, and in the Fiji isously on the uplands and in the valleys, lands forks were made of it to be used forming over extensive tracts, a dense chaparral. Thousands of tons of the fruit go to waste every year. Under annexation we may expect that these will be manufactured into delicious jelly, for which there should be a good demand.

The plebian guava has an aristocratic cousin, called the mandarin guava, which forms an ornamental tree of considerable size—its trunk and branches acid.

known as the strawberry guava.

The orange family is well represented of course, the trees, orange, lime, lemon, shaddock, citron, etc., having a very ragged in winter, but only preparatory fied as regards his appetite for color, strong family resemblance, and all ornato a more glorious rehabilitation, which Even without this, he may have all mental, particularly when in fruit. The culminates with its blossoming time, through the summer months almost a trees naturally have a more luxuriant when for weeks the deep, rich green of surfeit of color. A neighbor has perhaps growth than in California, but are not more prolific.

especially about the houses of natives is the papaya. An erect trunk, generally, male plant, a bud, blossom or fruit.

tative Chinaman succeeds equally well. a delicious spicy fragrance Another tree during the summer months will attract especial notice by its avocado, more commonly known as the tree is not usually large, nor is its foliage particularly attractive the rather coarse, somewhat rough, obovate leaves commonly elongated pear shape—sometimes club shaped, occasionally curved like a crooknecked squash, but also sometimes quite spherical, smooth skinsome varieties, suddenly changing to a dark purple like that of the egg plant fruit, in others becoming somewhat yellowish. The weight might range from eight to thirty ounces, according to the variety, or rather according to the most melts in one's mouth-not sweet the educated palate. It is commonly eaten with salt and pepper, with or without vinegar, often with a mayonnaise dressing, or in a sandwich with thin bread and butter; frequently as an addition to (bouillon or consomme) soups. Unfortunately the fruit does not bear transportation well, or it would be

> The custard apple (Cherimover) not much planted in Honolulu, although the fruit sometimes comes into market from other districts. The sour sop, a congener, you will meet with more frequently, the tree with foliage somewhat like that of the avocado, the large fruit, remaining green when ripe, covered with prickle like scales. As in other custard apples, the pulp contains scattered through it numerous seeds. It is fibrous and quite acid, resembling cotton batting soaked in a solution of cream of tartar. Few persons profess a fondness for the fruit.

better known in America.

Over arbors you will often see trained a vine of luxuriant growth, with ample, nearly round leaves, and fragrant, dark purple flowers, four inches or more indiameter, whose multitudinous rays prolicitis hesitate about partaking of the delicacy, for to remove the seeds would

which has a similar acid pulp, less delithe pulp however wanting acidity, and

Other fruits that will be found in Ho-

ample, dark green, rigid leaves, more fruits for exceptionally large and rich Honolulu. The Monterey cypress is Returning to the city, where lantana

colored strawberries, and the trees are planted long ago in Nunanti Cemetery, is prescribed, we look about for garden to loaded that they seem a mass of and perhaps for this reason is scargely flowers. Every dwelling of any pretencrimson. The fruit, which is about one seen elsewhere. Instead of pines and sion shows evidence of the care of a and a quarter inches in diameter, conspicuous, we find araucarias, which cere yard man, who keeps up the grounds, tains, a single large brown seed, surtainly supply their places very well, and He could surely find time to plant and rounded by a juicy but rather firm pulp which maintain their symmetry of tend a flower bed, but it is quite the ex-

> exclusively in the cannibal feasts. Except in eating human flesh they used simply their fingers. The tree was not known, however, to the aboriginal Hawaiians.

One of the finest exotic shade trees is the samang, commonly known in Hono-lulu as the monkey-pod tree. It is one of the numerous leguminous trees that manda vine shading the veranda, and have been introduced-most of them belonging to the Acacia or to the Cassia smooth from exfoliation of the bark, its group, and having accordingly comfoliage of rather small, obovate, thick, pound or decompound leaves. This is gold, or if a richer blue is sought, a shining leaves—the fruit small and quite a great spreading tree of rapid growth, Clitoria vine; a hedge of scarlet Hisbisthrowing out its branches as near the A third species, Psidium Cattleyana, ground as circumstances, will permit. Plumierias, that may be ungainly in as-with similar foliage, grows only into a Like many other plants of the family, next for a month or two when the language small shrub, whose fruit is an inch or it has the habit of folding together its less in diameter, globular, red, and quite leastets at night, so that after six o'clock acid, though of an agreeable flavor. It is it presents a occuliar wilted appearance quite in contrast with its ordinary aspect, which is one of exhuberant vitality. The foliage may become a little its foliage is seen as through a haze or an arbor covered with a Bougainvillea mist of rose-purple. The blossoms, like vine. When the blossoming time comes A characteristic plant in Honolulu, those of other acacias, are tassels consisting mostly of the conspicuous filaments. A tree twenty years old may more accurately magenta-but soon the but not always unbranched bearing at have a bole twelve or fifteen feet in a hundred feet in diameter. The samang wealthy man. For the poor-and for the There will thus be always fruit in all rich as well—there is the algaroba, the stages of growth, the lowest quite sipe tree that more than any other gives and yellow, the rest green. The fruit is character to the Honolulu landscapes. ages with it, but the native Hawaiian several years. The male tree produces ness of their own, and if we have been is very dextrous in its use, and the imi- great panicles of white blossoms having inclined to take offense at them on artistic considerations, there is a grace in corolla. the poise of its slender branchlets and a witchery in their swa ing to the breeze, trade wind blows too constantly to allow tempting display of fruit; this is the and a lightheartedness and abandon with which the living tree gives itself to play with sunlight and shower, with gale and zephyr, that makes irresistable appeal to but no longer the suggestions of the dye that in the human life that reflects the vat. It is the color of living flame, not that in the human life that reflects the life universal.

Not on sentimental grounds only is the algaroba a favorite. It is a tree Its diaphanous shade moderates the heat of the lawn beneath it to grow perfectly scorching. It supplies fuel for the kitch-their season transform the trellis into a en, fodder (in its saccharine pods) for snow bank. the horses, and honey of finest quality

ago, but does not thrive and multiplythe bright colors are almost absent.

you may see spread a mantle of convolvulus, with profusion of blossoms perhaps white striped with pink, perhaps may be carpeted with nohu-Zygophyl- years, I believe, has fruit appeared, be more gay than the gold of its deli- just spoken of.

flower. For once nature has placed in same week or the same month. ble to scorch the life out of the plant, whole tree their rolldy hue. Among the indigenous trees occasion- apples. But then there are as many temperate zone will grow in Hopolulu, high. But however favorable the climaberry, current, gooseherry are conspicu- It found an ally in the newly introduced out by their absence.

The property of the p mynah bird, which feeds on its fruit and

ception to find that he has done this. One tree which is more frequently In place of flowering plants, you will most woody in texture. The pulp is seen in and about Honolulu than any find bordering the driveway and about sweet with a flavor something like that of the foregoing, and which is frequent- the dwelling foliage plants and ferns Six days without sight of land. No than a foot long and pinnately lobed your mind whether you care to try an-originally a native of Australia, although or is there good reason why preference assengers when, in the dawn of the the idea of averaging of a suggestion by mistaken for a conifer is the iron-rather than flowers. Is it because the wood, Casuarin equisetifolia, probably yard man is not a skilled horticulturist, or is there good reason why preference assengers when, in the dawn of the the idea of averaging the control of such low widely distributed in the control of the control Six days without sight of land. No than a foot long and pinnately lobed your mind whether you care to try anwonder there is excitement among the make a very dense shade, and suggest other. If you decide in favor of such now widely distributed in tropical counpassengers when, in the dawn of the idea of extraordinary vigor of trial you may come to understand how tries. A leafless tree with drooping files custom is generally based on reason, and here it is evident in the first place that shade-loving plants must have the preference, and in the second that plants which retain their beauty the year round, and year after year will in the natural course of things displace in a little

while the flowering plants which are not

There is another reason. The eye de-

equally perennial.

lights in color, and will not be content with the beauty of form alone. But in Honolulu the flower bed is not a neces-sity in order to satisfy this craying. If one has a few oleander shrubs not the spindling little plants seen in some countries in tubs, but perennial sheaves of bloom, redolent of perfume; and Alagorgeous the year round with its great golden blossoms; perhaps a Thunbergia giving generously blue to supplement the cus perpetually in bloom, and one or two pect for a month or two when the leaves drop from their club like stems, but which make ample atonement the rest of the year in the profusion of their fragrant, exquisitely molded, delicately tinted, starlike blossoms; if one has a few plants like these he may rest satisthe deep green of its foliage will be flecked at first with a ruddy purplepatches of color will spread and become confluent, until the whole arbor is a mass of purple. It seems like an experiment in decorative art belonging to a primitive and barbaric stage. You are not sorry that nature has not yet repeated it. There are varieties of Bougainvillea, however, of a more pleasing color-salmon, brick red, even an orange scarlet. What is remarkable in all is that it is not the flowers at all that are thus colored. It is only the bracts that enclose the inconspicuous flower clusters. The plant is of the same family as the four o'clock, in which, botanists tell us that the colored part is calyx, not

Another vine often trained over porches and barns, a Bignonia, but unike the Trumpet Creeper, makes the Bougainvillea envious when it puts on its gala dress. Here again is solid color, uniform in tint, but full of lights and shades such as belong to veritable flame, and the plant wears this gorgeous attire easily propagated and of rapid growth. wholly concealing the every day garment of green which it covers, for weeks at of the tropical sun, yet permits the grass a time, and more than once in the year. More prized but less common is the well, in dry seasons indeed saves it from Stephanotis, whose fragrant clusters in

The same snow effect is produced for the beehive. Finally its roots go so when the ungainly fleshy stems of the deep that they find water for vigorous nightblooming cereus (Cereus triquetra) individual tree for each seems to be a growth where other trees can be kept which are piled up on stone fences, makalive only by irrigation. The arid low- ing the semblance of an evergreen hedge lands on the lee coasts of Oahu, Molo- clothe themselves, as they do once in kai and Hawaii have been converted three or four weeks, through the sumfrom desert to forest by the algaroba mer months, with their giant lily blostree. And the parent tree from which soms. There is one of those hedges at these forests have sprupg still stands. Oahu College—a continuous stretch of not yet an old tree, near the Roman two hundred yards, on which it is a Catholic "Cathedral" on Fort street. In driving out into the country near soms at once-sometimes there have Honolulu, you are surprised to find how been three or four times that number. few wayside flowers there are. You Of course this snow melts under the look in vain for anything corresponding morning sun. By nine o'clock in the with buttercups, daisies, sunflowers, morning the glory is departed, although goldenrods, asters or gentians. You the following night may see it restored. may, very rarely, see a forlorn May The plant blossoms two nights in sucweed-the plant was introduced long cession, with perhaps a few belated flowers for the third night, or a few that anticipate the general blossoming-Yes, there are white poppy thistles, then there will be a rest while a new Agemone Mexicana, as fine as you will crop of buds develop. The flowers are see anywhere—and over rocky ledges provided each with a score of stigmas and a thousand stamens—I have counted them more than once, myself-they are visited by swarms of honey bees and by blue, pale, but vivid, changing to pink other insects, and yet very rarely indeed Here and there the sand near the shore is fruit matured. Only twice in thirty lum tribulum-and surely nothing could very few each time, on the hedge I have

cately fragrant blossoms-Mahukona But trees vie with vines and humbler violets they are called locally. But, for plants in decking themselves in lively the most part the flowers by the wayside colors. With us in the temperate zone, are inconspicuous and of dull colors, the blossoming time of a tree is of necesare inconspicuous and of dull colors.

But you have forgotten lantana! No, sity short, and it must come generally that is another story." Lantana cannot later than June or early July. The not be counted as a wayside wild flower. flowers, if colored at all, are generally It has taken possession of all the land, white, the tulip tree, Judas tree, and a and would leave no road at all if perpet- few Rosaceae forming the principal exual warfare were not waged upon it ceptions. Among tropical trees the col-Gay enough it is, but with its calico ors are often brilliant, and the blossomcolors covering hill and dale and field, ing season may be greatly prolonged you look in vain for the individual prize and trees of the same species do not which you could bring home as a wild necessarily put forth their blossoms the

juxtaposition in this plant harshly in-congruous colors, but who could have pineze, especially that light up with imagined thirty years ago that the care- color the spacious grounds about Honofully tended garden novelty seen here lulu residences. Yellows are perhaps and, there in Honolulu would within a the most ommon. The species of cassia generation convert into impenetrable which are shrubs or shrubby vines rather thicket half the pasture land of Oahu? than trees have all yellow flowers, and be kept in pots half the year for fear of sometimes large trees, the blossoms be injury from Irost can hardly understand ing commonly yellow. A very beautiful what I mean when I speak of this plant tree of this genus is the yellow poinciana as in complete possession, but on Oahu a massive head of finely cut foliage; the it is not frost but drought that it has ample flower clusters giving place to to contend with, and it seems impossi- purple pods, so numerous as to give the

In a tropical climate its growth is as-1. The Bauhinias, sturdy climbers or tonishingly robust. Three or four feet small trees, remarkable for their twopolulu are the South American mammee in height is a minimum; except in parch-slobed leaves (whence named for the apple a fine tree with handsome foliage; ed regions, five or eight feet is more two brothers Bauhin), give preference

mer months is the tree known in Hono-Apples, pears, plums, cherries, as well tic environment, the lantana could never fulu as the golden shower, or more proas such herries as the respherry, black, have spread as it has without assistance, sainally as the pudding stick tree-to medical men familiar as Purging cassia. Cathartocarous fistula. The foliage is comparatively scanty, consisting of pin-

(Continued on Page 7.)

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THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION and popular releasely, used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, (Rosins, Jobert, Volpeau, and others, combined all the desiderate to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpleses everything hitherto employed. (THERAPION NO. I maintains its world-weavered and well-merited reputation for derange-means of the hithert, and kindred ailments, effecting prompt relief where other than been too much a fashion to employ mercury, surresporting to, to the destruction of sufferny tests one to the prompt the present of principal sufferness all peleonous matter from the body. THERAPION NO. 3 for exhaustion, shappenesses and all distributing consequences of dissipating power in restoring strength and vigor to the sufferness and all distributing strength and vigor to the sufferness and all distributing transports of the sufferness and therebone the world. Fries in England, h. 3d. and 4s. 6d. In ordering state which of the three numbers is released, and observe that the word "TERAPION" organized and states on a red ground) affixed to every make between the sufficiency which is a surgery?

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Entered for Record Sept. 18, 1904. Henry Gehring et al to Tra of S C Est of W L Wilcox by Exer to Wil-M E Foster by atty to Quong Sung

Wai Co Extn L Theresa O Wilcox to John M Dow-Entered for Record Sept. 12, 1904.

Dun We to Kona Chinese Cemetery ARRDD Kahookaamoku to Mahuna (k)......D H L Williams to H L RossCM I Lillhana by Cir Judge to I Maria..DA Keela and wf to Hullhana Lilli.....D King St. Honolulu. Oahu: \$1900. B 285,

Richard L Gilliand and wi to Ed-Jose M Tavaros and wf to John Fer-

Jose M Tavares and wf to Jose da Puana to Walwaiole (w)...........D Jos Kaulmakaole to Kipahulu Bugar

Samuel Keonul to Dick Kekona and F L Dortch by Sher to Cecil Brown

Sylvester Cullen Jr and wi to L L Chang Chip to Lum Koon Lau......D Rose Ladd et al to Pang Goon Tan....L

Peter McRae and wi to Jose Men-

Peter McRae and wi to First Bank Emmia A Ables and hab to Charles A

Tharles A Simpson to Emma A Ables.M. The Alliance Assurance Company, of Mariano de Palva and wf to Joao R

J P Rodrigues to Thomas S Doug-J P Rodrigues to E Coit Hobron..Can L

Henry Smith and wf to F M Swanzy...D Est of W L Wilcox by Exer to C S

has S Desky Tr to Max Schlemmer. D Almira Stratemeyer to William E

Entered for Record Sept. 18, 1904. Meleana Kahanamaikai and hab to one and hab to Emily Alep.......D

George M Raupp to Elena K Kuluwaimaka and hab Elena K Kuluwaimaka and hab to Abigail K C Parker by atty to Geo-Mrs Kenahu Brenig to Geo B Mc-

leo B McClellan and wf to Edward Lucy K Kauhane and hab to F A

Liliuokalani to Tam Pong......L T C Wills to Lee Let.....L Mary Kaimana and hab to Onomea Sugar CoL

Recorded Sent. 6, 1904. Manuel Gonsalves and wf to Joe Mariano; D; Ap 2, R P 2520, Kul 4768, Ko-

oa, Kaual; \$650. B 258, p 343. Dated Aug 20, 1904. Emma Hall (widow) et als to A Lidgate; D; int in Kul 8375, Hauola, Hamakua, Hawaii; \$300. B 258, p 344. Dat-

ed June 7, 1904. Peter Silva to Jose F Ferreira; AM; mtg A L Barbosa and wf on 2 pcs land, Kaiwiki, Hilo, Hawaii; \$300. B 259, p. 423. Dated Jan 16, 1903.

Jose F Ferreira to Maria de J Martins; AM; mtg A L Barbosa and wf on 2 pcs land, Kaiwiki, Hawaii; \$300. B 259, p 423. Dated Jan 21, 1903. Maria F Bento to Chew Chong; L;

pe land and bldg, Volcano St, Hilo, Hawaii; 15 yrs @ \$15 per mon. B 268, p 41. Dated Sept 1, 1904. Manoel Duarte and wf to Elizabeth A

S Clinton; D; pc land, Honopuec, N Kohala, Hawali; \$456. B 258, p 345. Dated July 22, 1904. John W Kalus and wf to C Brewer name. & Co Ltd; D; 10 ft R W across Ap 2, I h

Kul 418, Halualani, Wailuku, Maui; \$1. B 264, p 97. Dated Sept 3, 1904. Francisco G Silva and wi to C Brewer & Co Ltd; D; R W for pipe line eross por Ap 1, Kul 451, Iso Valley,

Wallukii, Maui; \$100. B 284, p 97. Dated Sept 3, 1904. H P Baldwin to George E Miner; Rel; R P 59, Halku, Hamakualoa, Maui;

\$2870. B 126, p 155. Dated Aug 31, 1904. iff to Puhi Koloa (w); Sher D; int in R P 5330, Kul 3866, Walhee, Walluku, Maui; \$60. B 258, p 346. Dated Aug 27,

Recorded Sept. 6, 1904.

Bishop Pahia to Pou Ngee Tong Socy; L; por Ap 1, R P 1559, Kul 10743 and 10 ft r'dway, Heela, Koolaupoko, Oahu; 20 Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephens yrs @ \$20 per an, B 257, p 456. Dated

Sept 2, 1904. Y Ahin to D Kaohi; Agrmt; to sell R Kaohi for \$4000, Kalauao, etc, Ewa, Oahu. B 255, n 164. Dated May 20, 1004 hu. B 265, p 164. Dated May 20, 1904.

R P 456 and Kul 2044 to D Kaohl, Ha- begins to put on its summer adornments. For tickets and general information laws, Ews. Oahu. B 265, p 165. Dated Here and there among the branches May 20, 1904.

> bldg, tank, etc, on leasehold premises, Kaohe, S Kona, Hawali; \$62.50. B 260, p 124. - Dated Aug 30, 1904. mdse, Asia St, Honolulu, Oahu; 10 yrs,

> cap stock \$9000. B 265, p 166. Dated June 27, 1901. Manuel Francisco and wi to Antonio

> Franca, Hilo, Hawaii; \$700. B 264, p 98. Dated Aug 22, 1904.

Kum On et al to Ho Wa Chan; CM; int in leasehold, bldgs, furniture, rice, paddy, livestock, tools, etc. Wafplo, Ewa, Oahu; \$800. B 260, p 125. Dated

Sept 1, 1904. Recorded Sept. 7, 1904. Wa Chong to Li Kim Yuen; AL; premises King St, Honolulu, Oahu; \$500.

B 257, p 458. Dated Aug 26, 1904. Jack Payne and wi to Honokaa Sugar Co; M; 7 A of Gr 2375, Kulihai, Hamakua, Hawaii; \$2242.54. B 260, p 126. Dated Apr 1, 1904.

Frances T Bickerton to Pacific Sugar Mill; L; R P 7752, Kul 7588, Mooiki, Hamakua, Hawali; 15 yrs 🤣 \$1490 per yr. B 257 p 459. Dated Sept 1, 1904.

W R Castle and wf to Western & Hawn Investmt Co Ltd; M; mtg note of Lee Chu on 18 78-100 A land, etc. Walkiki, Honolulu, Oahu; pe land, cor Beretania and Victoria Sts. Honoluin, Oshu; R P 3652 and ¼ R P 2442, Nuuanu road, Honolulu, Oahu; 31 shares in Kona, Hawali; R Ps 1812, 1319 and 2351, B 258, p 424. Dated Sept 1, 1904.

J R Highy to Lee Hoo; Rel; int in leaschold, Kapalama, Honolulu, Oahu; \$580. B 260, p 128. Dated May 15, 1962. Oahu Lumber & Bldg Co Ltd to Lee Kong; Rel; int in leasehold, King St. Honolulu, Oshu: \$1100. B 204, p 282. Dated Aug 25, 1904.

Lee Hoo and as atty of al to Chuck Shin Tong; BS; leasehold, bldgs, etc. p 188. Dated Aug 29, 1994.

Est of William L Wilcox by Exor to given relief. Sold by all Dealers and Fubilities to H Malaloha............ Manuel K Cook Tr; D; int in Ap 4, Man Druggiste. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Award 50, Kalihi-kai, Honolulu, Oahu; Agents for Hawaii.

nandes Dated Aug 20, 1964. Y Hamada by afft of migee to H hold and bidg, Volcano Rd, Puna, Ha-Eat of R W Holt by Tr to C J Holt; Rel. wall; leasehold and bidg, Front St. Hilo, Hawali; lessehold and bldg, Panahoa, Hilo, Hawaii. B 200, p 129. Dated Sept 7, 1904.

First Am Save & Tr Co of Hawaii Ltd to Claus Spreckels & Co; AM; mtg A W Carter et al on pc land, Kapa-bulu, Honolulu, Oahu; \$15,000. B 260,

p 488. Dated Sept 7, 1904. Evelyn G Bishop to E Faxon Bishop; Rel Dow; premises, cor Kewalo and Lunalilo Sts, Honolulu Oahu; \$1. B 264, p 102. Dated Sept 2, 1904.

Chee Sun to Chung Chock; Rel; leasehold, bldgs, etc, King St, Honolulu. Oahu; \$800. B 213, p 272. Dated Aug

Waikiki Seaside Hotel Ltd to Est of Bernice P Bishop by Trs; Sur L; land, Walkiki, Honolulu, Oahu; \$1. B 257, p 461. Dated Sept 6, 1904.

WHAT A BOTANIST MAY SEE IN HONOLULU

(Continued from page 8.)

nate leaves with large entire leaflets. The cylindrical, deep brown pods, fifteen inches or more in length and threefourths of an inch in diameter, are rather ornamental than otherwise, as they sway with every breeze. In spring through the medium of a convenient the buds appear in drooping panicles, and then for four months there is a continuous succession of the pure primrose yellow, fragrant blossoms that justify the popular name of the tree. The petals which are of a delicate, rich color, are really coarse in texture; this explains why they last as they do ten days or a fortnight without noticeable change.

Another tree allied to the Purging Cassia, and called Horse Cassia, has foliage resembling that of the locust, although the leaves are larger and the huge, rough, club-like pods are eighteen to twenty inches long, and more than an inch in diameter; but in this species, the of Ban Carlos, grand chamberlain to blossoms which remind one of those of

the Judas tree last only a few weeks. A third allied species has a foliage very similar to that just described, only that the heavy fronds have a peculiarly graceful droop. The pods in external appearance resemble those of Purging Cassia. In the latter the pod has transverse diaphragms separating the seeds which are embedded in pulp. In this species each seed is enclosed in a tiny box, shaped just like a pill box, of woody texture, yet with walls not thick-steam yacht, he has taken to paraler than Bristol board. These little cells monlous ways in small matters. They lie inside the pod exactly like so many flowers are produced in clusters which closely surround the boughs of the previous year's growth. They resemble in size, shape and color the largest, deepest colored crab apple blossoms, but the tree remains apparently in full bloom ten or twelve weeks, a joy to the eye to behold. There is in fact, as in the golden shower, a succession of blossoms, no one lasting probably more than about ten days. The only name known for it in his eye and thus from the couple of Honolulu is simply Cathartocarpus. I have never learned its true botanical

I have left for the last, mention of he attention of the stranger, viz: 000. Poinciana, nearly related to Caesalpinia. One species forms a rather straggling shrub with thorny branches, known commonly as Pride of Barbadoes, or Barstately pyramids of bloom, each raceme like an ordinary fan. The number of occupying a month or more in expand-the hour is marked from 1 to 12 at the ng its numerous buds. A second species (sappan) is very similar except that the

flowers are of an orange yellow color. A third forms a fine tree of medium base laterally into buttresses corresponding with the principal roots, the foliage half extended. arranged in horizontally spreading layers, and consisting of regular mimosalike leaves, as beautiful as the fronds of a fern. Were it not for the great flat coarse pods, twelve to sixteen inches long, by one and a half wide, you would it had no peer for beauty among the Y Ahin to D Kaohl; Agrmt; to sell shade trees of the city. By and by it burns a dazzling glow of crimson. Day C N Chong (firm) to C Ako; CM; by day new flames burst out, and then they spread and coalesce until the whole tree is ablaze. How the landscape is lighted up by those masses of solid col-Hong Kee & Co; Co-P D; general or! In another tree such gaudiness of attire would seem vulgar. Here it is regal. Gold and crimson belong of right to this queen, for whom it is right too, that the ground beneath should R Pimentel et als; D; lot 4, blk B, Villa have its thick piled carpet of the unfaded fallen petals.

There are other plants equally embued with a passion for brilliant color-the cardinal flower of the meadow, the Zauchneria of California hillsides, the Atamasco lily, the scarlet Salvia, the rose and the carnation of the gardens, but where among them all is one which can pour forth her passion in any such lavish creation? Well is the tree named

Poinciana regia.
ALBERT B. LYONS, M.D. Detroit, Mich.

August Shipbuilding.

The Bureau of Navigation reports that 105 vessels aggregating 9.504 gross tons were built and officially numbered in the United States during the month of August, 1904. Of these 101 were wooden vessels, thirty-eight sail and sixty-three steam. The steel vessels numbered four, all of them steamers. The largest steel steam vessel built during the month was the steamer Mohican of 2,255 gross tons built at Philadelphia for the Clyde S. S. Co. From other sources than construction there was added to the merchant fleet one vessel of 2.241 gross toris. This was the steamship Carolyn which was wrecked upon the American coast and re-registered as an American vessel.

INDICATIONS OF RHEUMATISM. Sore and swollen joints, sharp, shooting pains, torturing muscles, no rest, no sleep-that means rheumatism. It is a stubborn disease to fight, but Chamberlain's Pain Balm has conquered it thousands of times. One application

OF CURRENT INTEREST.

Passing of Messenger Boys.

From present indications the messenger boy, so tar as Wall street is concerned, will soon be a mere memory. The financial district is looked upon by these gray suited mercuries as a sinecure, and it is. All the trouble has arisen over the fact that several Wail street commission merchants, members of the Produce exchange, are putting in a new machine which will do away with the messenger boy service between the telegraph office and the brokers' sanctum. There is a sending machine and a receiving machine. One is placed in the broker's office, the other in the telegraph office. If at the headquarters of the telegraph company a message is to be sent, it is written upon the sending machine and immediately appears upon a tape in the office of the broker for whom the telegram is intended. In a short time this method of sending and receiving messages in the financial district will be in universal use, and the day of the messenger boy will be at an end.

NOTABLE SUICIDES.

At least three European monarchs are known to have taken their own lives during the last 100 years, one of whom, the late Sultan of Turkey, Abdul Assiz, became Abdul As-was pair of scissors. Added to these are at least a dozen princes of the blood, the more prominent of whom perhaps was Prince Gaston, of Bourbon, the son of the late King of Naples, who was married to the Infanta Isabella of Spain, and who cut his throat in the presence of his wife. Other notable instances of self-destruction are those of General Sir Hector MacDonald, the late Duke of Bedford: Count Wolkenstein, the chamberlain of the court of Vienna; the Marquis of Londonderry; the Earl of Munster; the Spanish Duke Duke Alfonso; the Marquis Rappolo, stepfather to Queen Marguerite of Italy: Baron Bruck, the Austrian cabinet minister, and others too numerous to mention.

A PARSIMONIOUS ASTOR.

It is said in London that although William Waldorf Astor occasionally indulges in vast expenditures such as the purchase of Cliveden or a splendid steam yacht, he has taken to parsideclare that on a recent occasion he coins rolled up in brown paper. The even objected to paying 6 cents each for cabbages, denouncing it as "a monstrous imposition" on the part of his grocer. In his offices on the Thames embankment stands a steel desk, one of the curlosities of which is the Petty cash drawer, always filled with sovereigns. Mr. Astor, it is said, likes to feel that he is always in command of sufficient ready cash to buy anything that may happen to catch thousand pounds in his drawer he takes handfuls of gold just as necessity may require. When Mr. Astor went to London he kept in his vault at genus which must be the first to attract Couts bank 1,000,000 sovereigns-\$5,000,-

REMARKABLE CLOCK

One of the mose remarkable forms of badoes flower-fence, the scarlet and clock in the world is a clock fan man-orange blossoms with crimped petals ufactured by a Swiss jeweler. The and long exserted stamens, forming clock consists of twelve leaves hinged end of each of these leaves. The fan timeplece starts at 6 o'clock and expands regularly for twelve hours, when it suddenly closes up and starts all size, the smooth trunk expanded at the over again. The half hour is indicated by the leaf of the fan being only

THE CHINESE EMPIRE.

Miss Kate Carl, an English artist, who has been commissioned to paint a portrait of Tai An, Empress of China, in the skin of a woman." She is up every morning before 3 o'clock and receives reports from her ministers an hour later. By 5 o'clock she is ready to give the artist a sitting. Her majesty, now 70 years old, is quite vain of her hands, which are really very pretty.

JAPANESE GENEROSITY.

As an evidence of the interest and earnestness of the Japanese people, it is customary among the tradespeople whenever a family that they have been supplying with the necessaries of life is deprived of the father of the family, in consequence of his going to the war, to continue to supply all their needs the same as before, and without sending any bill therefor.

AROUND THE WORLD ON FOOT. Last year Oscar Zeller of Zossen started on foot from Berlin for a trip around the world. His plan was to go via Mukden. Viadivostok and Japan to America. The war frustrated that plan, and he has now started for Bering Straits, along the northernmost Siberian telegraph line. His success is considered very doubtful

SPIDERS LIKE MUSIC.

Spiders are passionately fond of music. At a performance in Missouri the concert half was made disagreeable by a sudden invasion of spiders, which weredrawn by a violin from the cracks and crannies of the ancient building. They crawled upon the floor and upon the stage.

HUMAN HIDES.

It is said that in the precincts of on anything firmer than tradition. Books do exist, however, bound in hu-

JAPS SMALL EATERS. The Japanese cuisine does not include

butchern meat, bread, butter and potatoes. Rice is not, as commonly supposed, the daily food of the poor, but can be afforded by the well-to-do only.

Tired Mothers

Sleep for Skin-Tortural Babies

And Rest for

In a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single anointing with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching. burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humours, with loss of hair of infants and children, and is sure to succeed when all else fails.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consider of Curiovas Soar, to cleans the skin of crush and scale, Curiovas Cintessa, to intend, to intend, and intended and inte

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INTERESTING READING TO SUIT EVERY TASTE, AND WITHAL, A CLEAN PUBLICATION ADMISSABLE TO THE FAMILY CIRCLE.



Published by the

Hawaiian Gazette

65 S. King St., Honolulu, Hawaii.

SPOTS ON THE MOON.

ity Excited.

seen on August 2 and 1. It had then grown dark, measured about two in-Westminster Abbey the fingerplate of a ches in diameter and resembled a small door is covered with leather made from crater. The object is said to coincide human skin, but the story is not based in position with a previously recorded crateriet, but is apparently larger, Renewed scrutiny in the last few days reveals the continued existence of the feature, which now measures three miles across Two other tiny crateriets and a dark spot on the floor of Plato. not previously reported, are also announced by Professor Pickering.

Prepictors of Feeble Volcanic Activ- two or three years has given special attention to lunar markings. He has noticed phenomena which suggested to Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 24. -A tele- him the probability that an exceedinggram has been received here from Pro- by feeble volcanic action even yet ocfesser W. H. Pickering, who is at the curs on the moon, which is usually re-Lowe Observatory, California, tending garded as cold and dead, small white to confirm an observation made by him spots come and go, as if vapor were last month. He saw a basy patch in the issuing from an opening, or, after conlarge lunar crater, Plato, which had densing as snow or frost, were melted not been detected before. It was again by the sun. The temperature of the moon's surface is believed to be near the freezing point, and a change of a few degrees might produce such an effect if any steam really escaped. It looks as if Professor Pickering thought that he had now discovered something different-an enlargement of one of the old craterlets—but it may turn out that the latest discovery is akin to the

ther of E. C. Pickering, director of the

Harvard Observatory, and in the last

E. A. McInerny returned home in the Sierra from the mainland, where he The astronomer just named is a bro- put his daughter in school.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERHHCHIVE®



ARRIVED.

Tuesday, Sept. 13. O. S. S. Sonoma, Herriman, from the Colonies, 8 a. m.

Wednesday, Sept. 14. O. S. S. Sierra, Houdlette, from San Francisco, 8 a. m. Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, from Kau-

ai ports, 5 a. m. O. & O. S. S. Coptic, Armstrong, from San Francisco, 4:30 p. m. Thursday, Bept. 15.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Hana-GAELIC ARRIVES Iei, 3:54 a. m. Stmr. Likelike, Naopala, from Maul and Molokai ports, 7:45 a. m. O. & O. S. S. Gaelic, Finch, from the

Orient, off port, 9 p. m. Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Waimanalo and all Koolau ports, 6:30

DEPARTED.

Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports, 12 m. Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, for Kona and Kau ports, 12 m.

O. S. S. Sonoma Herriman, for San Francisco, 3 p. m. Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maul ports, 5 p. m. Stmr. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, for

Kausi ports 5 p. m. Stmr. Likelike, Naopala, for Maul and Molokai ports, 6 p. m. Stmr. Kausi, Bruhn, for Maui and Hawaii ports, 5 p. m.

O. S. S. Sierra, Houdlette, for the Colonies, 1:20 a. m. (today). Schr. C. L. Woodbury, for Hilo, 2:50

Stmr. Nilhau, W. Thompson, for Kauai ports, 5:10 p. m. Stmr. Maui, Bennett, for Maui and Hawaii ports, 6 p. m.

O. & O. S. S. Coptie, Armstrong, for the Orient, 12 m. Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, for Kaual

ports, 5 p. m. Stmr. Likelike, Naopla, for Maui and Molokai ports, 5 p. m. PASSENGERS.

Departed. Per stmr. Kinau Sept. 13, for Hilo and way ports-Prof. Zamlock, C. Zamtoch, Leong Wa Chan, Lee Y. Anima, Rev. J. K. Kealaula, W. Marks and wife, W. A. Bailey, P. Bartels, J. Wellčočk, Miss Julia Kanoho, Thomas Murray W. McDougall, Captain Bell and wife, A. J. Spitzer, J. W. Cushing, J. M. Wakefield, R. C. Saddler, W. A. Ramsay and wife, May McClellan, Miss Wight, Mrs. C. H. Swain, J. K. Brown,

Jr., and wife. Per stmr. Mauna Loa, Sept. 13, for Lahaina, Maalaea, Kona and Kau ports.- K. Shumida, wife and child, W. H. G. Aureman, H. Willgeroth, H. T. Isenberg, A. J. Storm and wife, R. F. Lange, Rev. O. H. Gulick, R. Maka-halupa, A. J. Bell, E. S. Timoteo, J. T. Crawley, G. H. Robertson and wife, H. G. Ramsey, A. Hocking, wife, child and nurse, Mrs. T. R. Mossman and 4 chil-

dren and servant. Per stmr. W. G. Hall, Sept. 13, for | wieldy pieces of freight that delaye Kauai ports.-Mrs. C. M. Cooke, Miss Estha Phillip, M. Heffner, Mr. McGuire, L. E. Pinkham, Stanley Stevenson, Mr. Rubenstine, Mr. Hooper.

ports.-L. A. Thurston, H. P. Baldwin, for over and hour and a half to un E. A. Mott-Smith, H. G. Danford, A. load. A single crate of machiner V. Peters, H. Gorman, Jas. Shaw, John | weighed over four tons and another Kidwell, Wilder Wight, Chock See, Miss Juliana, Sister Elizabeth, Miss incident happened just as the steame Anna Abbie Mrs. Vierra, Rev. O. P. Emerson and wife, Mrs. U. Akiona, K. Urata and wife, Mrs. W. J. Moody, Miss H. Kiakona.

Per stmr. Likelike, Sept. 13, for Maui and Molokai ports.—Mrs. Annie Mail, Chas. Gay, Thos. Andrews, Rev. D. K.

Another Steamer Line.

Dispatches from Ottawa, Can., state that the Allan Steamship Company and then at his nice new pants. The proposes to put a line of steamers on his fingers clutched convulsively at the the Pacific to operate in connection with rail. He hadn't the nerve to do i the new Grand Trunk Pacific Railway ed back along the whart. Inch by inc which is to be pushed through the the distance between ship and short Canadian Northwest to tidewater at increased. The young man made set some point not yet determined on the eral downward lunges as if to dro eoast north of Vancouver. This line but each time he saw the greasy co will be in direct competitor with the bletheinstinctor pants-preservation re Canadian Pacific Steamship Company.

American Cooking For Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 3 .- J. W. Wyman, a well known American restaurateur and founder of the American restaurant in the last time and the young man, bes the Strand, London, is arranging to establish an American restaurant in Paris on the same lines as the one in

VESSELS IN PORT.

MERCHANT VESSELS.

Karatsu Japan, Sept. 1, Alice Cooke, Am. schr., Penhallow, Port Gamble, Aug. 28. Archer, Am. bkt., Lancaster, San Fran-

cisco, Sept. 8. Brodick Castle, Br. sp., Olsen, Iquiqui,

Brakine M. Phelps, Am. sp., Graham, Philadelphia, Aug. 81. Fort Figari, It. sp., Shiaffino, Newcastie, Bept. L

Gaelic, Br. S. S., Finch, from Hongkong, Sept. 15 (anchored off port.) Hawaiian Isles, Am, sp., Mallett, Newcastie, Aug. 13.

Helene, Am. sch., Thompson, San. Francisco, Aug. 11. Lavinia Am. schr., Weisbath, Laysan Inland Aug. 25.

Queen Victoria, Br. sp., Baker, Cardiff. Bent. 2. Robert Lewers, Am. sc., Underwood, billious colic use the remedy in this Laysan Island, Sept. 4. Santiago, Am. bk., Anderson, San

METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY THE OLD RELIABLE FOR MONTH OF AUGUST, 1904

Honolulu-Temperature: Mean for the month, 77.2 degrees; normal, 77.7 degrees; average daily maximum, 83.8 degrees; average dally minimum, 72.3 degrees; mean daily range, 11.5 degrees; greatest daily range, 18 degrees on 29th; least daily range, 8 degrees on several dates; highest temperature, 87 degrees on the 29th; lowest, 69 degrees on the 20th, 26th and 29th. Barometer: Average, 29.959; normal, 29.980; highest, 30.07 on the 6th; idwest, 29.88 on 26th; greatest 24-hour change, .08 (from 9 a. m. of the 5th to 9 a. m. of the 6th). Low barometer on the 2nd, 4th, 10th to 20th, 24 to 30th. High barometer on the 6th and 7th. Belative humidity: Average, 72.6 per cent; normal, 68.5 per cent; mean dew point, 67 degrees; normal, 66 degrees. Mean absolute moisture, 7.24 grains per cubic foot; normal, 7.01. Rainfall, 1.12 inches; normal, 1.99; greatest 24-hour rainfall, 0.47 inches 9 a. m. of the 9th to 9 a. m. of the 10th; rain record days 13; normal, 18. Trade wind days, 26; normal, 29. Average force of wind, Beaufort scale, and during daylight only, 0.6.

normal, 4.0. Approximate percentages of district rainfall as compared with normals-Hawali, Hilo: 127 per cent; Hamakua, variable, from 49 per cent at Honokas Mill to 1.06 at Kukalau; Kohala, 69 per cent; Kona, 187 per cent; Kau, tonight and she was not scheduled to 137 per cent; Puna, 207 per cent. Mauf: arrive until this morning so she has variable, from 106 per cent at Punomaquite distinguished herself on the eve lei to 314 per cent at Walluko. Oahu: Honolulu district, 82 per cent; Koolau, 446 per cent; Ewa, 1.79 per cent. Kaucific service. After her arrival in San al: Libue, 280 per cent Hanalei, 178

Average cloudiness, tenths of sky, 4.7;

The heaviest monthly rainfall reported was 22.00 inches at Wahlawa mountain, Kauai. The heaviest 24-hour rainfall was

TEMPERATURE TABLE.

	Elv.	M'n	M'n	A. (*)		
Hawai!	Ft.	Mx.	Min	Av. 1	It.	Lt.
Papeekeo	100	80.2	70.8	75.2	83	68
Kohala	521	-80.0	69.9	. 75.0	83	67
Vol. house						49
Oahu-			1.4			
Kinau St.	:					
(Castle)	50	84.4	72.0	78.2	88	68
U.S. Mg. Sta.	50	86.6	70.6	78.6	91	68

U. S. Ex. sta. 350 85.8 71.6 178.7 91 69 Kauai-Kilanea. ... 342 80.7 69.9 75.3 82 68 Ewa Mill: Dew point, 62 degrees; relative humidity, 60 per cent; mean pressure, 29.95 inches. - Kohala: Dew

point, 68 degrees; relative humidity, 84 per cent. U. S. Magnetic Station: Dew per cent. Honolulu-Dew on four mornings;

southeast on evening of ist Hawaii-Pepceked: Thunder mountain, 2nd, 3rd, and 24th; heavy snow on mountain, 10th; heavy rain on 10th. Kohala Mission: Earthquake, 7:10 a. m. of 22nd. Volcano House: 2:35 inches of rain in 4 hours on 19th. Maul—Walluku: 3,02 inches of rain

chinery for T. H. Davies & Co., includ- in 3 hours on 22nd. Nahika (Wilber): ours on 5th ECKER. corologist.

1	chinery for T. H. Davies & Co., includ-	in a none on and a comment of the	30.54
	ing an immense steam plow. It was	gez inches of rain in 3 1-2 hours o	n prin.
	the unloading of these heavy and un-	16 0. 4.224	T. Co
. 1		Territorial Meteorolog	gist.
1	wieldy pieces of freight that delayed		
	the steamer as they had to be taken	RAINFALL FOR AUGUST, 1	304.
Ì	out before the nghter stuff could be	_Ft. 1	
1	removed. One great wheel took the	Stations— Elev.	Rain
	combined efforts of a big gang of men	HAWAII.	
1	for over and hour and a half to un-	Hilo.	
ı	load. A single crate of machinery	Waiakea 50	14.73
. 1	weighed over four tons and another	Hilo (town)	~14.71
	two and one-half tons. An amusing	Kaumana	18.58
	incident happened just as the steamer	Pepeekeo	16.32
. 1	departed. Three young men appeared	Hakalau	17.13
	at the rail after the gangplank had	Honohina	15.35
	been lowered and only one steel cable	Puuohua	21.65
	connected ship and shore. For some	Laupahoehoe 500	14.70
ŀ	reason they had been visiting the ship	Ookala	6.15
	and did not notice the final prepara-	Puueo	15.71
	tions for sailing. After much encour-	Hamakua.	
	agement from those on the pier two of	Kukaiau	5.35
	the men slid down the cable. The	Paaulio	8.76
	third stepped over the rail and on to	Paauhau	2.44
	the cable. He glanced at the slender	Honokaa (Mill) 470	2.51
•	strand, black and covered with grease	Honokaa (Meinicke)1100	2.45
,	and then at his nice new pants. Then	Kukuihaele 700	3.30
d	his fingers clutched convulsively at the	Kohala.	
	rail. He hadn't the nerve to do it.	Niulii 200	8.77
	Slowly and majestically the ship mov-	Kohala (Mission) 521	3.20
1	ed back along the wharf. Inch by inch	Kohala (Sugar Co.) 270	3.34
•	the distance between ship and shore	Puakea Ranch 600	0.75
t	increased. The young man made sev-	Puuhue Ranch1847	1.11 1.76
•	eral downward lunges as if to drop	Waimea	
2	but each time he saw the greasy ca-	Awini Ranch	3.39
•	ble the instinct of pants-preservation re-	Kona.	5.51
	asserted itself. The steamer moved on.	Huehue	
	He made a last desperate lunge but his	Holusios	8.37 10.60
,	nerve failed him and he would be sail-	Kealakekua	8.29
	ing the tropic seas on the way to Aus-	Napoopoo	5.65
٠	tralia now if a stevedore had not	Hoopuloa2300	5.16
Ц	grabbed a leg just as it was rising for	Puuwaawaa Ranch2738 Kau.	9.40
	the last time and the young man, best	Kesa Homesteads2000	5.25
	aft awah wallwards amon its has stoon the	Less momesteads	0.50

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Puuwaawaa Ranch2738	
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Kesa Homesteads2000	
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OCEANIC S. S. CO. WINS A SUIT

Territorial Meteorologist.

The following decision handed down at San Francisco is of interest in this city:

United States Circuit Judge Morrow rendered an oral uccision yesterday in favor of the complainant in the slit of the Oceanic Steamship Company versus Frederick S. Stratton as Collector of the Port. The action was brought to recover \$420 deposits extorted from the steamship company by a regulation of the Department of Commerce and Labor providing that a deposit of \$2 per head should be made by the company for each alien passenger in transit through the United

Judge Morrow held that the requirement respecting such deposit was a regulation in excess of the authority of the secretary. The regulation in question provided that no alien desiring admission at a port of the United States for the professed purpose of proceeding point, 69 degrees; relative humidity, 72 directly therefrom to foreign territory shall be permitted to land thereat except after deposit with the Collector thunder, 4th and 5th; lightning to of Customs at said port by the master or owner of the vessel on which such allen is brought of the amount of the head tax, \$2, prescribed by section 1 or the act approved March 3, 1903, said amount to be refunded upon proof satisfactory to the immigration officer in charge at the port of arrival that said alien has passed by direct and continuous journey through and out of the United States. The Immigration act itself expressly provides that the head tax therein mentioned shall not be levied upon aliens in transit in the United States. The court said that the Immigration Commissioner had no power to require the deposit of the \$2, | mented in the past hope to interest and had further no power to require manufacturers of the North, who have that such aliens shall pass "by direct given an impetus to many innovations and continuous journey through and in their various industries. out of the United States."

The case was handled on behalf of the steamship company by Frank & Mansfield.—Call.

Backed by the necessary capital from the United States, the Island of Porto Rico might become the greatest sisal fibre or henequen plant producing dis-2.45 trict under the protection of the Stars and Stripes. Henequen grows almost everywhere throughout the island, and the natives have produced some of the most surprising results with the fibre, 3.34 despite the fact that they have given 0.75 it little or no attention. They have 1.11 known the value of the plant for gen-1.76 erations, but with true tropical apathy 3.39 have taken hardly any steps at all to make the most of their knowledge. •

There are four kinds of the fibre plant growing in Port Rico. They are Henequen, Magney, San Leveria, and Emajagua, All belong to the one family 5.65 of plant, and although varying a triffe as to the size of the leaf, and the quality of the fibre, they still show plainly the one genus. The plant is thickest in the Mayaguez district on the eastern shore of the island.

Of the four varieties, San Leveria is the favorite with the natives. They plait ropes from this fibre that for strength and lightness cannot be surpassed. These ropes are used on all the harbor' sailing vessels and have often been purchased by skippers of foreign vessels putting in here. The rope is made of every size, from the donkey engine hawser to the much used piece of deck twine. It gives complete satinfaction.

A few enterprising men have tried within the past few years to have the natives stand by them in the attempt to boom the growth of the plants here. The native has remained energetic until his interest was satisfied, Then 1.12 came the inevitable slump and the boo-9.84 mer found himself alone and practically 1.11 helpless when it came to ascertaining 2.48 the exact location of the best supplies necessary to take action on the recom-1.77 promoting the growth. With the sup- mendation of the commissary-general \$.82 plies obtained, however, a consider- of the Army respecting the shipment 1.03 able quantity was shipped to England of the subsistence stores from the 8.77 from time to time, and the report from 5.04 that country was most encouraging. 15.12 The fibre was woven into many fabrics eral Wesion recently reminded the de-2.04 and caused the greatest admiration partment that it might be asfer to have 4.63 amoung the larger weavers

4.78 It is stated that the best results were and other military supplies destined

Public Praise is Public Property - Honolulu People May Profit by Local Experience.

Grateful people will talk.

good. Honolulu citizens praise Doan's Backache Kidney Pil'...

Kidney sufferers appreciate this. They find relief for every kidney ill.

Read what this citizen says: The Rev. J. Nua - Kawaiahao in forms us:

"I suffered from kidney trouble, which was, I believe, caused by my lifting beavy weights whilst young. riod. During all this time I was subed several physicians and took numerquite satisfied with the result, and tact. shall always have some of the pills by me, even when going from Honolulu to other missionary fields in the South Pacific. There is no other remedy like Doan's Backache Kidney Pills for kidney complaints, incluing backache."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pilis are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes for \$2,50), or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawalian Islands.

where a linen manufacturer of that city, who had grown enthusiastic over the plant, evolved a fabric that closely resembled the finest woven silk. This fabric, which was named Borinquen, after the ancient name of Porto Rico, was made into some of the finest sort of dresses worn at Court receptions, and was everywhere praised. The Belfast manufacturer, after making every despair, because of the uncertainty of the supply. Ships from the distant island arrived seldom, and then with very little of the plant product aboard.

While in many sections of the United States the most determined effort is being made to propogate the sisal fibre. and with varying degrees of success. here in Porto Rico, with hardly any trouble whatever, the plant attains a hardy growth and is in evidence almost everywhere. There is not the slightest doubt that the employment of a few hundred thousand dollars by capitalists in the United States would bring them a large percentage of return.

The natives plait the fibre in a very deft manner. They have a six-strand plait, which they then over-plait into another six strand, until at last they fabricate a piece of "cloth" as they call it, of about the consistency of finely something remarkable when it is recalled that the aid of machinery canused for harness instead of leather and in width from one to two miles. but a number of men who have experi-

MURPHY'S FRIENDS

The friends of Chief Boatswain J. E. heard rumors to the effect that Admiral Goodrich, after reviewing the testimony taken in the court-martial of Murphy for drunkenness has recommended that Murphy be dismissed from the service. If such proves to be the case they promise to bring the matter before Congress and the President, and it is stated that they have enlisted the assistance of some prominent Senators and Congressmen.

Boatswain Murphy was one of the five men who accompanied Hobson on his hazardous trip on the Merrimac, and for his services Congress presented him a medal and give him promotion in the service. Murphy again demonstrated at Panama, a few months ago, the caliber of a man he was by saving four men, who were in a steam isunch, from possible death.

The offense for which Murphy has een court-martialed was getting drunk during an entertainment at Esquimalt given by the officers and crew of the British cruiser Grafton, but the friends of Boatswain Murphy claim that the real reason was for his striking Warrant Officer Ingram. They further claim that the latter was intoxicated. and instead of fighting back he ran to the officer of the deck and begged for protection. Murphy's friends state that if he is dismissed some other heads will be in danger of falling.-Examiner.

TRANSPORTS NOT TO BE EMPLOYED

WASHINGTON, September 2.-The War Department has not found it United States to the Philippines. Gensubsistence, quartermasters' ordnance

either from New York or San Francisco by transports instead of by commercial lines. Of course, this would result in some delay in the delivery. of material, and there was objection on this account. It has been found that commercial lines which have steamers sailing from Atlantic and Pacific ports for Asiatic waters when no further fear of Russian interference and capture. Instructions have been given in the case of commercial steamers salling from New York that these vessels shall Tell their experience for the public sues. It is found that these precautions by the commercial lines will be sufficient protection to American war suppiles sent to the Philippines, and there will be no need of the adoption of the suggestion of the commissary-general.

Estrell Promoted.

A. G. D. Kerrell has been promoted from the position of passenger agent Pains in the small of my back were for the Pacific Mail Company to be one of the symptoms "I my complaint. general passenger agent for the Paci-My rouble extends back to the time no Mail and Occidental and Oriental when I was 23 years of age, and as I Steamship companies. The news of am now 49, that is a considerable pe- Kerrell's promotion will be received with pleasure both in the transportsject to pains in the back. They continued despite the fact that I consult from world and by the traveling public. Kerrell's attention to his numerous ous remedies. No relief thus gained duties has placed him high in the escan be compared to the beaefit ob- timation of the Pacific Mail managetained from using Doan's Backache ment and his uniform courtesy has Kidney Pills. I have got on wonder- won him the regard of the many with fully well since taking them. I am whom his position brings him in con-

Shipping Botes.

The Brodick Castle is resplendent in a new coat of white paint. The steamer Mikahala sailed for Ka-

ual ports last night at five o'clock When the Nocan left Kaual the steamer W. G. Hall was at Abukini discharging.

The ship Erskine M. Phelps and the bark Santiago are both being scraped and painted

The ship Tillie E. Starbuck sailed from Hilo Wednesday with sugar for San Francisco.

The steamer Noeau arrived vesterday morning with a cargo consisting of 655 bags rice, 17 empty boxes, 148 car wheels and 15 packages sundries. Fine weather was reported on Kanal.

preparation to continue the weaving of Sale of Lease the fibre, had to give the project up in Sale of Lease

Land of Kawaihae 2d--Kobala, Hawaii

By direction of the Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees of the Queen's Hospital, I will offer at public auction a leasehold of the Land of Kawalhae 2nd, Kohale, Hawaii, on Monday, September 19, 1904, at my salesrooms, in Kashumanu street, Honolulu, at 12 o'clock noon.

This property comprises one of the most desirable grazing tracts of the District and the source of the Reawenui stream, an unfailing water supply. is located on the upper or mauka por-tion of the property which is considered. the best fattening land in the neighborhood

woven carpet. The workmanship is The property extends from a point near Kawashae Landing to the mountain known as Kaumu o Keleihoohie, a not be called in. Some of the fibre is distance of about eight miles, varying

does excellent service. At the present At Kawathae there is on the property.

time there is no systematic manufacture of henequen into marketable goods, slrable House lot.

The area of this land is 10,600 Acres, more or less.

The purchaser will be required under the terms of the lease to fence the forest portion of the property in the vicinity of the water heads or source of the Keawenui stream, and otherwise provide for the exclusion of cattle from the forest portion by the erection of a fivewire fence so constructed to keep the

cattle out. Lessee must also keep down the lantana on the property. No live timber to be cut on the forest portion except for \fence posts to be used on the ground, and the cutting of algarobs on Murphy of the cruiser New York have the lower portion must be confined to thinning out and trimming.

Upset price for 10 year term, \$2500.00 per annum, payable quarterly in advance.

A map of the property is now posted at my salesroom.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, or A. B. Loebenstein, Surveyor, Hilo.

Jas. F. Morgan, AUCTIONEER. 2617-Aug. 19, 28, Sept. 2, 9, 16.

Corns

Bunions?

Seabury & Johnson's

Medicated Corn

sud Bunion

PLASTERS will cure them. Give them a

pourself

trial, and convince and relieve

PORT STREET.

Francisco, Aug. 23.

The Carlotte of the Carlotte

OFF THE HARBOR The Occidental and Oriental liner Gaelic arrived off port at nine o'clock last night and will come into the harbor early this morning. She brings 250 tons of freight for this port. As she is

the slowest boat on the line the local agents were not looking for her until of her retirement from the Trans-Pa-

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

Francisco the liner will make one more per cent. round trip to the Orient and on her arrival in Hongkong on January 11, 1905, will sail for England where she will be returned to her owners, the 10.70 inches at Pepcekeo, Hawaii, on White Star Line, from whom she is the 10th. leased by the Occidental and Oriental Company. The Gaelic is one of the time-honored ships of this ocean and her retirement will be a cause of re-

gret to many who enjoyed traveling in the home-like old ship. Dr. Hawxhurst, the surgeon of the Coptic, will join the Gaelic on her last run and accompany her to England. He was formerly on the America Maru and the hundreds of Ewa Mill 60 84.6 68.7 75.6 88 67 friends that he has made will deeply regret his retirement from the Pacific

service. The Gaelic will probably get away this afternoon and her sudden appearance will make people hustle to get their mail ready. DIDN'T WANT TO

SPOIL HIS PANTS Although the sailing of the Oceanic liner Sierra was scheduled for eleven o'clock Wednesday evening she did not get away for the Colonies until nearly 2 o'clock yesterday morning. She brought a consignment of heavy maing an immense steam plow. It wa the unloading of these heavy and un

the steamer as they had to be take out before the lighter stuff could b removed. One great wheel took th Per stmr. Claudine, Sept. 13, for Mani combined efforts of a big gang of me two and one-half tons. An amusin departed. Three young men appeare at the rail after the gangplank ha been lowered and only one steel cabi connected ship and shore. For som reason they had been visiting the shi and did not notice the final prepara tions for sailing. After much encoun agement from those on the pier two o the men slid down the cable. Th third stepped over the rail and on the cable. He glanced at the slende strand, black and covered with great

pants and all came sprawling down the cable just in time.

Sailed For Orient, The Occidental and Oriental liner Coptic sailed for the Orient at noon yesterday. Her passengers spent the greater part of the morning in seeing A. E. Smale, Am. schr., Wirschuleit, the sights of the city and hackmen drove a good business taking them about town and hurrying the belated ones to the steamer after the last whistle blew. Practically nothing was taken from this port. A number of Ori-

> The signal corps of the National Guard of Hawsii will "wig-wag" the results of the races on Regatta Day from the judges' float to the club- Kulaokahua (C houses.

ental steerage passengers went on the

steamer to Japan and China.

BILIOUS COLIC PREVENTED .-Take a double dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy Kalihi-uka . . as soon as the first indication of the Nausnu (Hall) disease appears and a threatened attack may be warded off. Hundreds of people who are subject to attacks or way with perfect specess. Fore sale by Tantalus Heigh all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Waimanalo ... Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii. Maunawiii . .

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Aug. 10 .-

12.57 obtained in Belfast, Ireland, however, for troops in the Philippines shipped

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